High Crimes and Misdemeanors:

A Five Year Overview of Indicators of Illegal Drug Activity in South Carolina

2014 Edition

South Carolina Department of Public Safety

Office of Highway Safety and Justice Programs

High Crimes and Misdemeanors:

A Five Year Overview of Indicators of Illegal Drug Activity in South Carolina

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INTRODUCTION

High Crimes and Misdemeanors: A Five Year Overview of Indicators of Illegal Drug Activity in South Carolina is an ongoing series of reports, designed to provide basic information about illicit drug activity over a five year period. The bulk of the information presented in the tables, graphs and charts in this publication is based on incident reports submitted to the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division (SLED) by state and local law enforcement agencies. These reports are reviewed and edited as needed and then compiled to form the basis of the information presented in this report. It is important to note that the information in this report is only as complete and accurate as the information provided to local law enforcement and subsequently submitted to SLED. The nature of illegal drug activity is such that it is difficult, if not impossible, to measure its occurrence with any level of precision. Consumers, suppliers, producers and others involved in illegal drug activity take great pains to conceal their actions, and unlike crimes which involve an individual victim, none of those involved in the crime have any reason to report it. In order to provide a broader and more comprehensive perspective, data from the South Carolina Department of Corrections and the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services are also included, as are findings from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health. This report seeks to provide information concerning the scope and nature of illegal drug activity at the state level; however it also seeks to provide detailed information concerning short term trends and offender profiles at the county level.

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to the sheriffs, chiefs of police, state and local law enforcement officers, correctional staff, probation and parole agents, and associated administrative staff that provided the data upon which this report is based. The difficult work involved in gathering, reviewing and submitting data concerning illegal drug activity, in addition to the primary responsibilities of responding to crime, operating correctional facilities and supervising offenders in the community makes publication of this report possible. It is also important to note that publications such as this would not be possible without the ongoing and active assistance of SLED's Crime Information Center. The report itself is a product of the South Carolina Department of Public Safety, Office of Highway Safety and Justice Programs Statistical Analysis Center; funded in part by the United States Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics.

Rob McManus Statistical Analysis Center Director

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MEASURING ILLEGAL DRUG ACTIVITY

These notes are intended to provide a brief overview of how the information concerning illegal drug activity in this report was collected and compiled. They are not intended to be a comprehensive description of the data collection and reporting methods used. Rather they give the reader a working knowledge of the uses and limitations of the data and provide an understanding of how this information can be used to describe the nature, extent and associated trends of illegal drug use in South Carolina.

Data from the South Carolina Incident Based Reporting System (SCIBRS) provides the major portion of information used in this report. SCIBRS data starts with the Statewide Uniform Incident Report. An incident report is filled out whenever a criminal event is reported to law enforcement. The responding officer fills out the incident report which contains detailed information about the incident, the victim and the offender as well as any associated arrests. This information is then entered into SCIBRS, which is maintained by the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division (SLED). Analysis of SCIBRS data will often vary from published crime rates, arrest rates and counts of each for a variety of reasons. Chief among these is that SCIBRS data allows for the flexibility to use whatever unit of count (victim, offense, offender, arrestee, etc.) is most appropriate. The unit of count used throughout this report is that of arrest; however there are nuances associated with some factors that can result in different totals. These situations are noted throughout the report. Additionally, edits, updates and corrections are made over a two-year period in order to provide agencies with the maximum window of opportunity to report as fully and accurately as possible. As a result, totals from a specific year may vary from previously published totals for that same year. It is also important to be aware that SCIBRS does not restrict analysis to use of the most serious offense, as is sometimes the case with reported arrest rates. SCIBRS data from 2008 through 2012 provided the source of drug arrest information for this report.

Drug arrests were defined as any arrest in which either a drug/narcotic offense or drug equipment offense was reported. This differs from the definition used in *Crime in South Carolina* (SLED), which only counts as drug arrests those arrests in which a drug offense was the most serious offense reported. Drug arrests were included in this report regardless of other, more serious offenses being reported. Arrest rates were calculated using the equation below:

Arrest Rate = <u>Number of Arrests</u> x 10,000 Population (or sub-population)

Information from the South Carolina Department of Corrections (SCDC) and the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services (SCDPPPS) is also included in this report. An equation similar to the one above was used to calculate prisoner and probation admission rates. These agencies collect information concerning their areas of responsibility in the justice system, of which offenders and cases related to illegal drug use are a part. Data presented in this report for these agencies are from the state fiscal year 2008 – 09 through state fiscal year 2012 – 13. South Carolina's fiscal

year starts on July 1 and ends on the following June 30. State fiscal years are abbreviated by the letters FY followed by the two digit number of the year in which the fiscal year ended; e.g., the fiscal year 2008 – 09 is abbreviated as FY 09. Information from the 2012 National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) is also included in this report. For all tables, notes are included to cite the data source and provide any additional explanation required concerning the nature of the data.

The County Rankings and County Five Year Trends & Profiles sections provide information regarding indicators of illegal drug activity for each county in the state. While the intent is to provide the most detailed level of information as possible, it is important to consider the information in the proper context. The reader should be aware that small numbers can sometimes magnify annual trends or aspects of victim profiles beyond their actual importance. For example, if the number of drug arrests changes from two arrests one year to four arrests the next year that change represents a 100% increase. However, that large percentage increase is based on a very small number of arrests and in reality may not represent a drastic change. Arrest rates in counties with small populations, or any situations where the number of arrests are small, are subject to large percentage or rate changes that may actually be the result of small changes in the total number of arrests. While this report seeks to include as much information as possible, it is important that the reader be mindful of such pitfalls. In the end, statistical information is no substitute for critical review and considered judgment.

The sum of categories for some tables, charts or graphs may not total 100% due to rounding. State and county population estimates used to calculate arrest rates were provided by the South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office (RFA).

LAW ENFORCEMENT

South Carolina's drug arrest rate decreased 7.9% from 2008 to 2012.

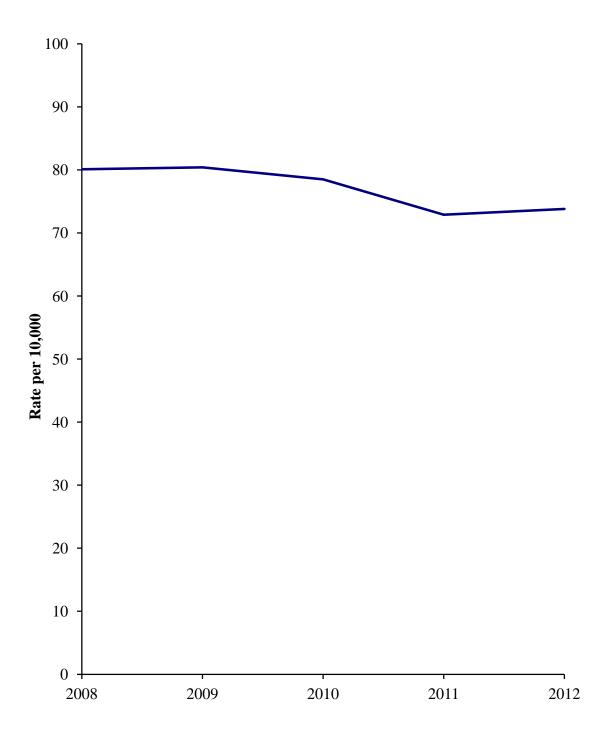
DRUG ARRESTS

Year	Number of Drug Arrests	Arrest Rate	Change
2008	35,878	80.1	
2009	36,674	80.4	+0.4%
2010	36,306	78.5	-2.4%
2011	34,095	72.9	-7.1%
2012	34,874	73.8	+1.2%

Notes: Includes any arrest in which a drug law violation or drug equipment charge was included. The change column represents the year to year change in the arrest rate. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Drug Arrests



Drug law violations involving drugs only, accounted for 83.4% of drug arrests. Violations involving drug equipment only, accounted for 8.2% of drug arrests. Violations involving both drugs and drug equipment accounted for 8.4% of drug arrests.

DRUG OFFENSES: Drug offenses include arrests for drug law violations and drug equipment law violations.

DRUG ARRESTS BY OFFENSE 2008 – 2012

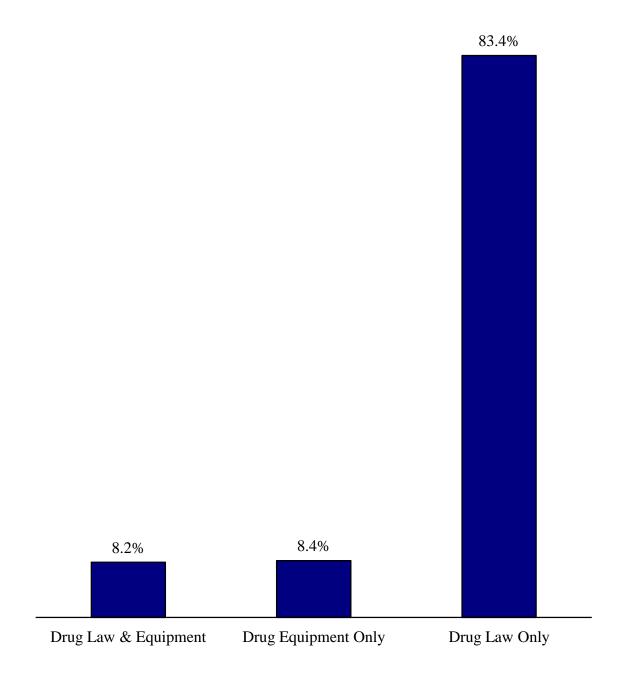
Offense	Number	Percent
Drug Equipment Only	14,571	8.2%
Drug Law & Equipment	15,001	8.4%
Drug Law Only	148,255	83.4%
Total	177,827	100.0%

Notes: SCIBRS records up to 3 offenses per arrest. As a result, an arrest can include

both an arrest for a drug law offense and a drug equipment offense.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Drug Arrests by Offense Type 2008 - 2012



Possession was the most frequently reported type of drug activity, accounting for 71.5% of drug arrests. Distributing or selling ranked second, accounting for 13.3% of drug arrests.

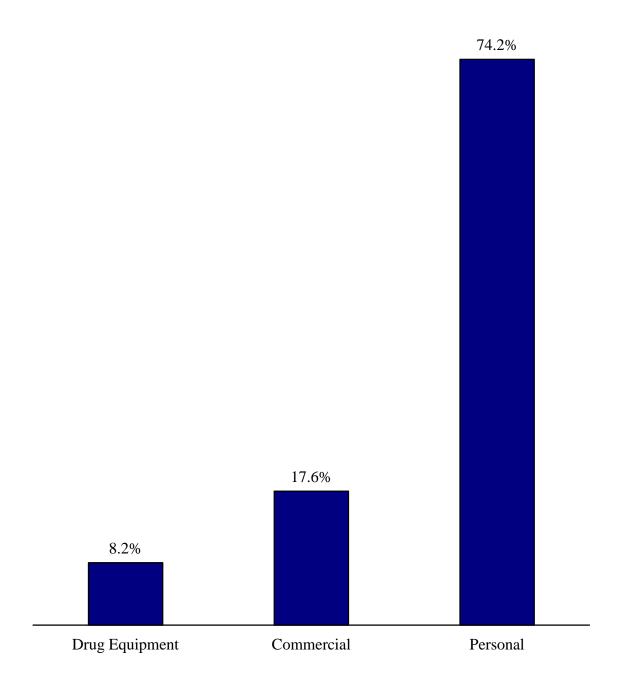
DRUG ARRESTS BY TYPE OF DRUG ACTIVITY 2008 - 2012

Activity	Number	Percent
Commercial Use	31,238	17.6%
Buying or Receiving	983	0.6%
Cultivating, Manufacturing		
or Publishing	3,908	2.2%
Distributing or Selling	23,608	13.3%
Exploiting Children	60	< 0.1%
Operating or Assisting	170	0.1%
Transporting, Transmitting		
or Importing	2,509	1.4%
Drug Equipment	14,571	8.2%
Personal Use	132,018	74.2%
Possession	127,227	71.5%
Using or Consuming	4,791	2.7%
Total	177,827	100.0%

Notes: Categories in bold type are major groups; categories in non-bold type are subgroups. The categories of personal and commercial use were constructed for this report and are not a standard SCIBRS drug activity category. The subgroup Distributing or Selling includes possession with intent to distribute. The subgroup Possession includes simple possession.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Drug Arrests by Type Activity 2008 - 2012



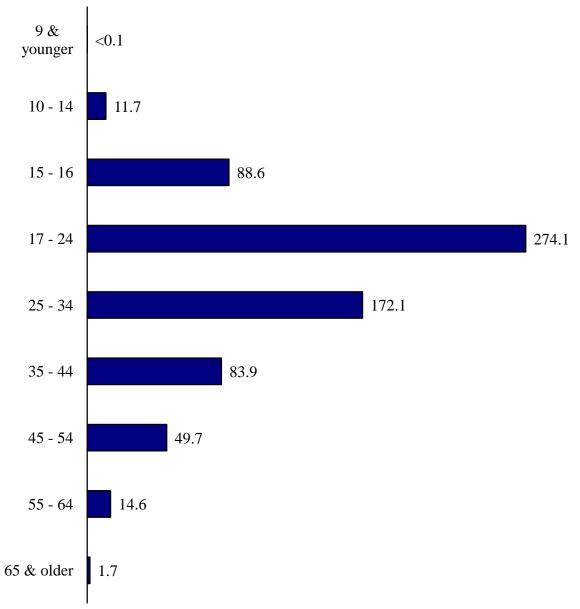
The highest drug arrest rate was among the 17 to 24 year old age group, which also accounted for 40.8% of drug arrests. Juveniles accounted for 4.0% of drug arrests.

DRUG ARRESTS BY AGE 2008 - 2012

Age Group	Number of Arrestees	Percent	Arrest Rate
Juvenile	7,062	4.0%	13.9
9 & younger	4	< 0.1%	< 0.1
10 - 14	1,731	1.0%	11.7
15 - 16	5,327	3.0%	88.6
Adult	169,994	95.6%	94.5
17 - 24	72,512	40.8%	274.1
25 - 34	51,321	28.9%	172.1
35 - 44	25,161	14.1%	83.9
45 - 54	16,198	9.1%	49.7
55 - 64	4,246	2.4%	14.6
65 & older	556	0.3%	1.7
Missing/Age Rang	ge 771	0.4%	NA
Total	177,827	100.0%	77.1

Notes: Juveniles are defined in this report as being 16 years of age or younger at the time of the offense. By state statute, juveniles are defined as being 16 or younger with specified exceptions (SC Code of Laws – Section 63-19-20). Ages that were entered as a range, e.g.; 16-18, were treated as missing data. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Drug Arrests by Age 2008 - 2012



Arrests per 10,000

Males accounted for 81.6% of those arrested for drug offenses.

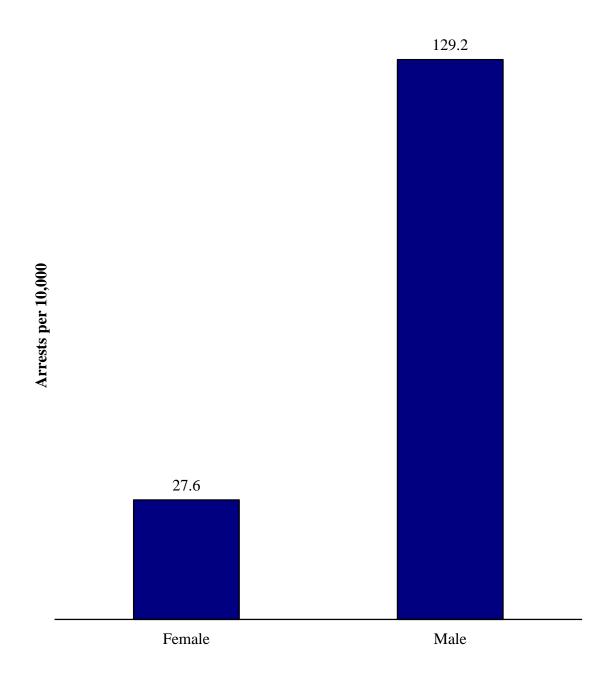
DRUG ARRESTS BY SEX 2008 - 2012

Sex	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Female	32,739	18.4%	27.6
Male	145,088	81.6%	129.2
Total	177,827	100.0%	77.1

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Drug Arrests by Sex 2008 - 2012



Blacks accounted for 52.8% of drug arrests; Whites accounted for 46.5%.

