

# South Carolina Department of Public Safety's Office of Highway Safety and Justice Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant 2023 Stakeholder Survey Report

May 9, 2023

Prepared by the National Criminal Justice Association

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# **Executive Summary**

#### *About the Survey*

The South Carolina Department of Public Safety's Office of Highway Safety and Justice (SCDPS) is the state administering agency (SAA) for the federal Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program. In 2023, the SAA's office partnered with the National Criminal Justice Association (NCJA) to develop and distribute a stakeholder engagement survey to inform the JAG priorities. Through a collaborative effort, NCJA and SCDPS collaborated to create and distribute a 25-question survey to a broad spectrum of criminal justice system partners to help determine statewide criminal justice priorities. The survey sought input from stakeholders on:

- 1. Criminal justice challenges,
- 2. Priority purpose areas for funding,
- 3. Priority project types and initiatives within JAG purpose areas, and
- 4. Data needs.

The 25-question survey was distributed to partners and stakeholders via email beginning on March 23, 2023. The survey closed on April 12, 2023, with 148 responses across the state and criminal justice system, including law enforcement; prosecution; courts; victims services and assistance; social services, behavioral health; education and youth; juvenile justice; and more.

Survey analysis focused on finding consensus around the federal JAG purpose areas in greatest need of limited funds, determining which purpose areas were viewed as most critical to South Carolina's state and local criminal justice systems, and prioritizing initiatives within these purpose areas. The following report outlines the key findings from this survey and can be used to assist the SCDPS in creating and modifying a JAG strategic plan.

#### **Themes**

In conducting the stakeholder survey, SCDPS sought to identify the top priorities and areas of need in the state. As identified by the survey, the top purpose areas (in order of highest need) were:

- Law enforcement,
- Prevention and education,
- Prosecution and courts, and
- Mental health.

Challenges and needs related to behavioral health (substance use disorder and mental illness) were highlighted throughout the survey. Opioids, methamphetamine and other drugs were identified as the greatest challenge facing agencies (53%). Mental health and suicide prevention and intervention was also identified as a top challenge (43%). Furthermore, areas of need related



to behavioral health were identified for many purpose areas including law enforcement, prevention and education, corrections and community corrections, drug treatment and enforcement, crime victim and witness, mental health, and implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings.

Additionally, workforce challenges came up often, with respondents identifying hiring and recruitment as one of the biggest challenges facing their agency (50%) second only to opioids/methamphetamine and other drugs. Workforce was also identified as one of the areas of need for law enforcement, corrections and community corrections, drug treatment and enforcement, and mental health; written into several comments; and identified as a reason some agencies did not apply for JAG funding.

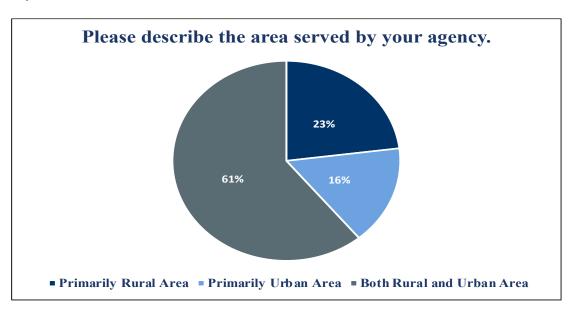
Participants also identified difficulty in accessing and sharing data and highlighted a lack of awareness regarding the JAG funding stream.

# Survey Responses

# Survey Demographics

Nearly one-fifth of respondents (18%) serve the entire state of South Carolina. The greatest concentration of respondents came from Charleston (10%), Greenville (6%), and Lexington (5%) counties. The remaining respondents were spread out among the state's other counties.

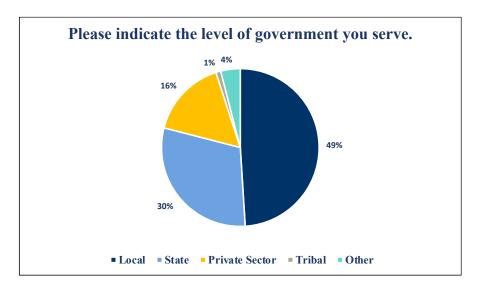
Most survey respondents serve both rural and urban areas (61%). The remaining respondents primarily serve either rural (23%) or urban (16%) areas.



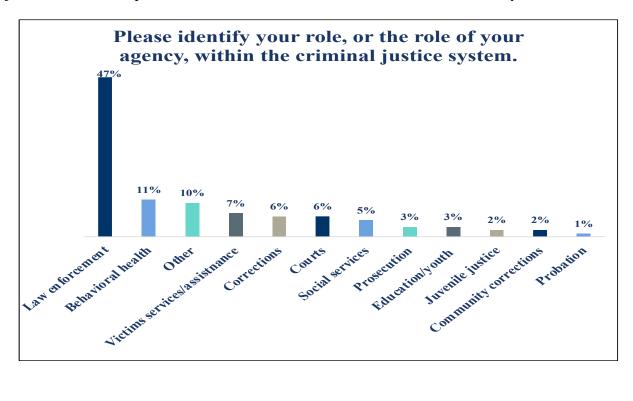
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The following counties were not represented in the survey: Calhoun, Colleton, Dillon, Georgetown, Marlboro, and Williamsburg.