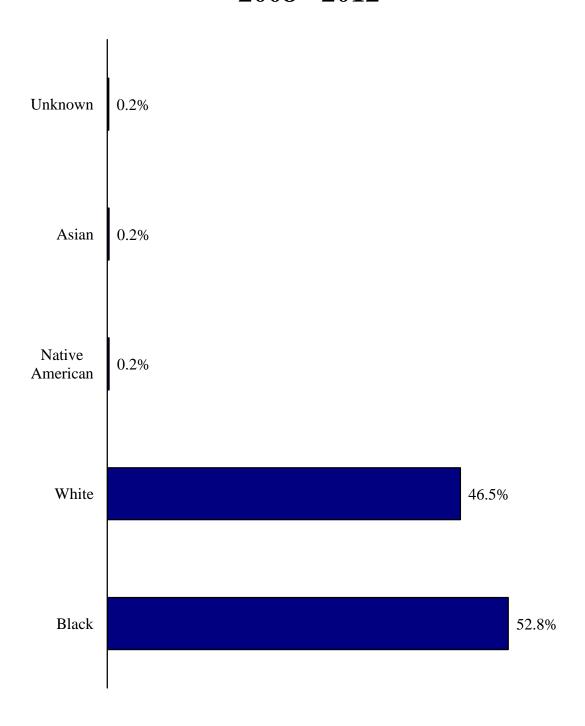
RACE: SCIBRS classifies race into four categories: Asian, Black, Native American and White.

DRUG ARRESTS BY RACE 2008 - 2012

	Number of	
Race	Arrests	Percent
Asian	418	0.2%
Black	93,944	52.8%
Native American	401	0.2%
Unknown	337	0.2%
White	82,727	46.5%
Total	177,827	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Drug Arrests by Race 2008 - 2012



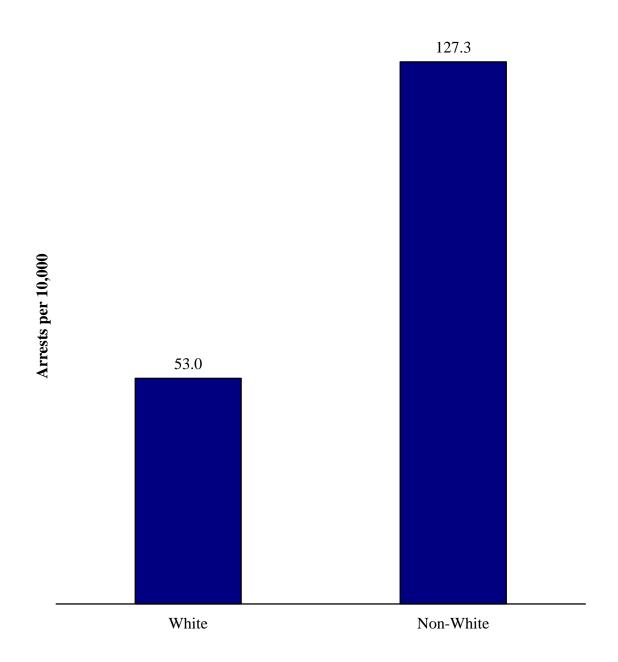
The drug arrest rate among Non-Whites was 127.3; the drug arrest rate among Whites was 53.0.

DRUG ARRESTS BY RACIAL GROUP 2008 - 2012

	Number of		Arrest
Racial Group	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Non-White	94,763	53.3%	127.3
White	82,727	46.5%	53.0
Unknown	337	0.2%	NA
Total	177,827	100.0%	77.1

Notes: SCIBRS categorizes race as Asian, Black, Native American or White. The RFA population estimates provide different racial categories. Consequently, the categories of White and Non-White (Non-White was defined as Asian, Black or Native American in SCIBRS, Non-White was defined as all groups other than White in the RFA population estimates) were used to calculate arrest rates. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Drug Arrests by Racial Group 2008 - 2012



The drug arrest rate among Hispanics was 35.4; the drug arrest rate among Non-Hispanics was 78.4.

ETHNICITY: SCIBRS classifies an arrestee's ethnicity as either Hispanic or Non-Hispanic.

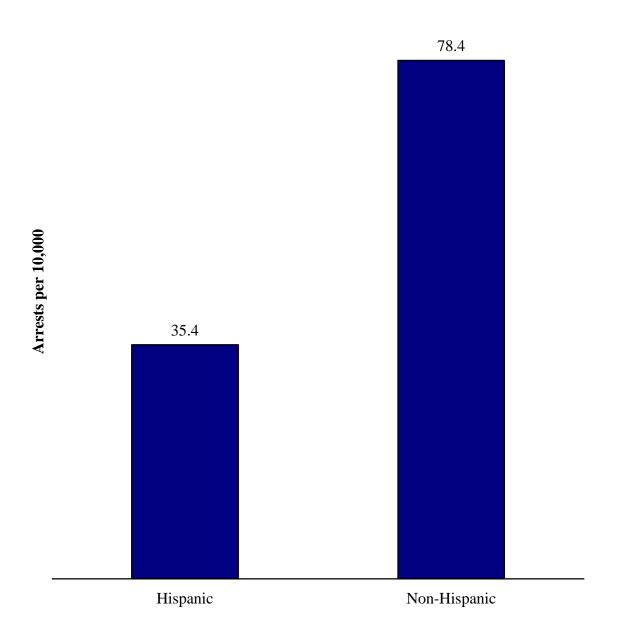
DRUG ARRESTS BY ETHNICITY 2008 - 2012

Ethnicity	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Hispanic	4,004	2.3%	35.4
Non-Hispanic	171,899	96.7%	78.4
Unknown	1,924	1.1%	NA
Total	177,827	100.0%	77.1

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity 2008 - 2012



Arrestees residing in the reporting jurisdiction accounted for 64.2% of drug arrests.

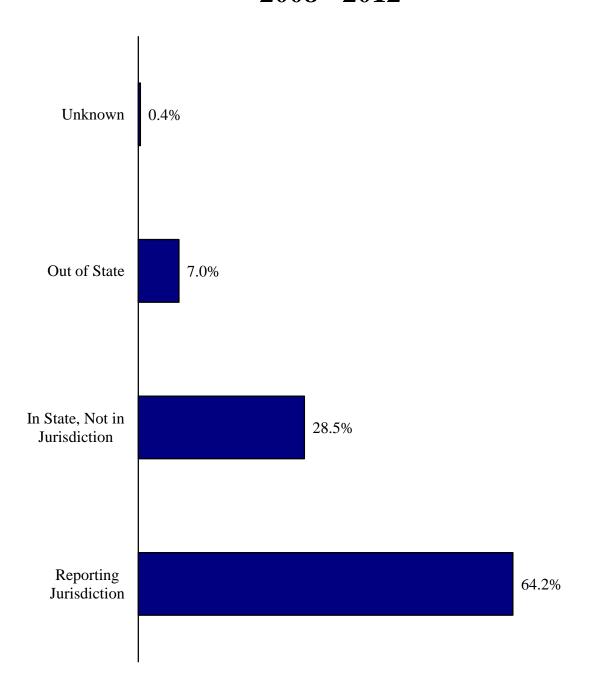
RESIDENCE: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's place of residence into one of three categories: residing in state but not in the reporting jurisdiction, residing out of state or residing within the reporting jurisdiction.

DRUG ARRESTS BY ARRESTEE RESIDENCE 2008 - 2012

Number of			
Place of Residence	Arrests	Percent	
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	50,637	28.5%	
Out of State	12,397	7.0%	
Reporting Jurisdiction	114,167	64.2%	
Unknown	626	0.4%	
Total	177,827	100.0%	

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence 2008 - 2012



COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

The probation admission rate for drug offenses decreased 17.3% from FY 09 to FY 13.

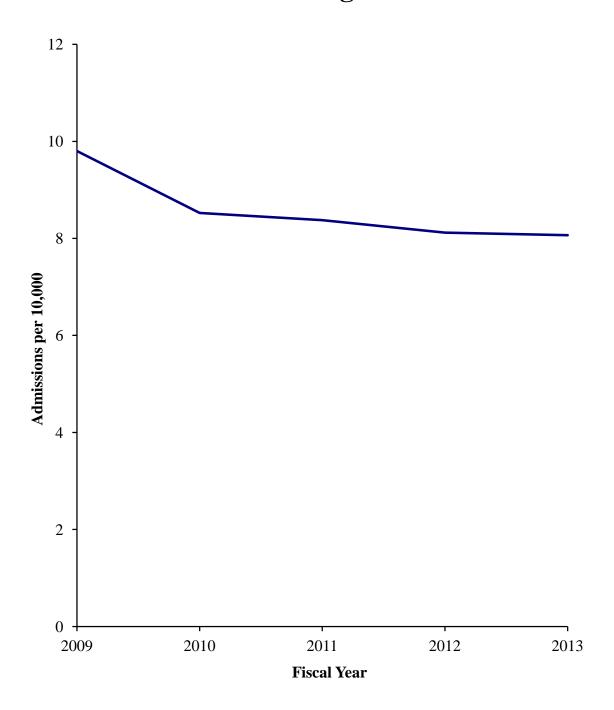
PROBATION DRUG ADMISSIONS

Fiscal Year	Number of Drug Admissions	Admission Rate	Admission Rate Change
2009	4,391	9.8	
2010	3,888	8.5	-13.3%
2011	3,875	8.4	-1.2%
2012	3,799	8.1	-3.6%
2013	3,810	8.1	0%

Notes: Probation admissions include direct admissions from court with a drug offense. The change column represents the year to year change in the admission rate. The probation admission rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS; population estimates, RFA

Probation Drug Admissions



In FY 13, 42.6% of community corrections drug tests detected the presence of illegal drugs, the highest percentage of positive findings reported during the five year period.

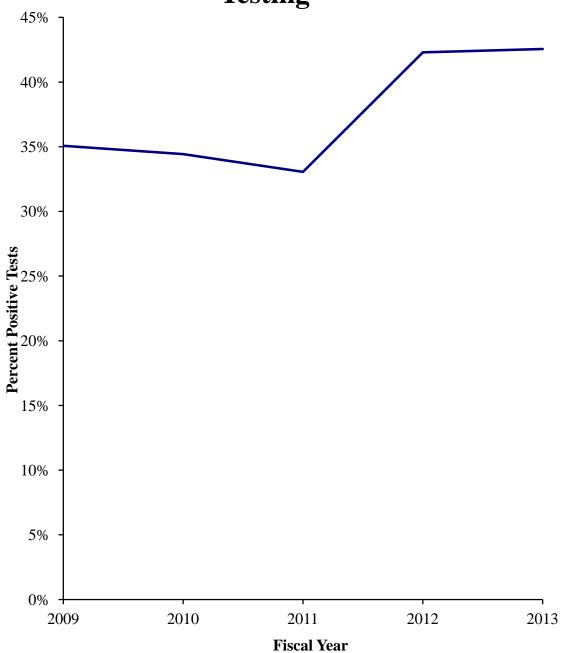
COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS DRUG TESTING

Fiscal Year	Drug Tests	Positive Tests	Percent Positive
2009	12,117	4,249	35.1%
2010	18,188	6,262	34.4%
2011	23,200	7,669	33.1%
2012	23,360	9,880	42.3%
2013	25,049	10,659	42.6%

Notes: Drug testing data includes results for all offenders under community correctional supervision. Offenders who tested positive for more than one substance were only counted once as a positive test in this chart.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS.

Community Corrections Drug Testing



Probationers in the 25 to 34 year old age group accounted for 37.6% of probation drug admissions.

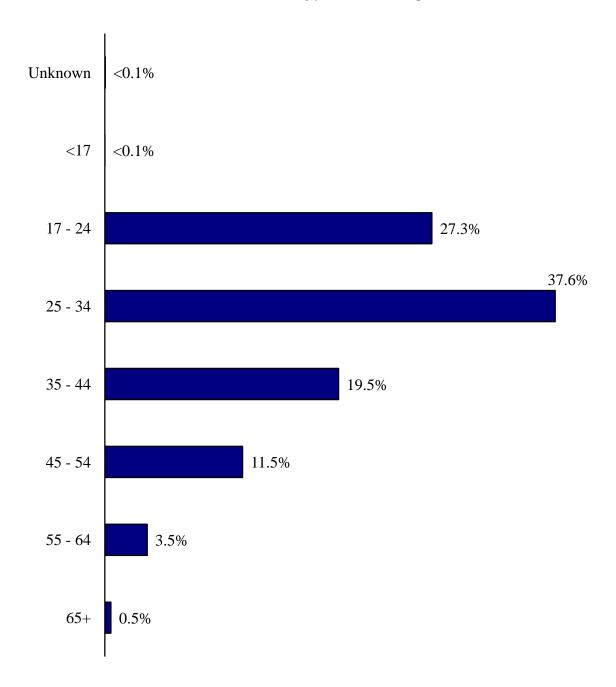
PROBATION DRUG ADMISSIONS BY AGE FY 09 – FY 13

Age Group	Number of Admissions	Percent
16 & younger	5	< 0.1%
17 - 24	5,394	27.3%
25 - 34	7,427	37.6%
35 - 44	3,855	19.5%
45 - 54	2,273	11.5%
55 - 64	699	3.5%
65 & older	102	0.5%
Unknown	8	< 0.1%
Total	19,763	100.0%

Note: Probation admissions include direct admissions from court with a drug offense.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS.

Probation Drug Admissions by Age FY 09 - FY 13



Males accounted for 80.2% of probation drug admissions.

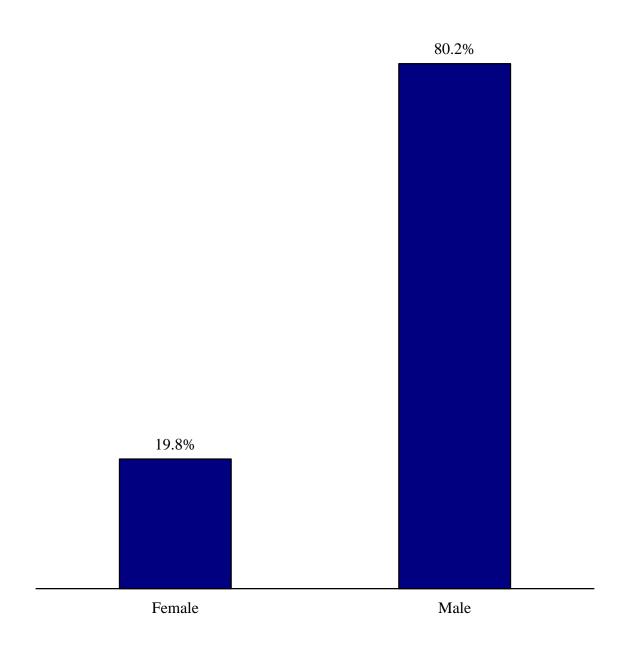
PROBATION DRUG ADMISSIONS BY SEX FY 09 – FY 13

Sex	Number of Admissions	Percent
Female	3,907	19.8%
Male	15,856	80.2%
Total	19,763	100.0%

Note: Probation admissions include direct admissions from court with a drug offense.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS.

Probation Drug Admissions by Sex FY 09 - FY 13



Blacks accounted for 55.8% of probation drug admissions.

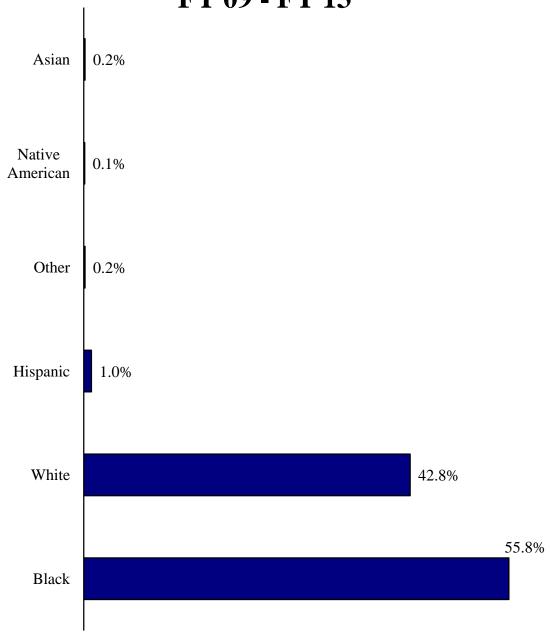
PROBATION DRUG ADMISSIONS BY RACE FY 09 – FY 13

	Number of	
Race	Admissions	Percent
Asian	32	0.2%
Black	11,018	55.8%
Hispanic	198	1.0%
Native American	24	0.1%
Other	32	0.2%
White	8,459	42.8%
Total	19,763	100.0%

Notes: SCDPPS classifies offender race as Asian, Black, Hispanic, Native American, Other or White. Probation admissions include direct admissions from court with a drug offense.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS.

Probation Drug Admissions by Race FY 09 - FY 13



CORRECTIONS

The admission rate for inmates with drug offenses decreased 28.1% from FY 09 to FY 13.

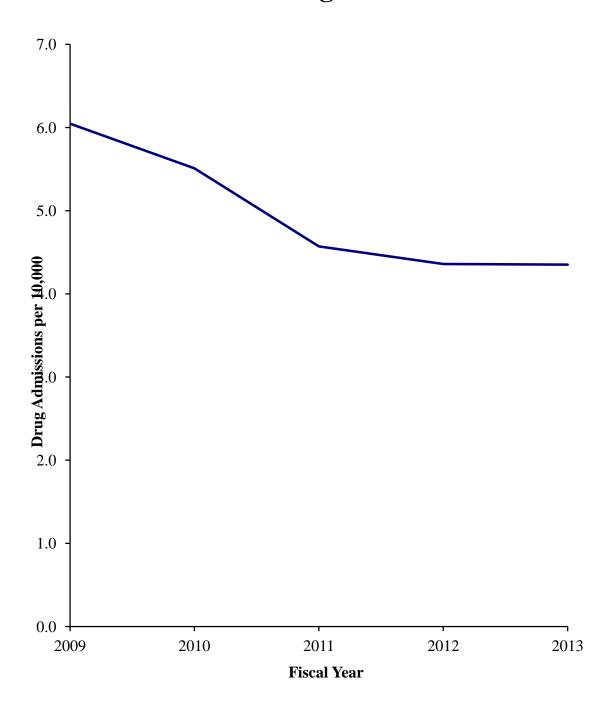
INMATE DRUG ADMISSIONS

Fiscal Year	Number of Drug Admissions	Admission Rate	Change
2009	2,709	6.1	
2010	2,513	5.6	-8.9%
2011	2,114	4.6	-17.0%
2012	2,040	4.4	-4.6%
2013	2,055	4.4	-0.2%

Notes: Drug admissions include any inmate among whose commitment offenses an offense for illegal drugs was included. The change column represents the year to year change in the inmate drug admission rate. The inmate admission rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: Unpublished report, SCDC; population estimates, RFA.

Inmate Drug Admissions



Inmates in the 25 to 34 year old age group accounted for 42.9% of inmate drug admissions.

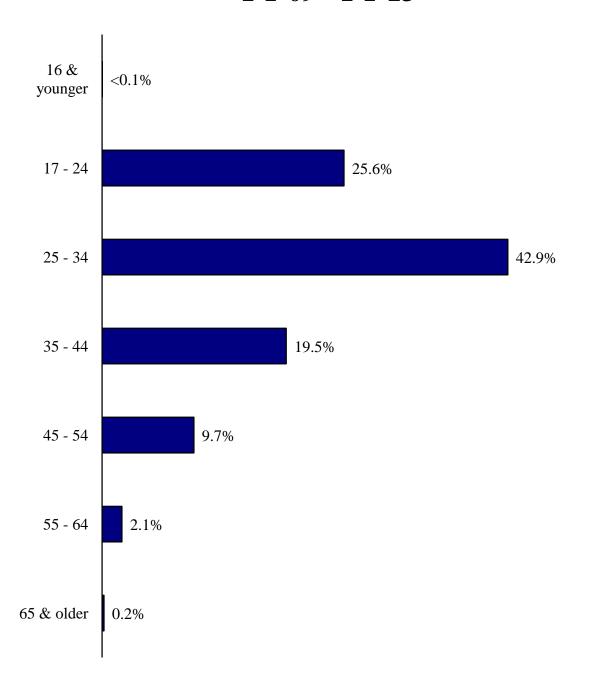
INMATE DRUG ADMISSIONS BY AGE FY 09 – FY 13

Age Group	Number of Admissions	Percent
16 & younger	2	< 0.1%
17 - 24	2,922	25.6%
25 - 34	4,900	42.9%
35 - 44	2,224	19.5%
45 - 54	1,115	9.7%
55 - 64	246	2.1%
65 & older	22	0.2%
Total	11,431	100.0%

Note: Drug admissions include any inmate among whose commitment offenses an

offense for illegal drugs was included. Source: Unpublished report, SCDC.

Inmate Drug Admissions by Age FY 09 - FY 13



Males accounted for 89.1% of inmate drug admissions.

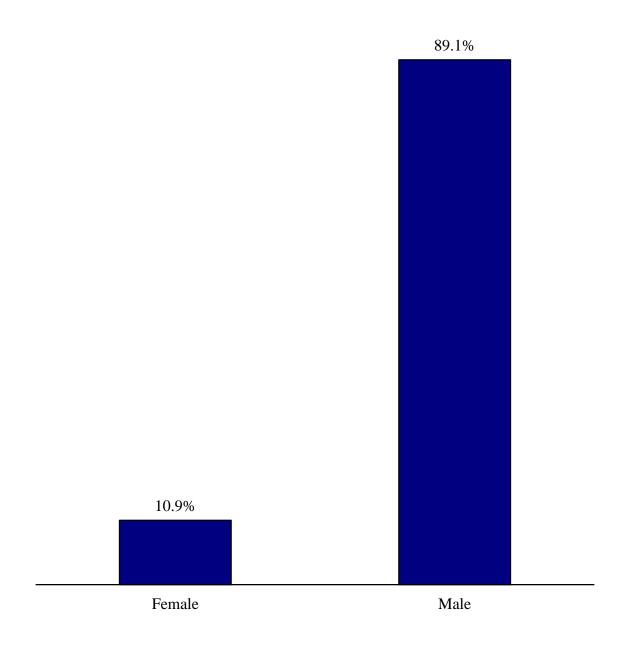
INMATE DRUG ADMISSIONS BY SEX FY 09 – FY 13

Sex	Number of Admissions	Percent
Female	1,249	10.9%
Male	10,182	89.1%
Total	11,431	100.0%

Note: Drug admissions include any inmate among whose commitment offenses an

offense for illegal drugs was included. Source: Unpublished report, SCDC.

Inmate Drug Admissions by Sex FY 09 - FY 13



Black inmates accounted for 67.5% of inmate drug admissions.

INMATE DRUG ADMISSIONS BY RACE FY 09 – FY 13

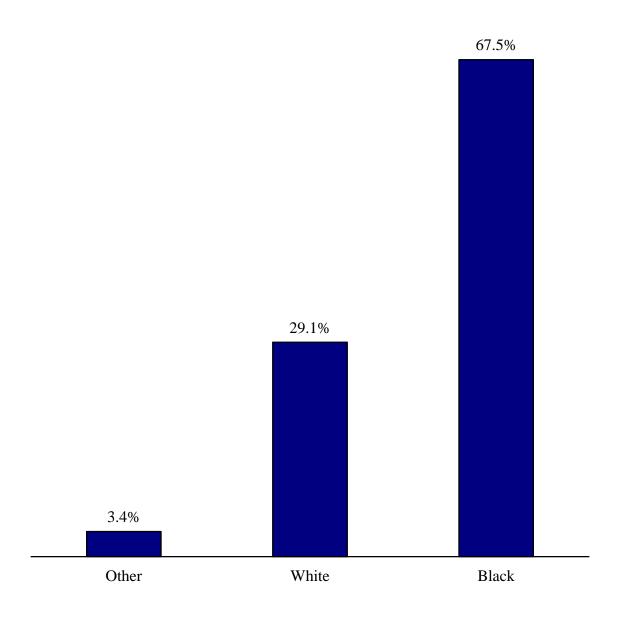
Race	Number of Admissions	Percent
Black	7,714	67.5%
Other	390	3.4%
White	3,327	29.1%
Total	11,431	100.0%

Notes: Drug admissions include any inmate among whose commitment offenses an offense for illegal drugs was included. SCDC classifies inmate race as Black, White or

Other.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDC.

Inmate Drug Admissions by Race FY 09 - FY 13



ILLICIT SUBSTANCES

Marijuana was the substance most often reported, accounting for 65.9% of drug arrests. Crack cocaine ranked second accounting for 13.3% of drug arrests followed by powder cocaine at 7.3%.

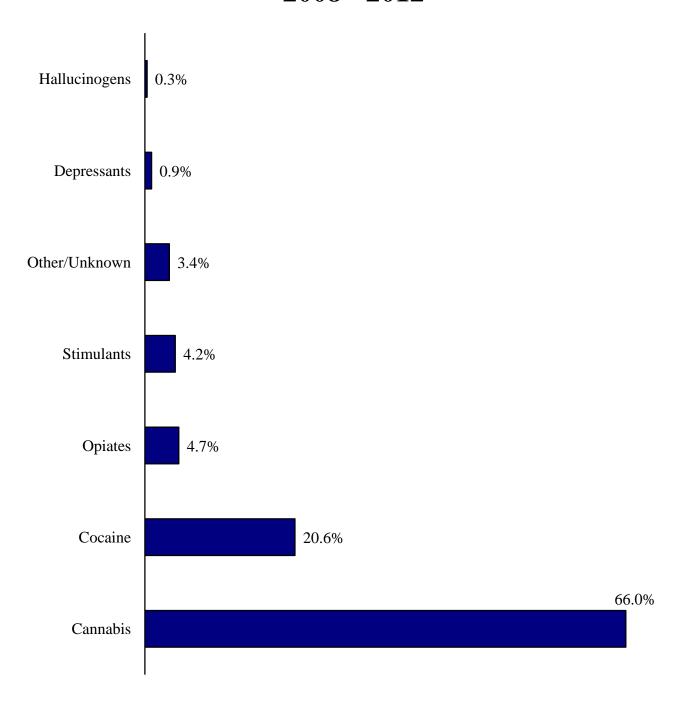
DRUG ARRESTS BY SUBSTANCE 2008 – 2012

Substance	Number	Percent
Cannabis	107,683	66.0%
Hashish	71	< 0.1%
Marijuana	107,612	65.9%
Cocaine	33,619	20.6%
Crack	21,779	13.3%
Powder	11,840	7.3%
Depressants	1,506	0.9%
Barbiturates	340	0.2%
Other Depressants	1,166	0.7%
Hallucinogens	512	0.3%
LSD	90	0.1%
Other Hallucinogens	419	0.3%
PCP	3	< 0.1%
Opiates	7,612	4.7%
Heroin	1,055	0.6%
Morphine	283	0.2%
Opium	105	0.1%
Other Narcotics	6,169	3.8%
Other/Unknown	5,497	3.4%
Stimulants	6,827	4.2%
Amphetamine/Methamphetamine	6,172	3.8%
Other Stimulants	655	0.4%
Total	163,256	100.0%

Notes: Only the substance associated with the most serious drug charge is reported in SCIBRS. Categories in bold type are major groups; categories in non-bold type are subgroups. The 14,571 drug equipment only offenses do not have a reported substance associated with the arrest.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Drug Arrests by Substance 2008 - 2012



THC was the substance most frequently detected among offenders under community correctional supervision, accounting for 41.9% of the positive test results. Cocaine was the second most frequently detected substance among offenders under community correctional supervision.

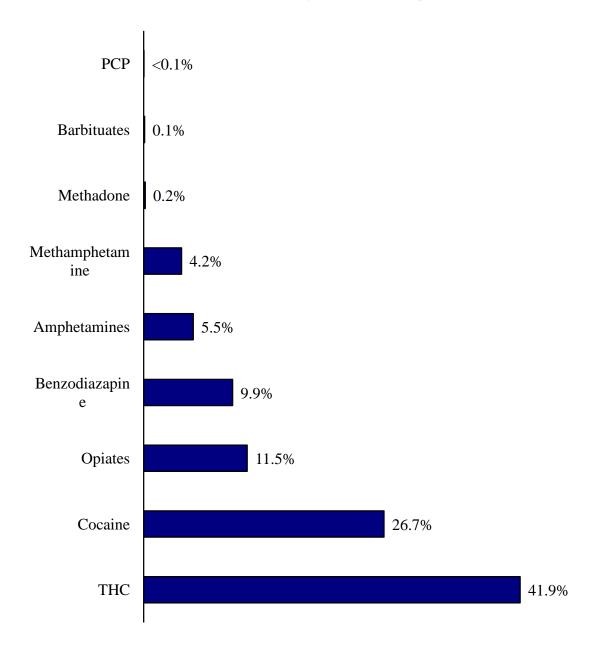
POSITIVE TEST RESULTS IN COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS BY ILLICIT SUBSTANCE FY 09 – FY 13

Substance	Number	Percent
Amphetamines	2,885	5.5%
Barbituates	49	0.1%
Benzodiazapine	5,179	9.9%
Cocaine	13,998	26.7%
Methadone	90	0.2%
Methamphetamine	2,210	4.2%
Opiates	6,034	11.5%
PCP	16	< 0.1%
THC	21,939	41.9%
Total	52,400	100.0%

Notes: PCP is an abbreviation for Phencyclidine, a stimulant. THC is an abbreviation for Tetrahydrocannabinol, the active ingredient in marijuana and hashish. Testing data includes results for all offenders tested while under community correctional supervision. The number of positive test results by substance (52,400) exceeds the number offenders who tested positive (38,719) because of offenders who tested positive for more than one substance.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS.

Community Corrections Positive Drug Tests by Substance FY 09 - FY 13



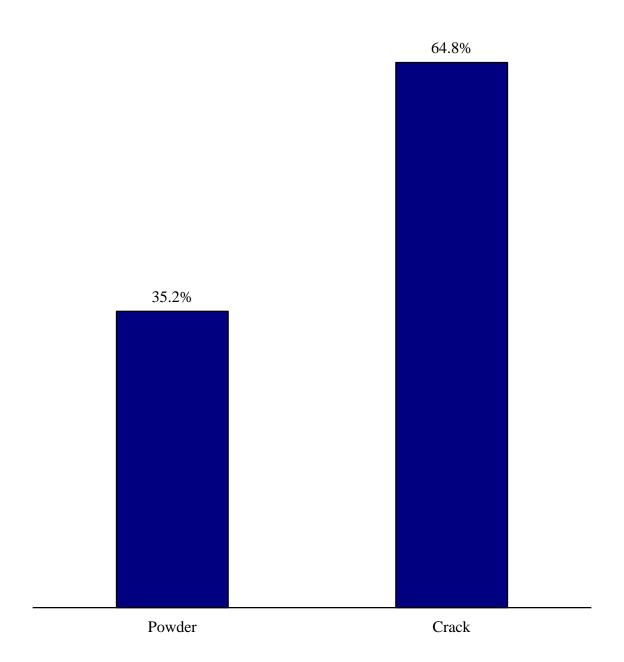
Cocaine was the second most frequently reported illicit substance involved in drug arrests. Crack cocaine accounted for 13.3% of all drug arrests and 64.8% of arrests for cocaine. Powder cocaine accounted for 7.3% of all drug arrests and 35.2% of cocaine arrests.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE 2008 - 2012

Type of Cocaine	Number	Percent
Crack	21,779	64.8%
Powder	11,840	35.2%
Total	33,619	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Cocaine Arrests by Type of Cocaine 2008 - 2012



The arrest rate for cocaine decreased 44.7% from 2008 to 2012.