Most survey respondents represent local government agencies (49%). The remaining respondents represent state government (30%), private sector/nonprofit providers (16%) and others including tribal and university representatives.

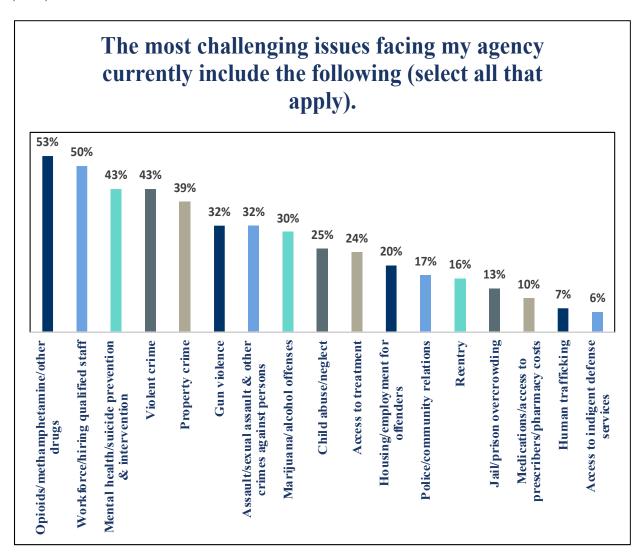


Law enforcement represented the greatest number of participants (47%), followed by behavioral health (11%), and other roles including education, social services, mentoring, coroner, reentry, housing and forensics (8%). The remaining respondents represented prosecution, courts, juvenile justice, corrections, probation, social services, victims' services and education/youth services.





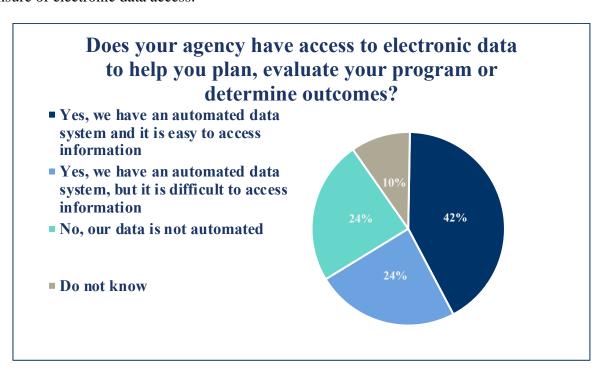
When asked about the most challenging issues facing their agency, the top five responses included opioids/methamphetamine/other drugs (53%), workforce/hiring qualified staff (50%), mental health/suicide prevention & intervention (43%), violent crime (43%) and property crime (39%).





#### Data Access

Participants were asked about data access and challenges within their agencies. The majority of respondents do not have easy access to automated data. While 42% of respondents reported having an automated data system that is easy to access, 24% described their automated data system as difficult to access, 24% do not have access to an automated system and 10% were unsure of electronic data access.



The survey also asked the open question, "If your agency does not have adequate technology resources or access to the data you need, what is your most pressing technology or information-sharing need?" Several themes emerged which include:

- Internal and external data sharing,
- Lack of data storage,
- IT and cyber security upgrades,
- Lack of automated systems, and
- A need for license plate readers.

# Prioritized Purpose Areas and Initiatives

The federal purpose areas are designated by the Bureau of Justice Assistance and describe the types of purpose areas for which JAG funds can be utilized. These purpose areas are as follows:

- 1) Law Enforcement,
- 2) Prosecution and Courts,



- 3) Prevention and Education,
- 4) Corrections and Community Corrections,
- 5) Drug Treatment and Enforcement,
- 6) Planning, Evaluation and Technology Improvement,
- 7) Crime Victim and Witness,
- 8) Mental Health Programs and Services, and
- 9) Implementation of State Crisis Intervention Programs.

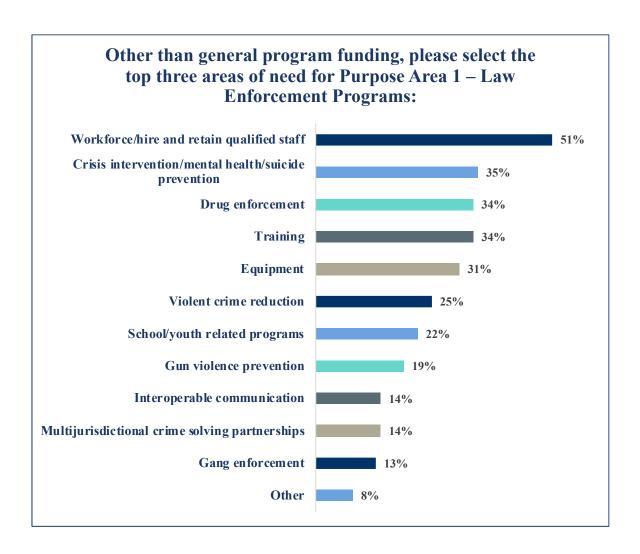
Respondents were asked to prioritize the nine federal JAG purpose areas and prioritize initiatives within selected purpose areas. Law enforcement, prevention and education, and prosecution and courts were ranked as the three most important purpose areas across all respondents. The full rankings were as follows:





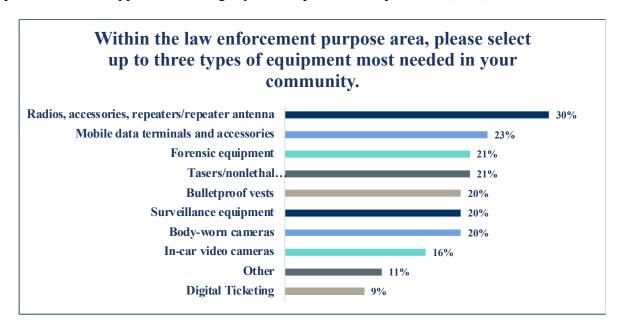
## Purpose Area 1 – Law Enforcement

When asked to select the top three areas of need for law enforcement programs, workforce/hiring and retaining qualified staff (51%), crisis intervention/mental health/suicide prevention (35%), drug enforcement (34%) and training (34%) were the top responses. Other responses included domestic violence programming, forensic-related technology, bomb detection, collision analytics and traffic enforcement, community relations, contraband prevention and larger capital projects.



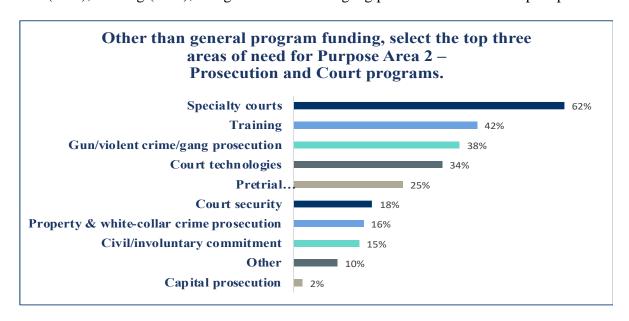


The survey asked respondents to identify law enforcement equipment needs. Radios, accessories, repeaters/repeater antenna (30%), mobile data terminals and accessories (23%), and forensic equipment were the top responses. Multiple respondents also wrote in new vehicles. This question was not applicable for slightly over a quarter of respondents (28%).



#### Purpose Area 2 – Prosecution and Court

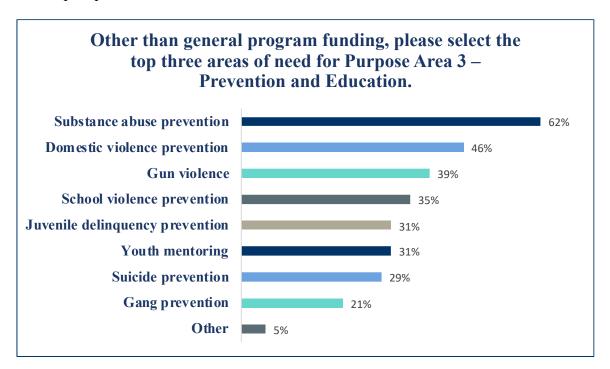
When asked to select the top three areas of need for prosecution and court programs, specialty courts (62%), training (42%), and gun/violent crime/gang prosecution were the top responses.





## Purpose Area 3 – Prevention and Education

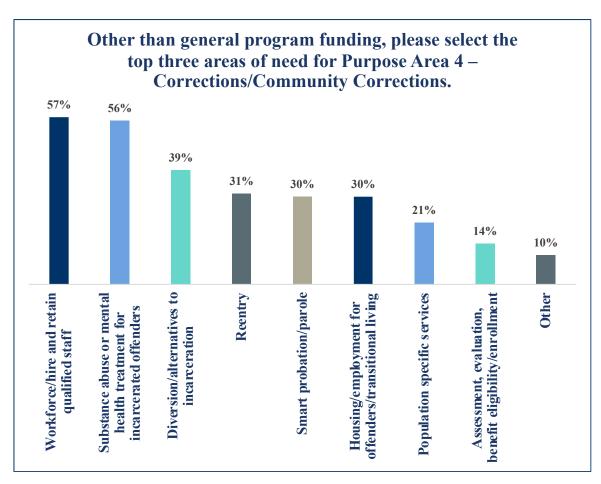
When asked to select the top three areas of need for prevention and education programs, substance abuse prevention (62%), domestic violence prevention (46%) and gun violence (39%) were the top responses.