COCAINE - SCIBRS records two types of cocaine: crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder form.

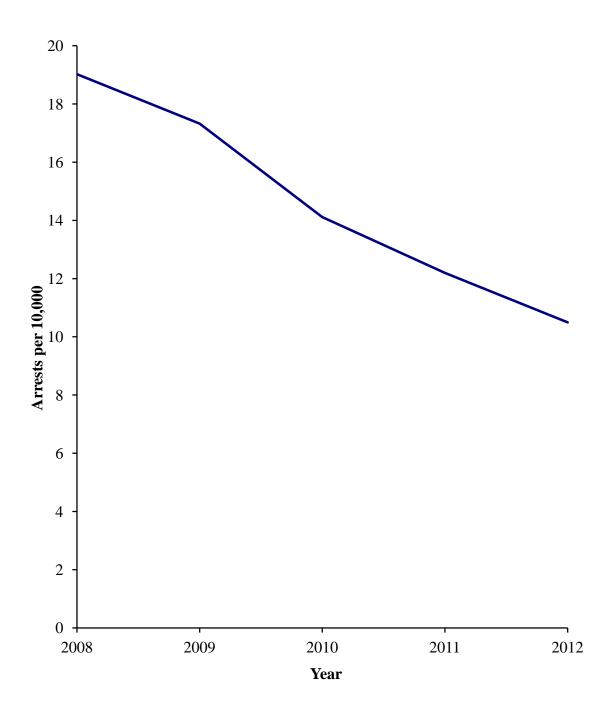
COCAINE ARRESTS 2008 - 2012

Year	Number of Arrests	Arrest Rate	Change
2008	8,522	19.0	
2009	7,903	17.3	-8.9%
2010	6,528	14.1	-18.5%
2011	5,707	12.2	-13.5%
2012	4,959	10.5	-13.9%

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Cocaine Arrests



The arrest rate for crack cocaine decreased 46.7% from 2008 to 2012 and the arrest rate for powder cocaine decreased 41.2%.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE 2008 – 2012

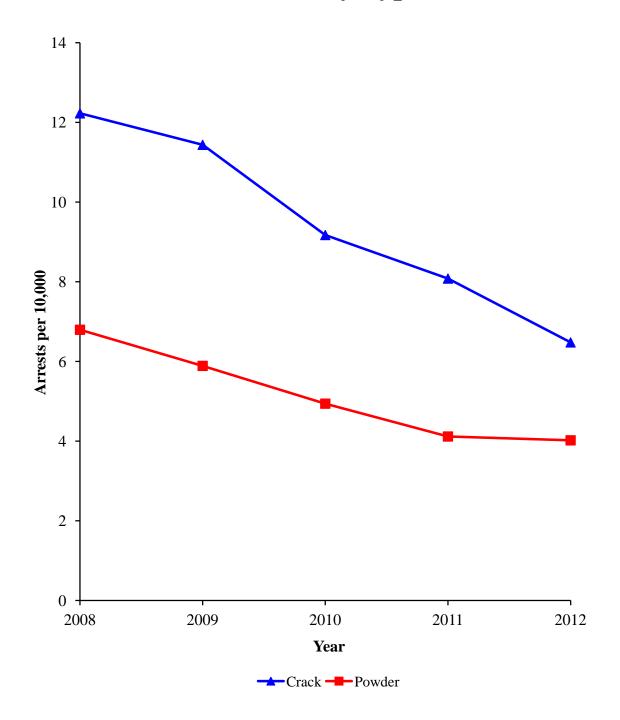
	Crack Coc	aine	Powder Co	caine
		Arrest		Arrest
Year	Arrests	Rate	Arrests	Rate
2008	5,478	12.2	3,044	6.8
2009	5,217	11.4	2,686	5.9
2010	4,243	9.2	2,285	4.9
2011	3,781	8.1	1,926	4.1
2012	3,060	6.5	1,899	4.0

Note: SCIBRS records two types of cocaine, crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder

form.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Cocaine Arrests by Type of Cocaine



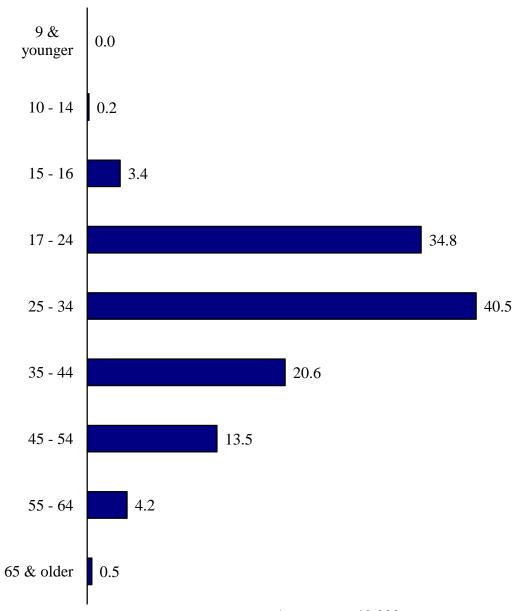
The 25 to 34 year old age group accounted for 35.9% of cocaine arrests, and had the highest cocaine arrest rate among the age groups. Juveniles accounted for 0.7% of cocaine arrests.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY AGE 2008 - 2012

Age Group	Number of Arrestees	Percent	Arrest Rate
Juveniles	236	0.7%	0.5
9 & younger	0	0.0%	0.0
10 - 14	29	0.1%	0.2
15 - 16	207	0.6%	3.4
Adults	33,237	98.9%	18.5
17 - 24	9,202	27.4%	34.8
25 - 34	12,079	35.9%	40.5
35 - 44	6,186	18.4%	20.6
45 - 54	4,407	13.1%	13.5
55 - 64	1,208	3.6%	4.2
65 & older	155	0.5%	0.5
Age Range/Missir	ng 146	0.4%	NA
Total	33,619	100.0%	14.6

Notes: Juveniles are defined in this report as being 16 years of age or younger at the time of the offense. By state statute, juveniles are defined as being 16 or younger with specified exceptions (SC Code of Laws – Section 63-19-20). Ages that were entered as a range, e.g.; 16-18, were treated as missing data. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Cocaine Arrests by Age 2008 - 2012



Arrests per 10,000

The arrest rate for crack cocaine was higher in all age groups than the arrest rate for powder cocaine.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE BY AGE 2008 – 2012

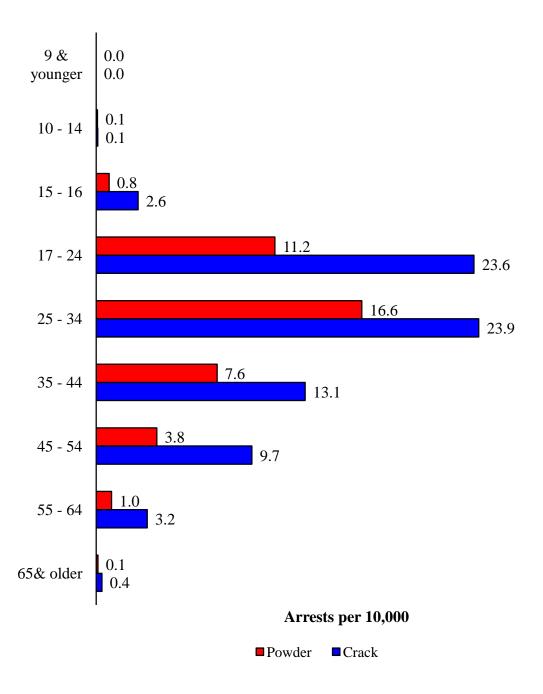
	Crack Co	caine	Powder Cod	caine
		Arrest		Arrest
Age Group	Arrests	Rate	Arrests	Rate
Juveniles	174	0.3	62	0.1
9 & younger	0	0.0	0	0.0
10 - 14	16	0.1	13	0.1
15 - 16	158	2.6	49	0.8
Adults	21,507	12.0	11,730	6.5
17 - 24	6,246	23.6	2,956	11.2
25 - 34	7,129	23.9	4,950	16.6
35 - 44	3,917	13.1	2,269	7.6
45 - 54	3,171	9.7	1,236	3.8
55 - 64	927	3.2	281	1.0
65 & older	117	0.4	38	0.1
Age Range/Missing	98	NA	48	NA
Total	21,779	9.4	11,840	5.1

Note: SCIBRS records two types of cocaine, crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder

form.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Crack vs. Powder Arrests by Age 2008 - 2012



Males accounted for 85.6% of those arrested for cocaine drug offenses.

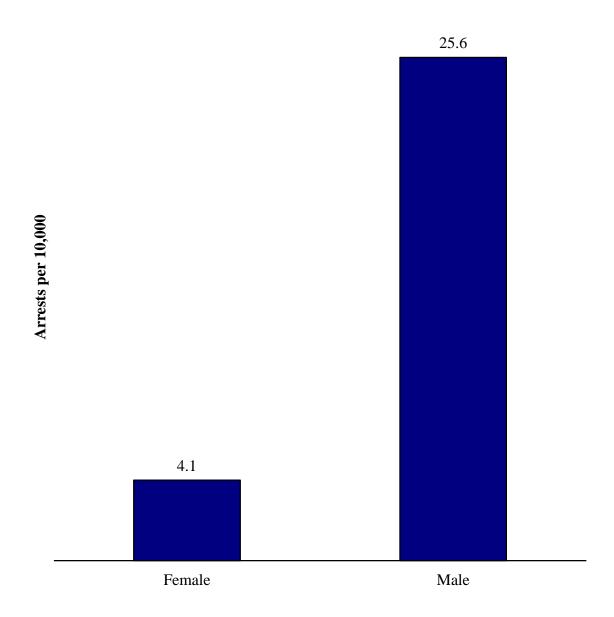
COCAINE ARRESTS BY SEX 2008 - 2012

Sex	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Female	4,849	14.4%	4.1
Male	28,770	85.6%	25.6
Total	33,619	100.0%	14.6

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Cocaine Arrests by Sex 2008 - 2012



The arrest rate for crack cocaine was higher for both males and females than the arrest rate for powder cocaine.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE BY SEX 2008 – 2012

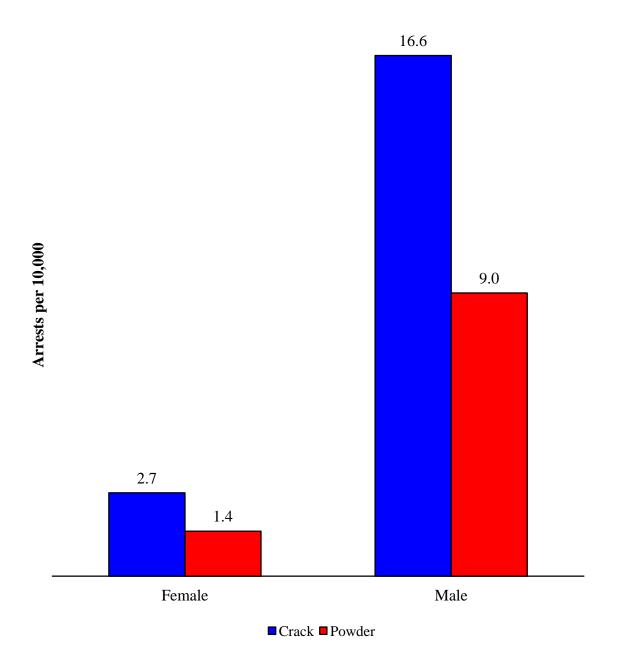
	Crack Cocaine		Powder Cocaine	
Sex	Arrests	Arrest Rate	Arrests	Arrest Rate
Female	3,147	2.7	1,702	1.4
Male	18,632	16.6	10,138	9.0
Total	21,779	9.4	11,840	5.1

Note: SCIBRS records two types of cocaine, crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder

form.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Crack vs. Powder Arrests by Sex 2008 - 2012



Blacks accounted for 74.4% of cocaine drug arrests, Whites accounted for 25.1%.

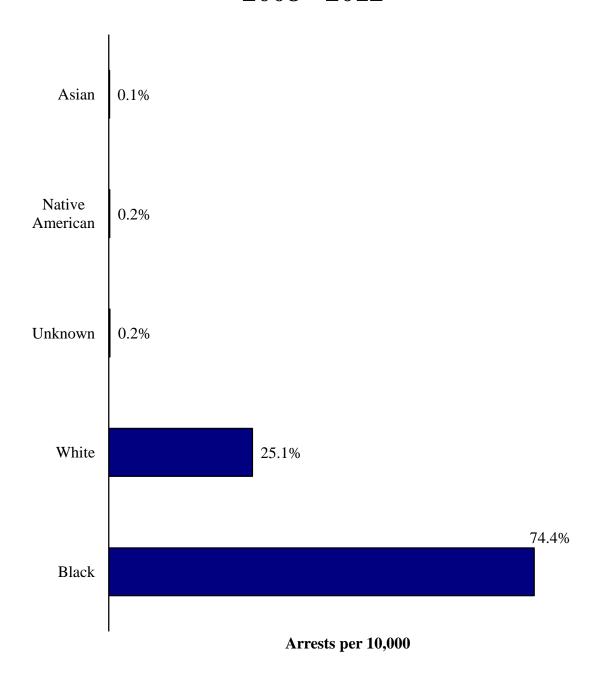
RACE: SCIBRS classifies race into four categories: Asian, Black, Native American and White.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY RACE 2008 - 2012

Number of			
Race	Arrests	Percent	
Asian	41	0.1%	
Black	25,007	74.4%	
Native American	57	0.2%	
Unknown	67	0.2%	
White	8,447	25.1%	
Total	33,619	100.0%	

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Cocaine Arrests by Race 2008 - 2012



Blacks accounted for 82% of crack cocaine arrests from 2008 to 2012, Whites accounted for 17.6%. During the same time period, Blacks accounted for 60.3% of powder cocaine arrests and Whites accounted for 38.9%.

RACE: SCIBRS classifies race into four categories: Asian, Black, Native American and White.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE BY RACE 2008 – 2012

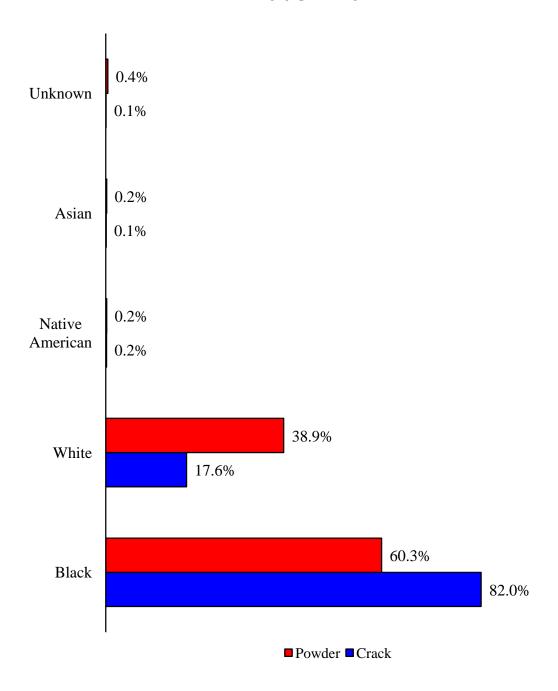
	Crack Cocaine		Powder Cocaine	
Race	Arrests	Percent	Arrests	Percent
Asian	18	0.1%	23	0.2%
Black	17,869	82.0%	7,138	60.3%
Native American	35	0.2%	22	0.2%
Unknown	15	0.1%	52	0.4%
White	3,842	17.6%	4,605	38.9%
Total	21,779	100.0%	11,840	100.0%

Note: SCIBRS records two types of cocaine, crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder

form.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Crack vs. Powder Arrests by Race 2008 - 2012



The cocaine arrest rate for Non-Whites was 33.7 compared to a cocaine arrest rate of 5.4 for Whites.

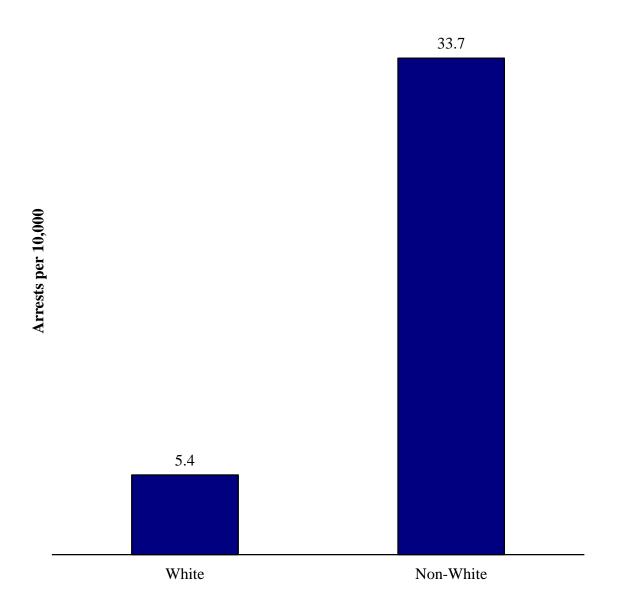
COCAINE ARRESTS BY RACIAL GROUP 2008 - 2012

	Number of	of		
Racial Group	Arrests	Percent	Rate	
Non-White	25,105	74.7%	33.7	
Unknown	67	0.2%	NA	
White	8,447	25.1%	5.4	
Total	33,619	100.0%	14.6	

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Cocaine Arrests by Racial Group 2008 - 2012



The arrest rate for crack cocaine was higher among Non-Whites than the arrest rate for powder cocaine. Among Whites the arrest rate for powder cocaine was higher than the arrest rate for crack cocaine.

COCAINE - SCIBRS records two types of cocaine: crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder form.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE BY RACIAL GROUP 2008 – 2012

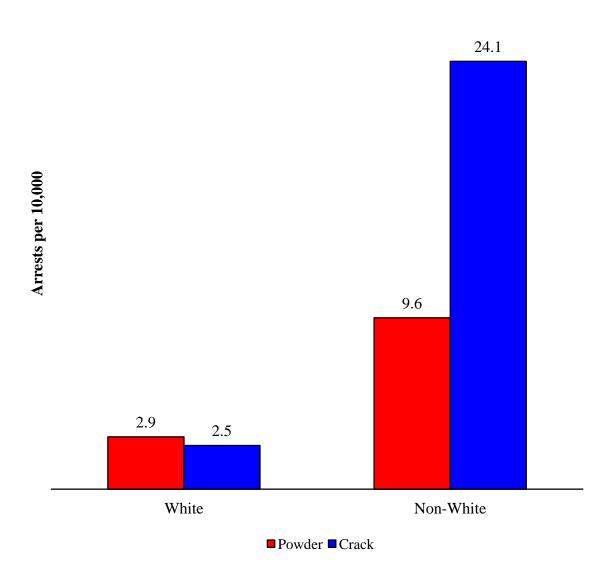
	Crack Cocaine		Powder Cocaine	
		Arrest		Arrest
Racial Group	Arrests	Rate	Arrests	Rate
Non-White	17,922	24.1	7,183	9.6
Unknown	15	NA	52	NA
White	3,842	2.5	4,605	2.9
Total	21,779	9.4	11,840	5.1

Note: SCIBRS records two types of cocaine, crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder

form.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Crack vs. Powder Arrests by Racial Group 2008 - 2012



The cocaine arrest rate among Hispanics was 10.3 compared to a cocaine arrest rate of 14.7 among Non-Hispanics.

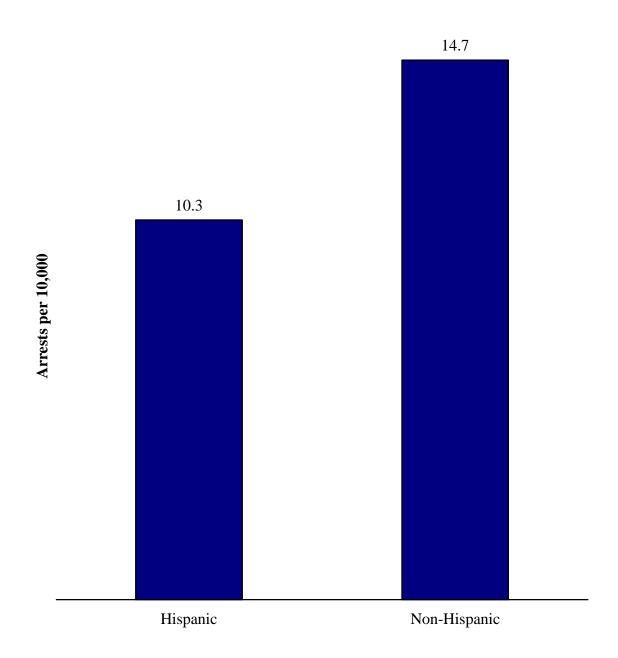
ETHNICITY: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's ethnicity as either Hispanic or Non-Hispanic.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY ETHNICITY 2008 - 2012

Number of			Arrest
Ethnicity	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Hispanic	1,166	3.5%	10.3
Non-Hispanic	32,152	95.6%	14.7
Unknown	301	0.9%	NA
Total	33,619	100.0%	14.6

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Cocaine Arrests by Ethnicity 2008 - 2012



The arrest rate for powder cocaine among Hispanics was higher than the arrest rate for crack cocaine. The arrest rate for crack cocaine was higher among Non-Hispanics than the arrest rate for powder cocaine.

ETHNICITY - SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's ethnicity as either Hispanic or Non-Hispanic.

COCAINE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF COCAINE BY ETHNICITY 2008 – 2012

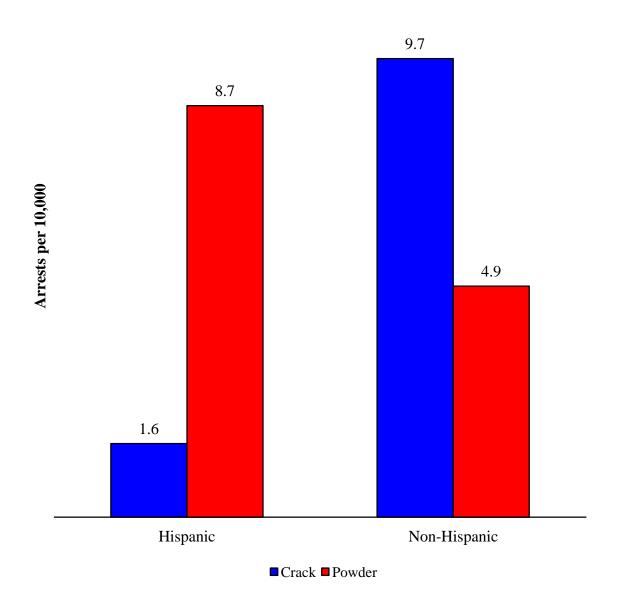
	Crack Cocaine		Powder Co	caine
		Arrest		Arrest
Year	Arrests	Rate	Arrests	Rate
Hispanic	177	1.6	989	8.7
Non-Hispanic	21,380	9.7	10,772	4.9
Unknown	222	NA	79	NA
Total	21,779	9.4	11,840	5.1

Note: SCIBRS records two types of cocaine, crack cocaine and cocaine in the powder

form.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Crack vs. Powder by Ethnicity 2008 - 2012



Marijuana was the most frequently reported substance involved in drug arrests, accounting for 65.9% of all drug arrests. The marijuana arrest rate decreased 0.2% from 2008 to 2012.

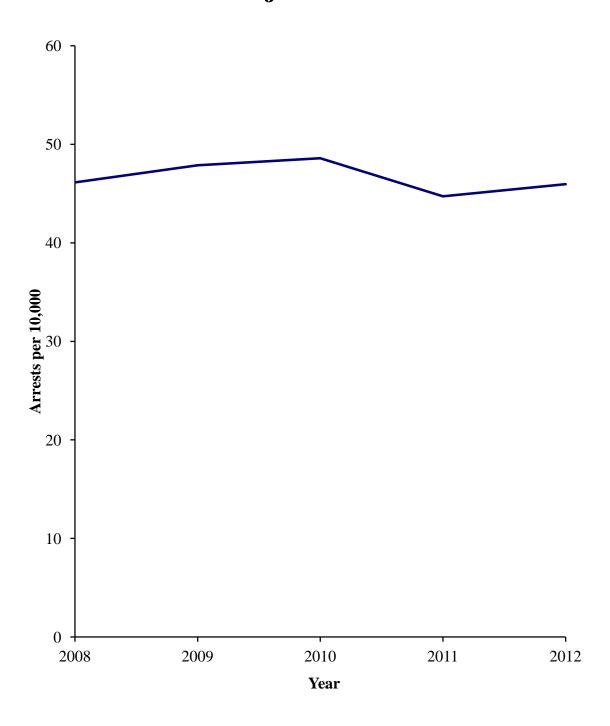
MARIJUANA ARRESTS

Year	Number of Arrests	Arrest Rate	Arrest Rate Change
2008	20,669	46.1	
2009	21,834	47.9	+3.9%
2010	22,477	48.6	+1.5%
2011	20,926	44.7	-8.0%
2012	21,706	46.0	+2.9%

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: Unpublished report, SCDC; population estimates, RFA.

Marijuana Arrests



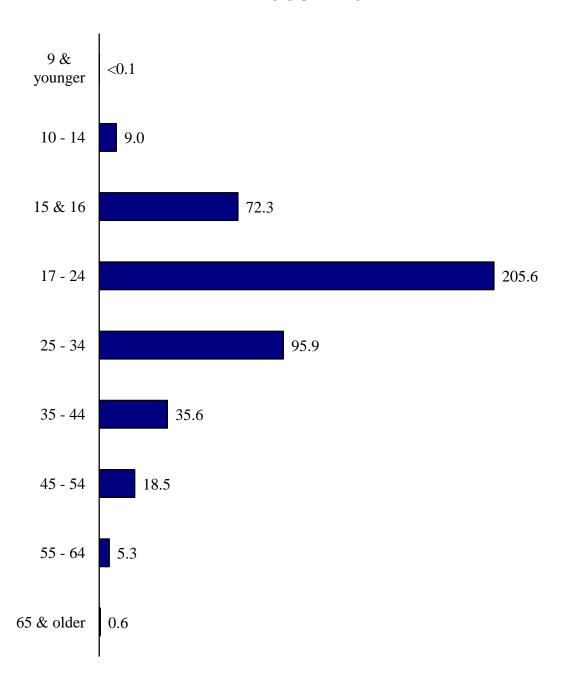
The 17 to 24 year old age group accounted for 50.5% of marijuana arrests and had a marijuana arrest rate more than twice the rate of the next highest age group. Juveniles accounted for 5.3% of marijuana arrests.

MARIJUANA ARRESTS BY AGE 2008 - 2012

Age Group	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Juveniles	5,677	5.3%	11.2
9 & younger	4	< 0.1%	< 0.1
10 - 14	1,325	1.2%	9.0
15 & 16	4,348	4.0%	72.3
Adults	101,435	94.3%	56.4
17 - 24	54,392	50.5%	205.6
25 - 34	28,605	26.6%	95.9
35 - 44	10,666	9.9%	35.6
45 - 54	6,039	5.6%	18.5
55 - 64	1,534	1.4%	5.3
65 & older	199	0.2%	0.6
Missing/Age Range	e 500	0.5%	NA
Total	107,612	100.0%	46.6

Notes: Juveniles are defined in this report as being 16 years of age or younger at the time of the offense. By state statute, juveniles are defined as being 16 or younger with specified exceptions (SC Code of Laws – Section 63-19-20). Ages that were entered as a range, e.g.; 16 – 18, were treated as missing data. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Marijuana Arrests by Age 2008 - 2012



Males accounted for 84.6% of those arrested for marijuana drug offenses. The marijuana arrest rate for males was 5.8 times the marijuana arrest rate for females.

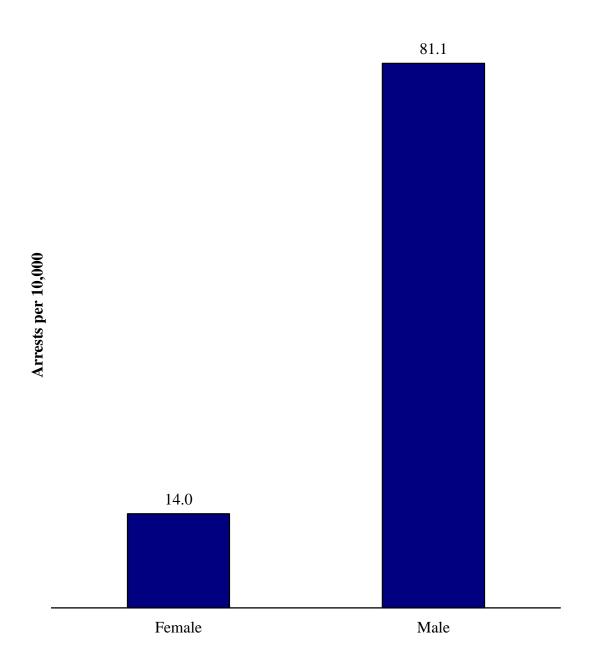
MARIJUANA ARRESTS BY SEX 2008 - 2012

Sex	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Female	16,602	15.4%	14.0
Male	91,010	84.6%	81.1
Total	107,612	100.0%	46.6

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Marijuana Arrests by Sex 2008 - 2012



Blacks accounted for 54.5% of marijuana drug arrests, Whites accounted for 44.7%.

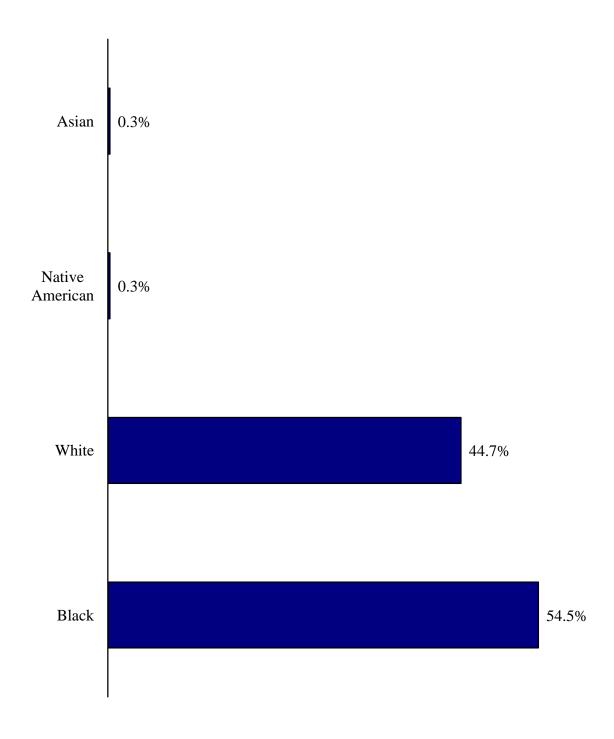
RACE: SCIBRS classifies race into four categories: Asian, Black, Native American and White.