#### Purpose Area 4 – Corrections and Community Corrections

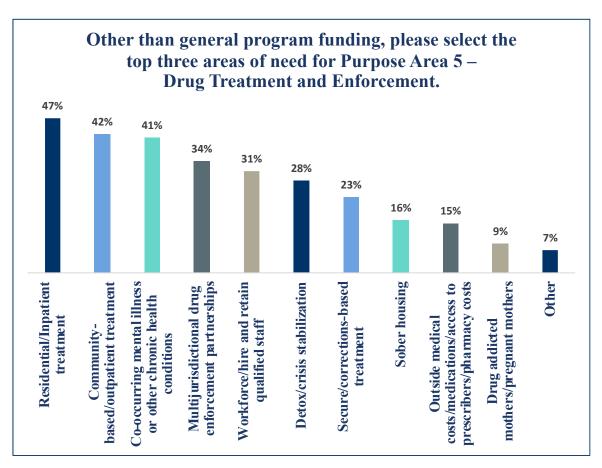
When asked to select the top three areas of need for corrections and community corrections, workforce/hiring and retaining qualified staff (57%), substance abuse or mental health treatment for incarcerated individuals (56%), and diversion/alternatives to incarceration (39%) were the top responses.





# Purpose Area 5 – Drug Treatment and Enforcement

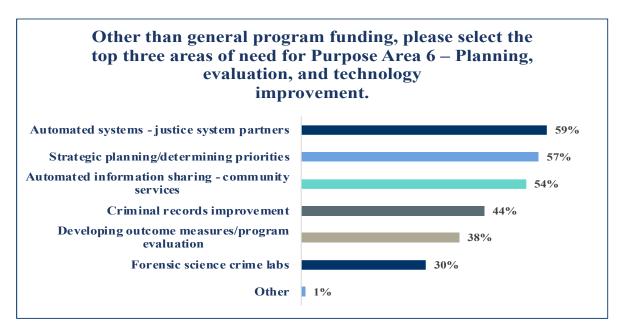
When asked to select the top three areas of need for drug treatment and enforcement, residential/inpatient treatment (47%), community-based/outpatient treatment (42%), and co-occurring mental illness or other chronic health conditions (41%) were the top responses. Several respondents also wrote in transportation.





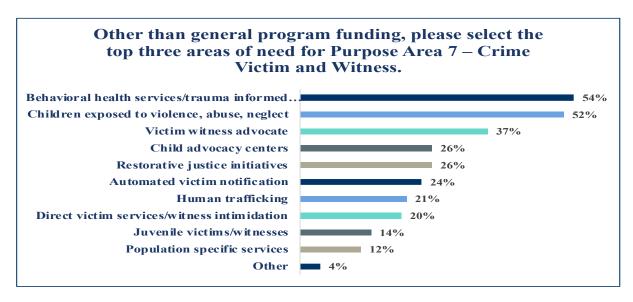
# Purpose Area 6 – Planning, Evaluation and Technology Improvement

When asked to select the top three areas of need for planning, evaluation and technology improvement, automated information sharing - justice system partners (59%), strategic planning/determining priorities (57%), and automated information sharing - community services (54%) were top responses.



## Purpose Area 7 – Crime Victim and Witness

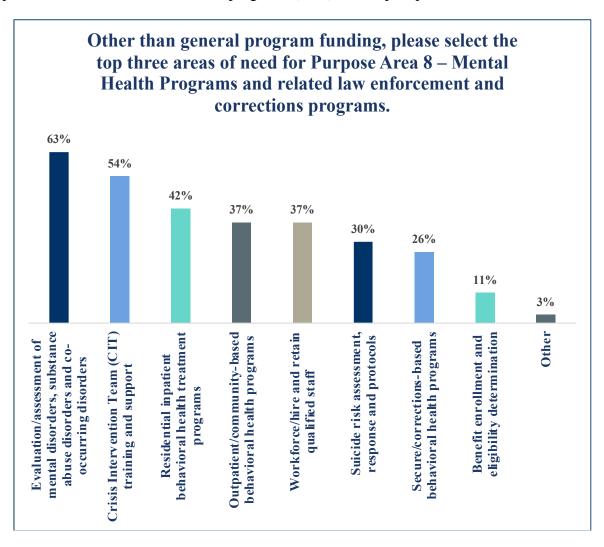
When asked to select the top three areas of need for the crime victim and witness program area, behavioral health services/trauma-informed care (54%), children exposed to violence, abuse, neglect (52%), and victim witness advocates (37%) were top responses.





## Purpose Area 8 – Mental Health

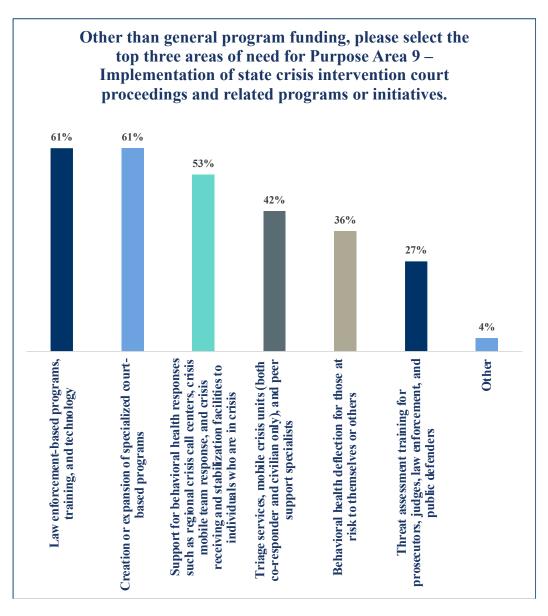
When asked to select the top three areas of need for mental health programs, evaluation/assessment (63%), crisis intervention team training and support (54%) and residential inpatient behavioral health treatment programs (42%) were top responses.





# Purpose Area 9 – Implementation of State Crisis Intervention Court Proceedings

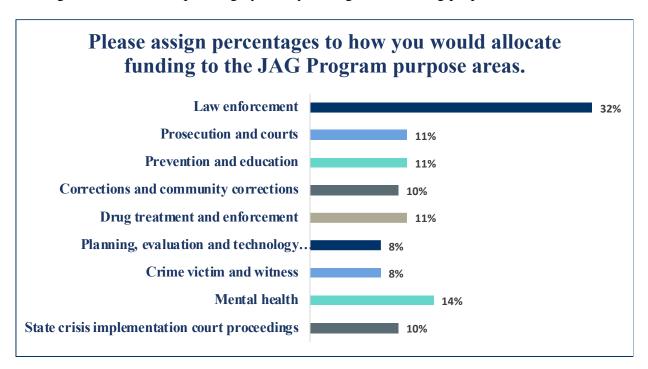
When asked to select the top three areas of need for implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings and related programs or initiatives, law enforcement-based programs, training, and technology (61%); the creation or expansion of specialized court-based programs such as drug, mental health, and veterans treatment courts to assist clients who are most likely to commit or become victims of gun crimes (61%); and support for behavioral health responses such as regional crisis call centers, crisis mobile team response, and crisis receiving and stabilization facilities to individuals who are in crisis (53%) were the top responses.





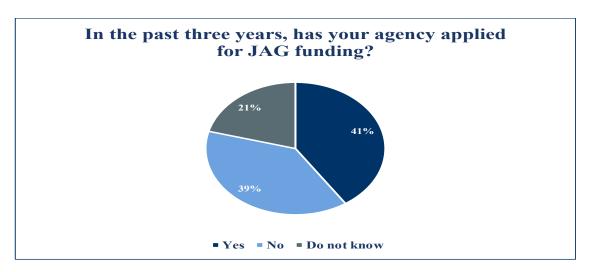
#### **Allocations**

When asked to assign percentages on how to allocate funding to each purpose area, respondents indicated allocating the most money to law enforcement (32%) followed by mental health (14%). Funding allocations were split roughly evenly among the remaining purpose areas.



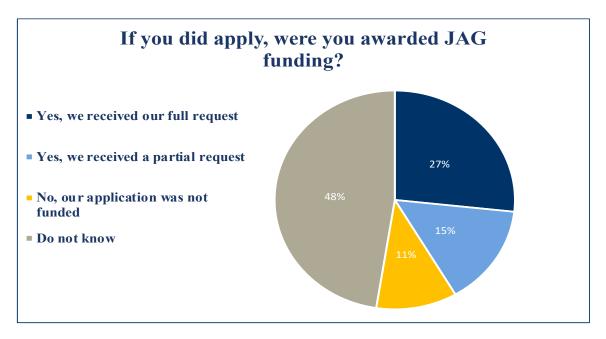
#### JAG Funding History

Forty percent of respondents indicated previously applying for JAG funding while 39% had not previously applied and 21% did not know of previous application status.

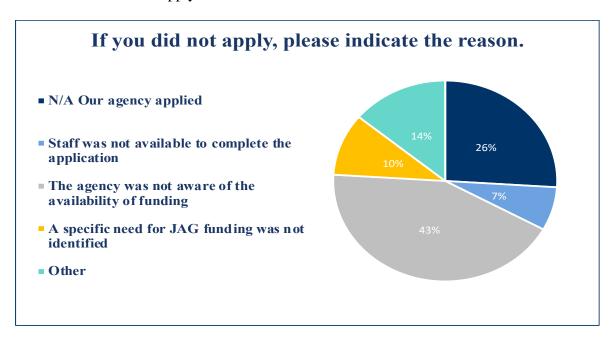




Of the respondents who previously applied for JAG, 27% received their full request, 15% received a partial request, 11% were not funded and 48% of respondents were unsure.



Of those who did not apply for funding, the biggest reason indicated for not applying was a lack of awareness about the availability of funding (43%). Other reasons included a lengthy grant process or lack of staff to apply.





#### Additional Comments and Themes

Respondents were given the option to provide additional feedback. Themes included:

- The importance of JAG grants to implement evidence-based funding and support the purchase of equipment,
- A lack of awareness related to JAG funding, and
- The importance of addressing substance misuse and gun violence in the state of South Carolina.