MARIJUANA ARRESTS BY RACE 2008 - 2012

Number of			
Race	Arrests	Percent	
Asian	289	0.3%	
Black	58,686	54.5%	
Native American	294	0.3%	
Unknown	208	0.2%	
White	48,135	44.7%	
Total	107,612	100.0%	

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Marijuana Arrests by Race 2008 - 2012



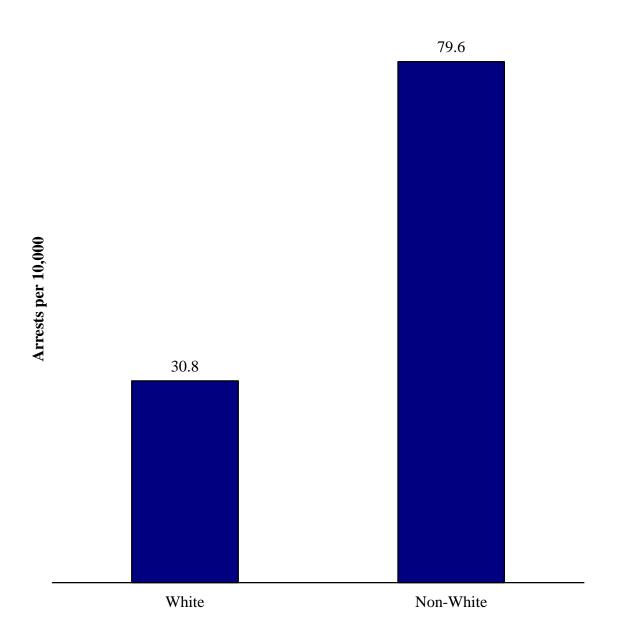
The marijuana arrest rate among Non-Whites was 79.6 compared to a marijuana arrest rate of 30.8 among Whites.

MARIJUANA ARRESTS BY RACIAL GROUP 2008 - 2012

Number of			Arrest
Racial Group	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Non-White	59,269	55.1%	79.6
Unknown	208	0.2%	NA
White	48,135	44.7%	30.8
Total	107,612	100.0%	46.6

Notes: SCIBRS categorizes race as Asian, Black, Native American or White. The RFA population estimates provide different racial categories. Consequently, the categories of White and Non-White (Non-White was defined as Asian, Black or Native American in SCIBRS, Non-White was defined as all groups other than White in the RFA population estimates) were used to calculate arrest rates. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Marijuana Arrests by Racial Group 2008 - 2012



The marijuana drug arrest rate among Hispanics was 20.4 compared to a marijuana arrest rate of 47.5 among Non-Hispanics.

ETHNICITY: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's ethnicity as either Hispanic or Non-Hispanic.

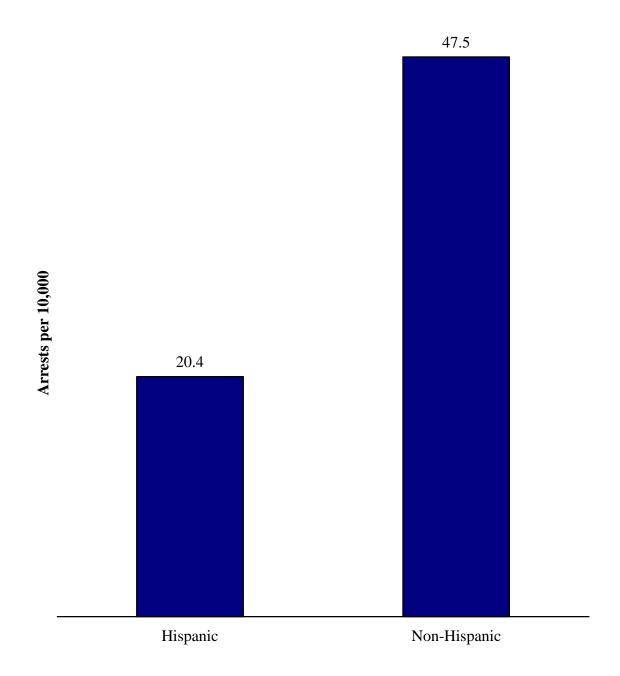
MARIJUANA ARRESTS BY ETHNICITY 2008 - 2012

	Number of		Arrest
Ethnicity	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Hispanic	2,303	2.1%	20.4
Non-Hispanic	104,226	96.9%	47.5
Unknown	1,083	1.0%	NA
Total	107,612	100.0%	46.6

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Marijuana Arrests by Ethnicity 2008 - 2012



Arrestees residing in the reporting jurisdiction accounted for 61.7% of marijuana arrests.

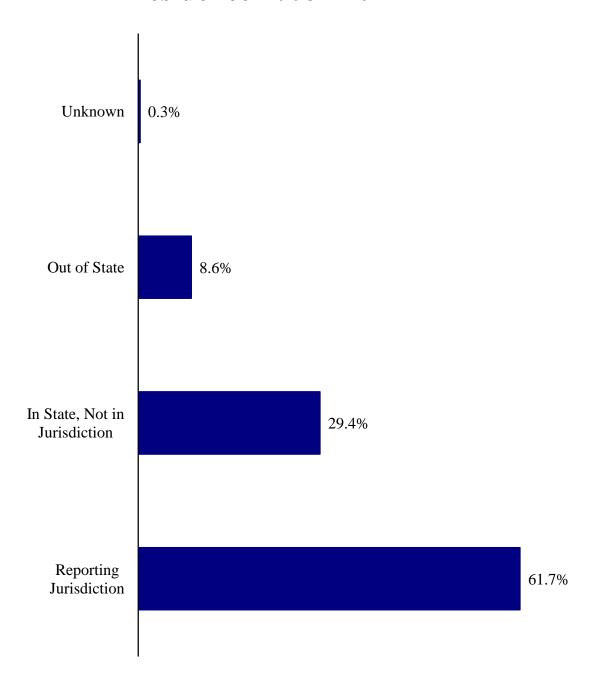
RESIDENCE: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's place of residence into one of three categories: residing in state but not in the reporting jurisdiction, residing out of state or residing within the reporting jurisdiction.

MARIJUANA ARRESTS BY ARRESTEE RESIDENCE 2008 - 2012

Place of Residence	Number of Arrests	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	31,621	29.4%
Out of State	9,243	8.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	66,420	61.7%
Unknown	328	0.3%
Total	107,612	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Marijuana Arrests by Arrestee Residence 2008 - 2012



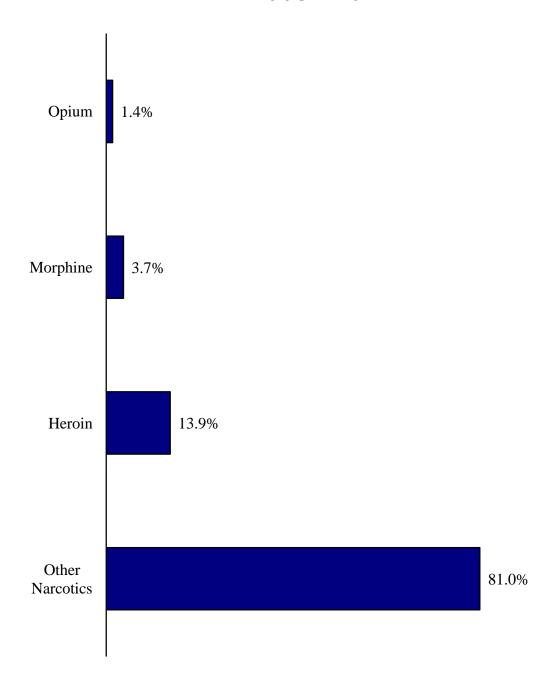
Opiates accounted for 4.7% of total drug arrests from 2008 to 2012. Other narcotics were the most frequently reported type of opiate involved in drug arrests, accounting for 81.0% of opiate arrests.

OPIATE ARRESTS BY TYPE OF OPIATE 2008 - 2012

Type of Opiate	Number	Percent
Heroin	1,055	13.9%
Morphine	283	3.7%
Opium	105	1.4%
Other Narcotics	6,169	81.0%
Total	7,612	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Opiate Arrests by Type of Opiate 2008 - 2012



The opiate arrest rate increased 52% from 2008 to 2012.

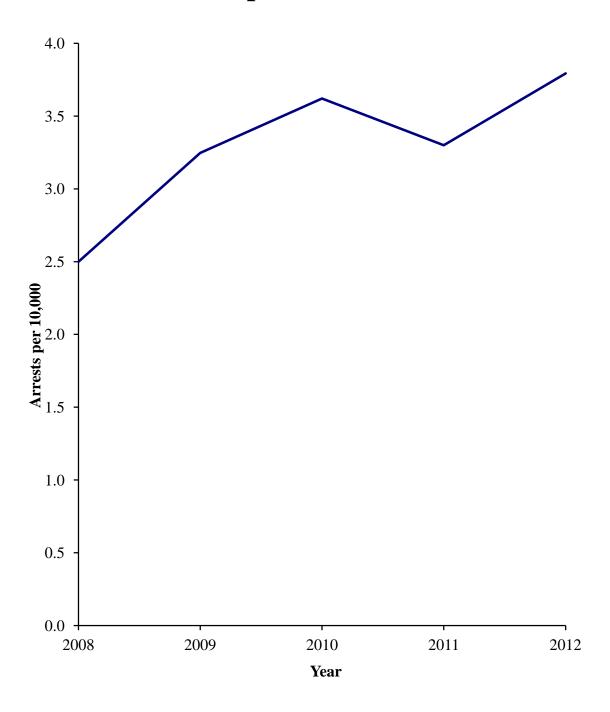
OPIATE ARRESTS

Year	Number of Opiate Arrests	Arrest Rate	Change
2008	1,120	2.5	
2009	1,481	3.2	+28.0%
2010	1,675	3.6	+12.5%
2011	1,544	3.3	-8.3%
2012	1,792	3.8	+15.2%

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: Unpublished report, SCDC; population estimates, RFA.

Opiate Arrests



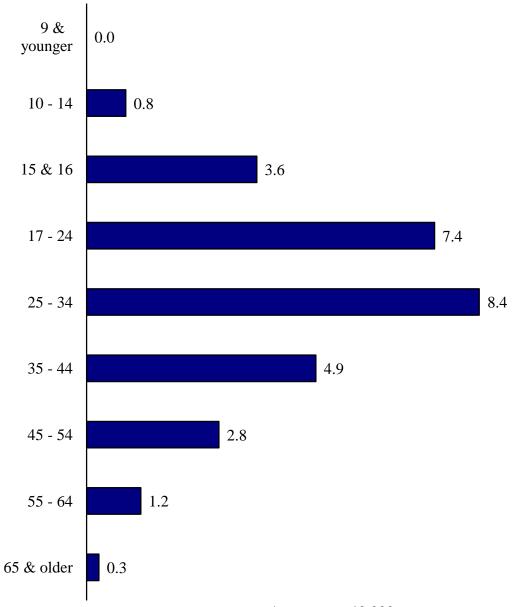
The 25 to 34 year old age group accounted for 32.8% of opiate arrests and had the highest opiate arrest rate. Juveniles accounted for 4.5% of opiate arrests.

OPIATE ARRESTS BY AGE 2008 - 2012

Age Group	Number of Arrestees	Percent	Arrest Rate
Juveniles	341	4.5%	0.7
9 & younger	0	0.0%	0.0
10 - 14	123	1.6%	0.8
15 & 16	218	2.9%	3.6
Adults	7,255	95.3%	4.0
17 - 24	1,960	25.7%	7.4
25 - 34	2,493	32.8%	8.4
35 - 44	1,465	19.2%	4.9
45 - 54	918	12.1%	2.8
55 - 64	335	4.4%	1.2
65 & younger	84	1.1%	0.3
Missing/Age Rang	ge 16	0.2%	NA
Total	7,612	100.0%	3.3

Notes: Juveniles are defined in this report as being 16 years of age or younger at the time of the offense. By state statute, juveniles are defined as being 16 or younger with specified exceptions (SC Code of Laws – Section 63-19-20). Ages that were entered as a range, e.g.; 16-18, were treated as missing data. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Opiate Arrests by Age 2008 - 2012



Arrests per 10,000

Males accounted for 69.5% of those arrested for drug offenses involving opiates. The opiate arrest rate for males was 4.7 compared to the opiate arrest rate of 2.0 for females.

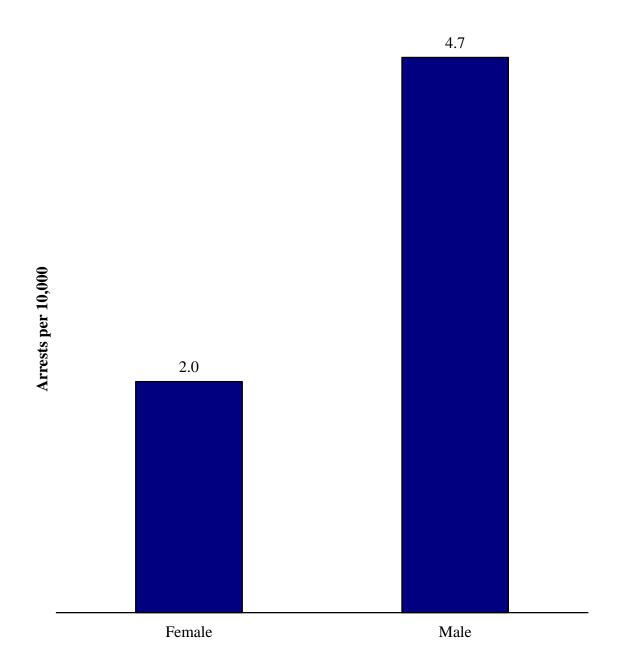
OPIATE ARRESTS BY SEX 2008 - 2012

Sex	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Female	2,322	30.5%	2.0
Male	5,290	69.5%	4.7
Total	7,612	100.0%	3.3

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Opiate Arrests by Sex 2008 - 2012



Whites accounted for 77.1% of opiate drug arrests, Blacks accounted for 22.2%.

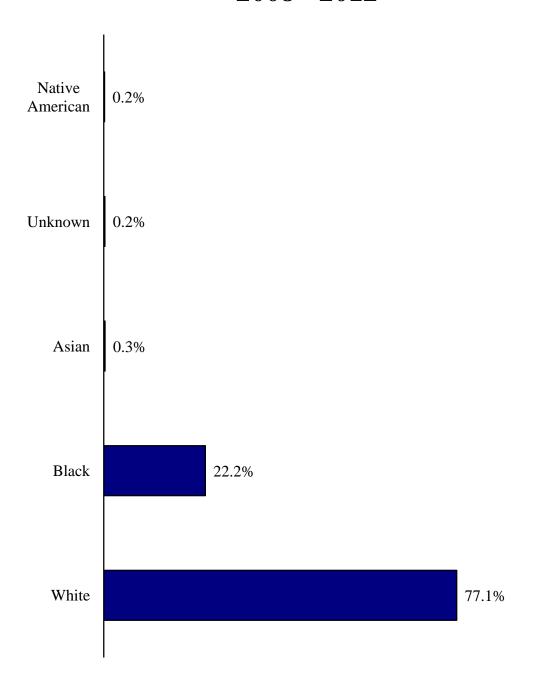
RACE: SCIBRS classifies race into four categories: Asian, Black, Native American and White.