#### Survey Barriers

The survey was sent to stakeholders representing all sectors of the criminal justice system. However, several stakeholder roles were not represented in survey responses including defense and parole. Other roles such as prosecution, juvenile justice, probation, community corrections and education and youth accounted for less than 3% of the responses. Additionally, the large representation of law enforcement (47%) could have skewed the data. Finally, the survey was completed by 148 respondents which represents a small sample of the state's criminal justice community, which may make it difficult to fully draw conclusions.

#### Conclusion

NCJA thanks the criminal justice stakeholders in South Carolina for their participation in this survey. These data can be used to provide input to SCDPS in their strategic planning process for future use of JAG funding. As outlined in the report, stakeholders identified the following purpose areas to prioritize:

- Law enforcement,
- Prevention and education.
- Prosecution and courts, and
- Mental health.

The survey additionally highlighted challenges related to behavioral health, workforce recruitment and retention, data access and sharing and JAG familiarity.

While this survey serves as the bedrock for SCDPS's stakeholder outreach strategy, survey findings are not meant to be a strategic plan. Strategic planning takes into account the knowledge held within the field, the decision making of appointed justice system leaders and a thorough review of available data to triangulate a strategy that addresses identified needs, gaps or emerging trends. While JAG funds represent less than one percent of criminal justice spending nationally, these dollars represent an opportunity to fund initiatives that can positively impact the work of multiple system partners, enhance public safety, and if used effectively, will ultimately reduce justice system costs and save taxpayer money. NCJA looks forward to partnering with SCDPS to develop a strategic plan that addresses each of these areas and allows SCDPS to develop solutions to issues impacting their criminal justice system.



# South Carolina Department of Public Safety Stakeholder Survey

The South Carolina Department of Public Safety's Office of Highway Safety and Justice Programs is the state administering agency (SAA) for the federal Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program in the state of South Carolina. Each year, we award approximately \$3.5 million in federal program funds to state and local agencies to address many different areas of the criminal justice system. Our agency is in the process of developing a five-year state strategy, which will guide the spending under this grant program. Our plan will be reviewed and updated each year, and your input is critical to developing a comprehensive plan.

To aid in developing the state strategy, we are requesting input from criminal justice professionals and other interested parties across the state. Stakeholders engaged in this strategy development include: local governments, judges, prosecutors, law enforcement personnel, corrections personnel, indigent defense services, behavioral health (mental health and substance abuse), victim services, juvenile justice delinquency prevention programs, community corrections, and reentry services. Please feel free to share this survey with your colleagues within these justice system sectors.

We are asking for your help today to establish priorities for spending and identify unmet system needs. This survey will ask you to consider the criminal justice system needs within the nine federal JAG program purpose areas, as noted below:

- · Law enforcement;
- · Prosecution and court programs;
- Prevention and education;
- · Corrections and community corrections;
- · Drug treatment and enforcement;
- Planning, evaluation, and technology improvement;
- Crime victim and witness programs (other than compensation);
- Mental health programs and related law enforcement and corrections programs, including behavioral programs and crisis intervention teams; and
- Implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings and related programs or initiatives, including but not limited to - mental health courts, drug courts, veterans courts, and extreme risk protection order programs.

Thank you for your participation in this survey. Your input and comments are important and appreciated. Answers to the survey are confidential and anonymous. No personal information will be requested, and no efforts will be made to identify any respondent.

For assistance, please contact Amy Free at AmyFree@scdps.gov or Mel Vail at melissavail@scdps.gov.

Please complete the survey by COB on April 10, 2023. Your input is greatly appreciated.

| 1. Using the drop box below, please select the name of the county where your agency provides most of its services. If your agency serves the entire state, please select "statewide" (found at the top of the list). Counties are listed alphabetically. |
|--|
| *  |
| 2. Please describe the area served by your agency:   |
| Primarily rural area   |
| Primarily urban area   |
| O Both rural and urban areas   |

| Local  | ( ) Tribal  |
|--|---|
|  |   |
| State  | Private sector/nonprofit service provider   |
| Federal  |   |
| Other (please specify)   |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
| Please identify your role, or the role of you  | ur agency, within the criminal justice system:  |
| Law enforcement  | Probation   |
| Prosecution  | <b>Community Corrections</b>  |
| Defense  | Behavioral health (mental health or substance   |
| Courts   | abuse)  |
| Juvenile justice   | <ul> <li>Social services (housing, employment, childcare,<br/>insurance benefits, etc.)</li> </ul>  |
| Corrections  | Victims services/assistance   |
| Parole   | Education/youth programs  |
| Other (please specify)   |   |
| Const (please speed)   |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  | ency currently include the following (select all  |
|  | ency currently include the following (select all  Human trafficking   |
| at apply):   | _   |
| at apply):  Violent crime  | Human trafficking   |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against   | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect   |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons   | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry   |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons  Jail/prison overcrowding   | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry Housing/employment for offenders  |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons   | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry Housing/employment for offenders Workforce/hiring qualified staff   |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons  Jail/prison overcrowding   | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry Housing/employment for offenders Workforce/hiring qualified staff Medications/access to prescribers/pharmacy cost   |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons  Jail/prison overcrowding  Opioids/methamphetamine/other drugs  | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry Housing/employment for offenders Workforce/hiring qualified staff Medications/access to prescribers/pharmacy cost Mental health/suicide prevention & intervention |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons  Jail/prison overcrowding  Opioids/methamphetamine/other drugs  Marijuana/alcohol offenses  | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry Housing/employment for offenders Workforce/hiring qualified staff Medications/access to prescribers/pharmacy cos Mental health/suicide prevention & intervention  |
| at apply):  Violent crime  Gun violence  Property crime  Assault/sexual assault & other crimes against persons  Jail/prison overcrowding  Opioids/methamphetamine/other drugs  Marijuana/alcohol offenses  Police/community relations  Access to indigent defense services  curate data is essential to data-driven deci | Human trafficking Child abuse/neglect Reentry Housing/employment for offenders Workforce/hiring qualified staff Medications/access to prescribers/pharmacy cost Mental health/suicide prevention & intervention |

| 7. Does your agency have access to electronic or determine outcomes?  | data to help you plan, evaluate your program   |
|---|--|
| Yes, we have an automated data system and it is ea  | asy to access information  |
| Yes, we have an automated data system, but it is d  | ifficult to access information   |
| No, our data is not automated   |  |
| O Do not know   |  |
| 8. Please select all the justice system partners agency:  We do not exchange information electronically with our justice system partners  Dispatch  Law enforcement  Detention  Prosecution  Other (please specify) | s that exchange data electronically with your  Defense Courts Corrections Community services (behavioral health, housing, employment, benefit eligibility) |
| 9. Other than general program funding, please Area 1 - Law Enforcement Programs:  | e select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for Purpose  |
| Drug enforcement  | Crisis intervention/mental health/suicide  |
| Gang enforcement  | prevention   |
| Gun violence prevention   | Equipment  |
| Interoperable communication (Enhanced Information Sharing)  | Training  Workforce/hire and retain qualified staff  |
| Violent crime reduction   | Multijurisdictional Crime Solving Partnerships   |
| School/youth related programs   |  |
| Other (please specify)  |  |
|   |  |

| Tasers/nonlethal weapons                           |
|--|
| Digital ticketing                                  |
| Surveillance equipment                             |
| In-car video cameras                               |
| Body-worn cameras                                  |
| Body-worn cameras                                  |
|  |
|  |
| the <b>top three</b> areas of need for Purpose Are |
| tile top timee areas or need for rurpose Are       |
| Property & white-collar crime prosecution          |
| Court technologies - (records/case management      |
| systems, court security, video                     |
| arraignment/conferencing)                          |
| Training - court/prosecution/defense               |
| Pretrial risk assessment/monitoring                |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| e select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for    |
| Substance abuse prevention (including              |
| prescription drugs)                                |
| Suicide prevention                                 |
| Domestic violence prevention                       |
| Youth mentoring                                    |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |

| 13. Other than general program funding, pleas<br>Purpose Area 4 - Corrections/Community Corr | <del>-</del>  |
|--|---|
| Diversion/alternatives to incarceration  | Population specific services (i.e. geriatrics, female   |
| Reentry  | offenders, incarcerated parents, youth offenders, veterans, LGBTQ, military/first responders, etc.) |
| Assessment, evaluation, benefit eligibility/enrollment                                       | Smart probation/parole (i.e. swift & certain sanctions, use of risk assessment tools, etc.)         |
| Substance abuse or mental health treatment for incarcerated offenders                        | Housing/employment for offenders/transitional living  |
|  | Workforce/hire and retain qualified staff   |
| Other (please specify)   | _   |
| _  |   |
| L  |   |
| 14. Other than general program funding, pleas  | se select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for  |
| Purpose Area 5 - Drug Treatment and Enforce  | _   |
| Community-based/outpatient treatment   | Drug addicted mothers/pregnant mothers  |
| Residential/Inpatient treatment  | Sober housing for offenders   |
| Detox/crisis stabilization   | Workforce/hire and retain qualified staff   |
| Secure/corrections-based treatment   | Outside medical costs/medications/access to   |
| Multijurisdictional drug enforcement partnerships  | prescribers/pharmacy costs  |
|  | Co-occurring mental illness or other chronic health conditions                                      |
| Other (please specify)   |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
| 15. Other than general program funding, pleas  | se select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for  |
| Purpose Area 6 - Planning, evaluation, and tec   | _   |
| Criminal records improvement   |   |
| Forensic science crime labs  |   |
| Automated information sharing - justice system par   | tners   |
| Automated information sharing - community service  | es (i.e. Medicaid, mental health, employment, housing)  |
| Developing outcome measures/program evaluation   | and research  |
| Strategic planning/determining priorities  |   |
| Other (please specify)   |   |
|  |   |
| L  |   |