OPIATE ARRESTS BY RACE 2008 - 2012

Number of			
Race	Arrests	Percent	
Asian	21	0.3%	
Black	1,690	22.2%	
Native American	12	0.2%	
Unknown	18	0.2%	
White	5,871	77.1%	
Total	7,612	100.0%	

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Opiate Arrests by Race 2008 - 2012



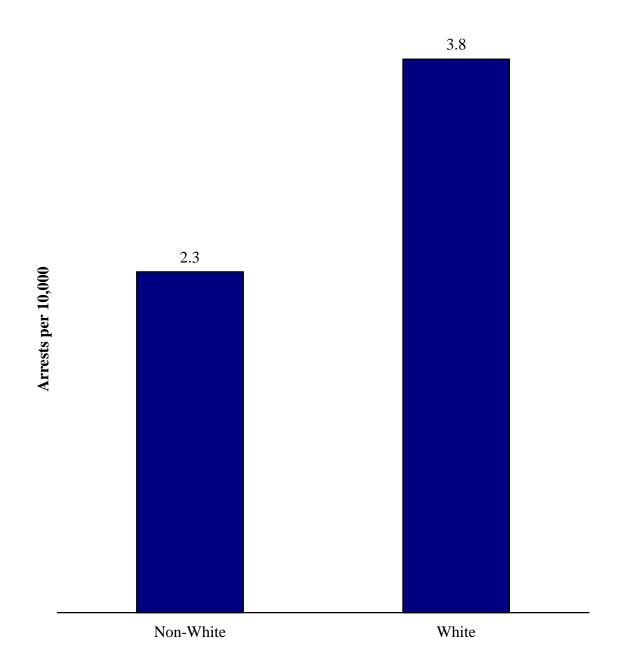
The opiate drug arrest rate among Whites was 3.8 compared to an opiate arrest rate of 2.3 among Non-Whites.

OPIATE ARRESTS BY RACIAL GROUP 2008 - 2012

Number of			Arrest
Racial Group	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Non-White	1,723	22.6%	2.3
Unknown	18	0.2%	NA
White	5,871	77.1%	3.8
Total	7,612	100.0%	3.3

Notes: SCIBRS categorizes race as Asian, Black, Native American or White. The RFA population estimates provide different racial categories. Consequently, the categories of White and Non-White (Non-White was defined as Asian, Black or Native American in SCIBRS, Non-White was defined as all groups other than White in the RFA population estimates) were used to calculate arrest rates. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Opiate Arrests by Racial Group 2008 - 2012



Hispanics accounted for 1.4% of opiate arrests. The opiate arrest rate among Hispanics was 1.0, compared to an opiate arrest rate of 3.4 among Non-Hispanics.

ETHNICITY: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's ethnicity as either Hispanic or Non-Hispanic.

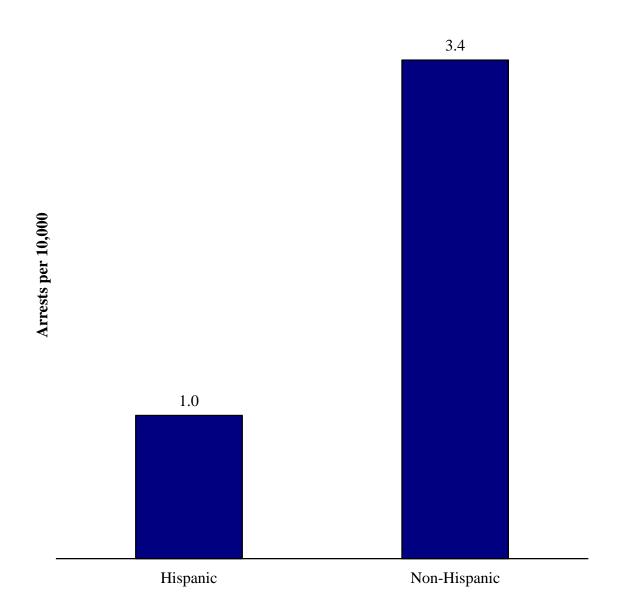
OPIATE ARRESTS BY ETHNICITY 2008 - 2012

	Number of		Arrest
Ethnicity	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Hispanic	110	1.4%	1.0
Non-Hispanic	7,426	97.6%	3.4
Unknown	76	1.0%	NA
Total	7,612	100.0%	3.3

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Opiate Arrests by Ethnicity 2008 - 2012



Arrestees residing in the reporting jurisdiction accounted for 60.3% of opiate arrests.

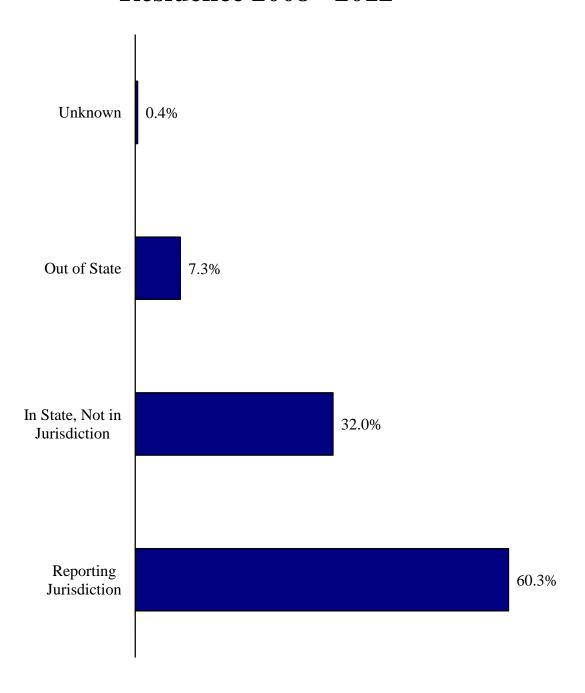
RESIDENCE: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's place of residence into one of three categories: residing in state but not in the reporting jurisdiction, residing out of state or residing within the reporting jurisdiction.

OPIATE ARRESTS BY ARRESTEE RESIDENCE 2008 - 2012

Number of			
Place of Residence	Arrests	Percent	
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	2,433	32.0%	
Out of State	556	7.3%	
Reporting Jurisdiction	4,593	60.3%	
Unknown	30	0.4%	
Total	7,612	100.0%	

Source: SCIBRS, SLED

Opiate Arrests by Arrestee Residence 2008 - 2012



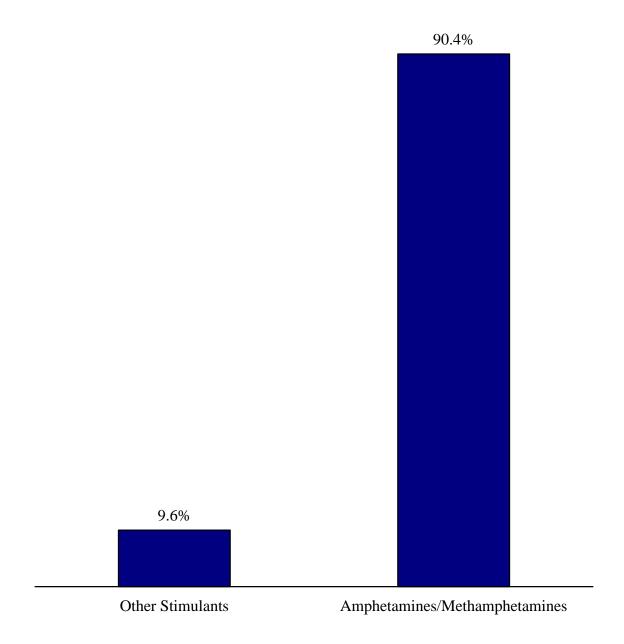
Stimulants accounted for 4.2% of total drug arrests from 2008 to 2012. Amphetamines/methamphetamines accounted for 90.4% of stimulant arrests.

STIMULANT ARRESTS BY TYPE OF STIMULANT 2008 - 2012

Type of Stimulant	Number	Percent
Amphetamines/Methamphetamine	es 6,172	90.4%
Other Stimulants	655	9.6%
Total	6,827	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Stimulant Arrests by Type of Stimulant 2008 - 2012



The stimulant arrest rate increased 181.3% from 2008 to 2012.

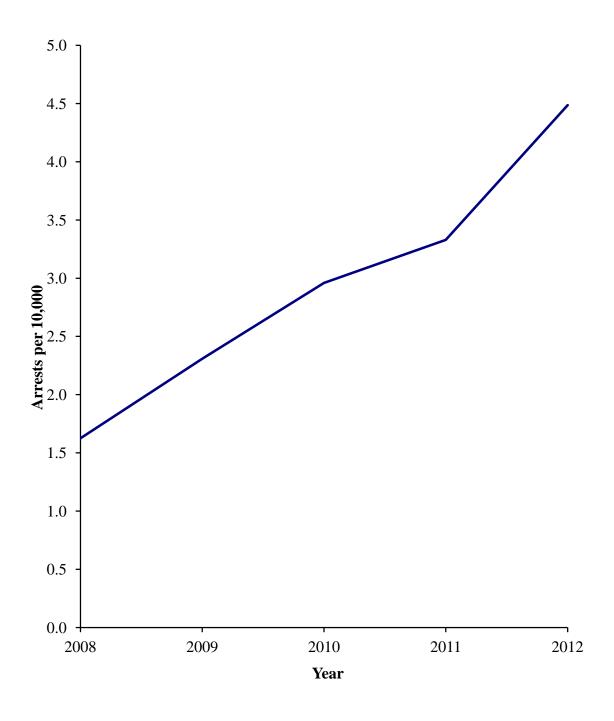
STIMULANT ARRESTS

Year	Number of Stimulant Arrests	Arrest Rate	Change
2008	728	1.6	
2009	1,053	2.3	+43.8%
2010	1,369	3.0	+30.4%
2011	1,558	3.3	+10.0%
2012	2,119	4.5	+36.4%

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Stimulant Arrests



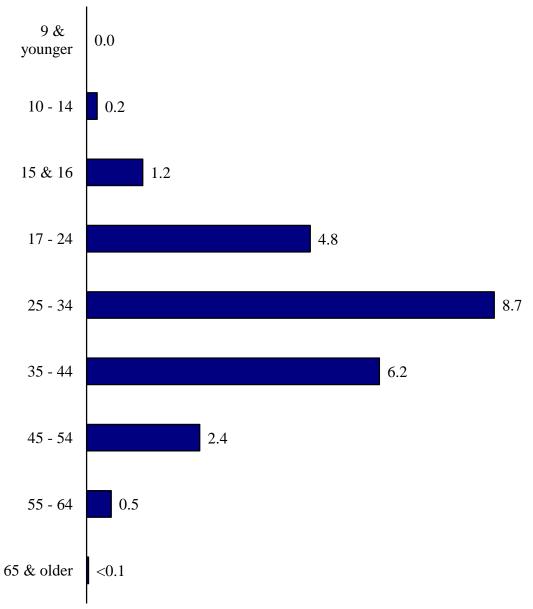
The 25 to 34 year old age group accounted for 37.9% of stimulant arrests and had the highest arrest rate for stimulant offenses. Juveniles accounted for 1.5% of stimulant arrests.

STIMULANT ARRESTS BY AGE 2008 - 2012

Age Group	Number of Arrestees	Percent	Arrest Rate
Juveniles	105	1.5%	0.2
9 & younger	0	0.0%	0.0
10 - 14	33	0.5%	0.2
15 & 16	72	1.1%	1.2
Adults	6,668	97.7%	3.7
17 - 24	1,260	18.5%	4.8
25 - 34	2,588	37.9%	8.7
35 - 44	1,870	27.4%	6.2
45 - 54	785	11.5%	2.4
55 - 64	152	2.2%	0.5
65 & older	13	0.2%	< 0.1
Missing/Age Rang	ge 54	0.8%	NA
Total	6,827	100.0%	3.0

Notes: Juveniles are defined in this report as being 16 years of age or younger at the time of the offense. By state statute, juveniles are defined as being 16 or younger with specified exceptions (SC Code of Laws – Section 63-19-20). Ages that were entered as a range, e.g.; 16-18, were treated as missing data. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Stimulant Arrests by Age 2008 - 2012



Males accounted for 68.5% of those arrested for drug offenses involving stimulants. The stimulant arrest rate among males was 4.2 compared to a stimulant arrest rate of 1.8 among females.

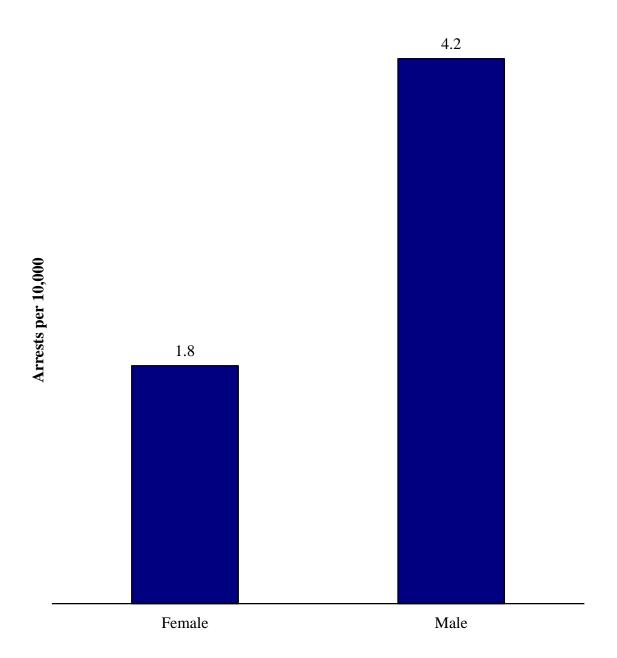
STIMULANT ARRESTS BY SEX 2008 - 2012

Sex	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Female	2,153	31.5%	1.8
Male	4,674	68.5%	4.2
Total	6,827	100.0%	3.0

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Stimulant Arrests by Sex 2008 - 2012



Whites accounted for 92.5% of stimulant drug arrests, Blacks accounted for 7.2%.

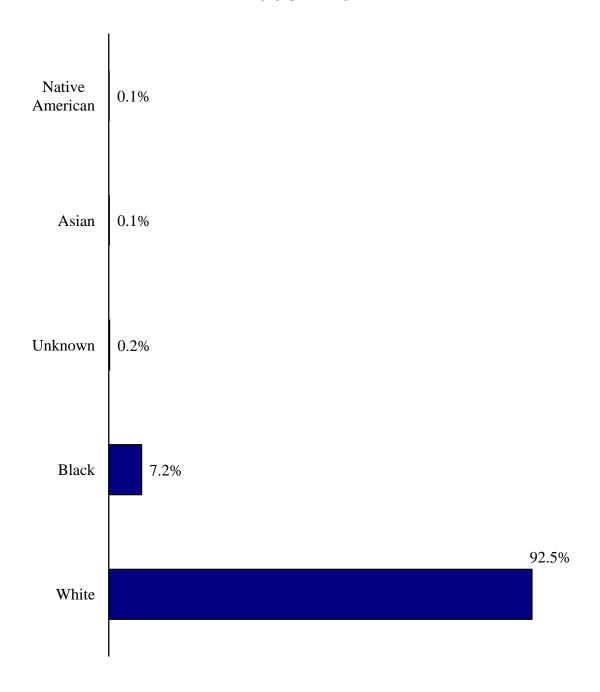
RACE: SCIBRS classifies race into four categories: Asian, Black, Native American and White.

STIMULANT ARRESTS BY RACE 2008 - 2012

	Number of	
Race	Arrests	Percent
Asian	7	0.1%
Black	489	7.2%
Native American	5	0.1%
Unknown	12	0.2%
White	6,314	92.5%
Total	6,827	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Stimulant Arrests by Race 2008 - 2012



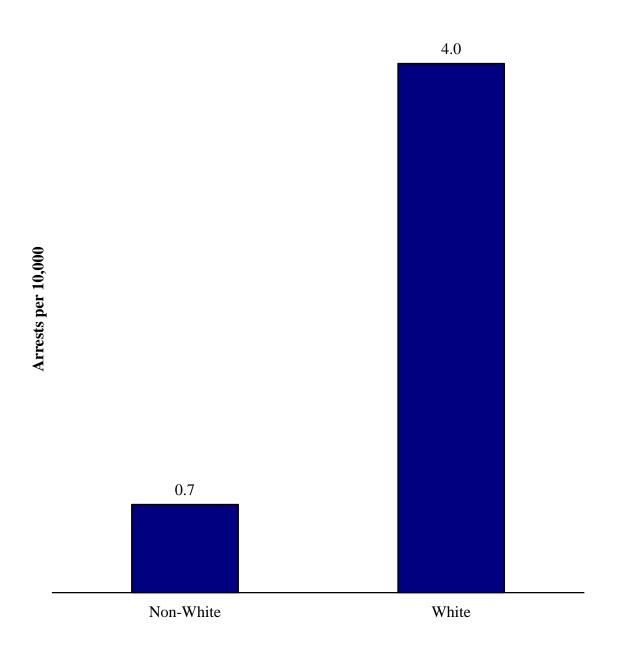
The stimulant arrest rate among Whites was 4.0, compared to the stimulant arrest rate of 0.7 among Non-Whites.