| 16. Other than general program funding, please select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for  |
|---|
| Purpose Area 7 - Crime Victim and Witness:  |
| Children exposed to violence, abuse, neglect Victim witness advocate  |
| Child advocacy centers  Automated victim notification   |
| Direct victim services/witness intimidation Human trafficking   |
| Juvenile victims/witnesses Restorative justice initiatives  |
| Population specific services (i.e. LGBTQ, elderly, military/first responders)   |
| Other (please specify)  |
|   |
|   |
| 17. Other than general program funding, please select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for Purpose Area 8 - Mental Health Programs and related law enforcement and corrections programs, including behavioral programs and crisis intervention teams:   |
| Suicide risk assessment, response and protocols  Outpatient/community-based behavioral health programs  |
| Evaluation/assessment of mental disorders, substance abuse disorders and co-occurring disorders  Evaluation/assessment of mental disorders, Secure/corrections-based behavioral health programs   |
| Crisis Intervention Team (CIT) training and support  Benefit enrollment and eligibility determination   |
| Residential inpatient behavioral health treatment programs  |
| Other (please specify)  |
|   |
|   |
| 18. Other than general program funding, please select the <b>top three</b> areas of need for Purpose Area 9 - Implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings and related programs or initiatives, including but not limited to - mental health courts, drug courts, veterans courts, and extreme risk protection order programs: |
| The creation or expansion of specialized court-based programs such as drug, mental health, and veterans treatment courts to assist clients who are most likely to commit or become victims of gun crimes.   |
| Threat assessment training for prosecutors, judges, law enforcement, and public defenders   |
| Triage services, mobile crisis units (both co-responder and civilian only), and peer support specialists  |
| Behavioral health deflection for those at risk to themselves or others  |
| Support behavioral health responses such as regional crisis call centers, crisis mobile team response, and crisis receiving and stabilization facilities to individuals who are in crisis   |
| Law enforcement-based programs, training, and technology  |
| Other (please specify)  |
|   |

| 19. Please let us leconsider.   | know of any        | other a    | areas of   | need tha   | at you w   | ould enc   | ourage (   | our age | ency to            |
|---|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|--------------------|
| 20. Please rank th  | ne nine JAG        | Purpos     | e Areas    | in order   | of impo    | rtance f   | or your (  | commu   | nity or the        |
|   | 1 (most important) | 2          | 3          | 4          | 5          | 6          | 7          | 8       | 9 (least important |
| Law enforcement   |                    |            | $\bigcirc$ |            |            |            |            |         |                    |
| Prosecution and courts  |                    | $\bigcirc$ |            | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |            | $\bigcirc$ |         | $\bigcirc$         |
| Prevention and education  | $\bigcirc$         |            |            |            |            |            |            |         |                    |
| Corrections and community corrections   |                    |            |            | $\bigcirc$ |            |            | $\bigcirc$ |         |                    |
| Drug treatment and enforcement  |                    | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |         |                    |
| Planning, evaluation and technology improvement   |                    | $\bigcirc$ |            |            |            |            |            |         | $\bigcirc$         |
| Crime victim and witness (other than compensation)  | $\bigcirc$         |            | $\circ$    | $\bigcirc$ | $\circ$    | $\circ$    | $\bigcirc$ |         |                    |
| Mental health programs and related law enforcement and corrections programs, including behavioral programs and crisis intervention teams  |                    | $\bigcirc$ | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | $\circ$ |                    |
| Implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings and related programs or initiatives, including but not limited to – mental health courts, drug courts, veterans courts, and extreme risk protection order programs. |                    |            | 0          |            |            |            |            |         |                    |

| 21. Please assign p   | ercentages to how you    | would allocate funding to the JAG Program purpose       |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| areas. These alloc  | ations must equal 10     | <b>0%.</b> Enter only a numeric value between 0 and 100 |
| in the fields below.  | Omit the percentage sig  | gns.  |
| Law enforcement   |                          |   |
| Prosecution and courts  |                          |   |
| Prevention and education  |                          |   |
| Corrections and community corrections   |                          |   |
| Drug treatment and enforcement  |                          |   |
| Planning, evaluation<br>and technology<br>improvement   |                          |   |
| Crime victim and witness (other than compensation)  |                          |   |
| Mental health programs and related law enforcement and corrections programs, including behavioral programs and crisis intervention teams  |                          |   |
| Implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings and related programs or initiatives, including but not limited to – mental health courts, drug courts, veterans courts, and extreme risk protection order programs. |                          |   |
| _   | hree years, has your age | ency applied for JAG funding?                           |
| Yes No  |                          |   |
| O Do not know   |                          |   |
| 23. If you did ap   | ply, were you awarded J  | AG funding?   |
|   | red our full request     | No, our application was not funded                      |
| _   | red a partial request    | O Do not know   |

| N/A Our agency applied.                             | The agency was not aware of the availability of<br>funding |
|---|--|
| Staff was not available to complete the application | A specific need for JAG funding was not identif            |
| Other (please specify)                              |  |
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| Please provide any additional comments i            | in the space below.  |
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