STIMULANT ARRESTS BY RACIAL GROUP 2008 - 2012

	Number of		Arrest
Racial Group	Arrests	Percent	Rate
Non-White	501	7.3%	0.7
Unknown	12	0.2%	NA
White	6,314	92.5%	4.0
Total	6,827	100.0%	3.0

Notes: SCIBRS categorizes race as Asian, Black, Native American or White. The RFA population estimates provide different racial categories. Consequently, the categories of White and Non-White (Non-White was defined as Asian, Black or Native American in SCIBRS, Non-White was defined as all groups other than White in the RFA population estimates) were used to calculate arrest rates. The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Stimulant Arrests by Racial Group 2008 - 2012



The stimulant arrest rate among Hispanics was 0.9 compared to the stimulant arrest rate of 3.0 among Non-Hispanics.

ETHNICITY: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's ethnicity as either Hispanic or Non-Hispanic.

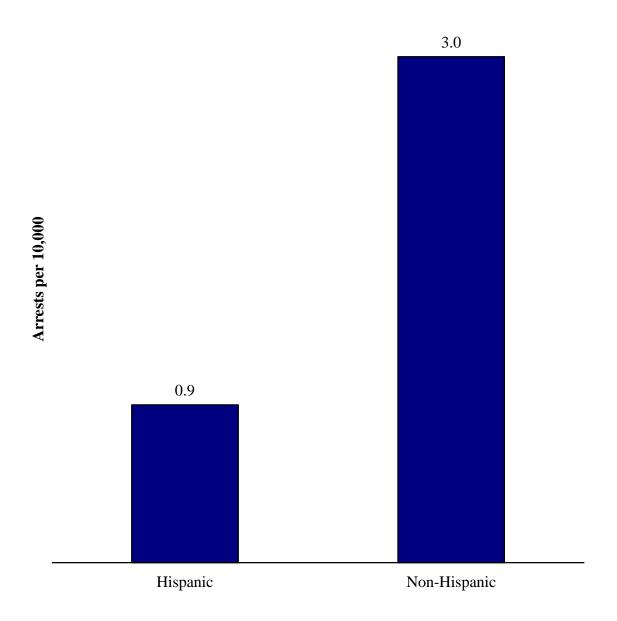
STIMULANT ARRESTS BY ETHNICITY 2008 - 2012

Ethnicity	Number of Arrests	Percent	Arrest Rate
Hispanic	106	1.6%	0.9
Non-Hispanic	6,594	96.6%	3.0
Unknown	127	1.9%	NA
Total	6,827	100.0%	3.0

Note: The arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Stimulant Arrests by Ethnicity 2008 - 2012



Arrestees residing in the reporting jurisdiction accounted for 63.8% of arrests for stimulants.

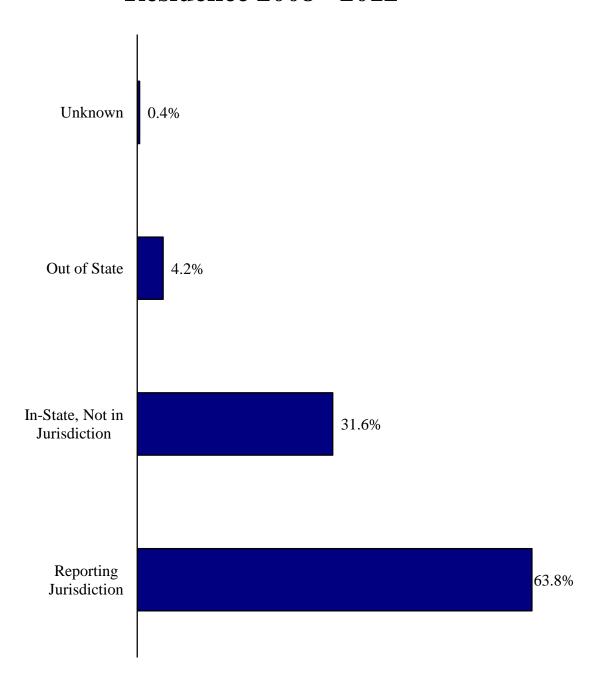
RESIDENCE: SCIBRS classifies the arrestee's place of residence into one of three categories: residing in state but not in the reporting jurisdiction, residing out of state or residing within the reporting jurisdiction.

STIMULANT ARRESTS BY ARRESTEE RESIDENCE 2008 - 2012

Place of Residence	Number of Arrests	Percent
In-State, Not in Jurisdiction	2,158	31.6%
Out of State	286	4.2%
Reporting Jurisdiction	4,356	63.8%
Unknown	27	0.4%
Total	6,827	100.0%

Source: SCIBRS, SLED

Stimulant Arrests by Arrestee Residence 2008 - 2012



STATE POPULATION USE ESTIMATES 2012

State Population Use Estimates

Counts of arrests, admissions to community correctional supervision and commitments to incarceration are an excellent source of information concerning the degree to which illegal drug activity is detected and dealt with by different parts of the criminal justice system. However, these sources do not provide any information concerning the general level of illegal drug use among the population of South Carolina. Fortunately the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), a branch of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, periodically conducts the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) survey. This survey of health practices and behaviors collects information concerning, among other things, illegal drug use among the population 12 years of age and older. The survey findings are reported at both the state and national levels, however only findings for South Carolina are included in this report. The data gathered from these surveys provides a valuable indicator regarding the level of illegal drug use among the population.

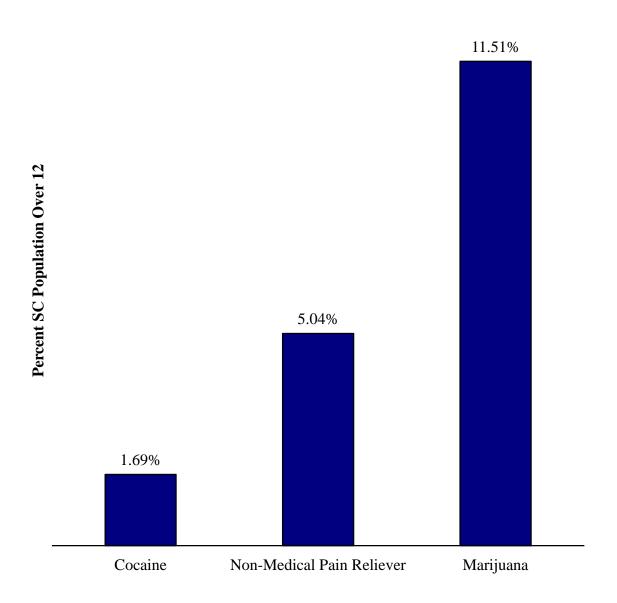
In 2012, 11.51% of the South Carolina population 12 years of age and older was estimated to have used marijuana in the past year.

ILLEGAL DRUG USE IN THE PAST YEAR 2012

Illicit Substance	Estimated Users	Percent of Population 12 and Older
Cocaine	66,000	1.69%
Marijuana	447,000	11.51%
Non-Medical Pain Reliever	195,000	5.04%

Source: NSDUH, SAMHSA.

Illegal Drug Use Past Year 2012



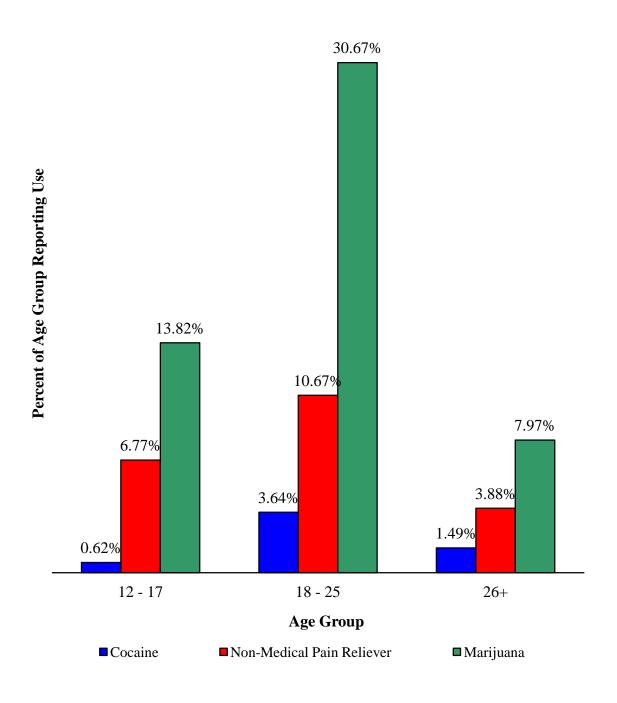
South Carolina's 18 to 25 year old population reported the highest levels of illegal drug use. Marijuana use was the illegal drug most frequently reported within each age group, followed by non-medical use of pain relievers.

ILLEGAL DRUG USE IN THE PAST YEAR BY AGE 2012

Illicit Substance	12 – 17	18 - 25	26+
Cocaine	0.62%	3.64%	1.49%
Marijuana	13.82%	30.67%	7.97%
Non-Medical Pain Rel	iever 6.77%	10.67%	3.88%

Source: NSDUH, SAMHSA.

Illegal Drug Use Past Year by Age 2012



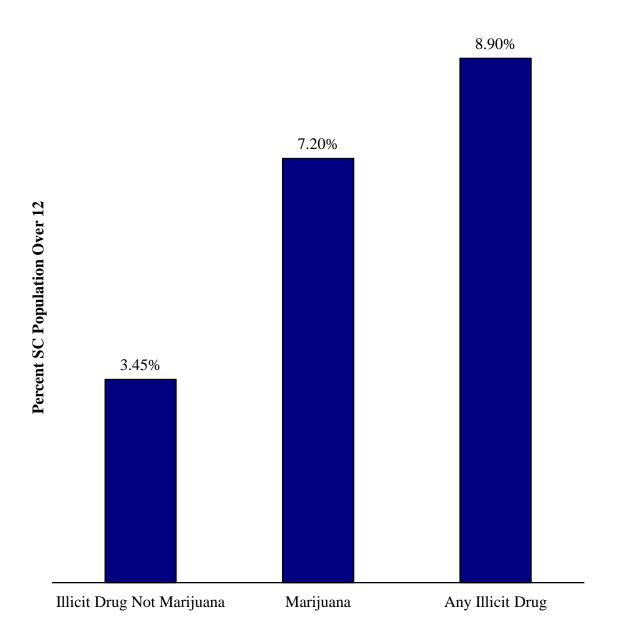
In 2012, 8.9% of the South Carolina population 12 years of age and older was estimated to have used illegal drugs in the past month.

ILLEGAL DRUG USE IN THE PAST MONTH 2012

Illicit Substance	Estimated Users	Percent of Population 12 and Older
Any Illicit Drug	345,000	8.90%
Illicit Drug Not Marijuana	134,000	3.45%
Marijuana	280,000	7.20%

Source: NSDUH, SAMHSA.

Illegal Drug Use Past Month 2012



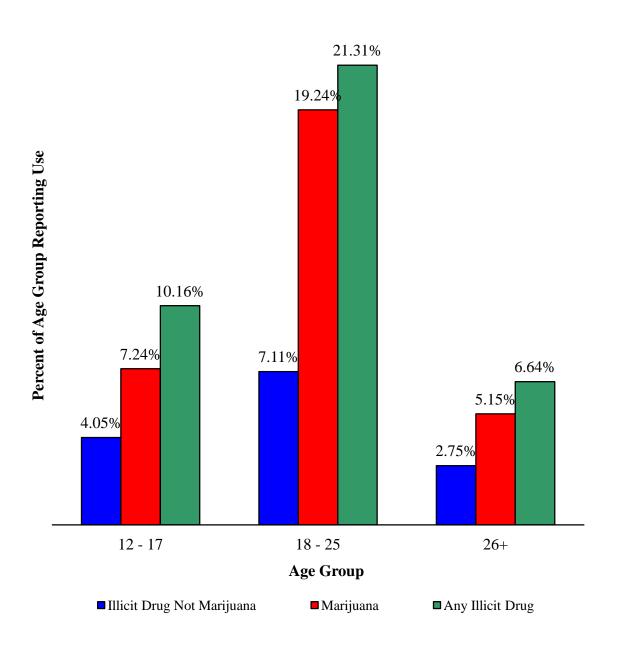
South Carolina's 18 to 25 year old population reported the highest levels of illegal drug use during the previous month in 2012.

ILLEGAL DRUG USE IN THE PAST MONTH BY AGE GROUP 2012

Illicit Substance	12 – 17	18 - 25	26+
Any Illicit Drug	10.16%	21.31%	6.64%
Illicit Drug Not Mari	ıjuana 4.05%	7.11%	2.75%
Marijuana	7.24%	19.24%	5.15%

Source: NSDUH, SAMHSA.

Illegal Drug Use Past Month by Age 2012



COUNTY RANKINGS

Greenville County reported 4,900 drug arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina counties.

DRUG ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	153	34	Greenwood	641	19
Aiken	908	12	Hampton	65	43
Allendale	33	45	Horry	1,687	4
Anderson	1,156	8	Jasper	110	40
Bamberg	145	36	Kershaw	548	21
Barnwell	135	37	Lancaster	574	20
Beaufort	1,061	11	Laurens	735	14
Berkeley	1,069	10	Lee	99	41
Calhoun	53	44	Lexington	1,422	7
Charleston	4,892	2	McCormick	13	46
Cherokee	497	22	Marion	162	33
Chester	348	28	Marlboro	224	31
Chesterfield	358	27	Newberry	494	23
Clarendon	392	25	Oconee	666	18
Colleton	315	29	Orangeburg	443	24
Darlington	875	13	Pickens	712	16
Dillon	223	32	Richland	1,515	6
Dorchester	698	17	Saluda	122	38
Edgefield	94	42	Spartanburg	1,650	5
Fairfield	120	39	Sumter	722	15
Florence	1,117	9	Union	392	25
Georgetown	249	30	Williamsburg	147	35
Greenville	4,900	1	York	1,940	3

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Union County's drug arrest rate of 138.8 was the highest among South Carolina counties in 2012.

DRUG ARREST RATE COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	61.0	25	Greenwood	91.9	10
Aiken	55.8	31	Hampton	31.4	45
Allendale	33.0	44	Horry	59.8	27
Anderson	61.0	24	Jasper	42.6	39
Bamberg	92.0	9	Kershaw	87.9	13
Barnwell	60.8	26	Lancaster	72.6	19
Beaufort	63.1	22	Laurens	111.0	6
Berkeley	56.3	30	Lee	53.1	32
Calhoun	35.5	43	Lexington	52.6	33
Charleston	134.0	2	Marion	49.9	35
Cherokee	89.3	11	Marlboro	79.6	17
Chester	106.9	7	McCormick	13.1	46
Chesterfield	77.7	18	Newberry	131.5	3
Clarendon	114.1	5	Oconee	89.2	12
Colleton	82.6	15	Orangeburg	48.4	37
Darlington	128.4	4	Pickens	59.5	28
Dillon	70.9	20	Richland	38.5	41
Dorchester	49.0	36	Saluda	61.3	23
Edgefield	35.7	42	Spartanburg	57.1	29
Fairfield	51.4	34	Sumter	66.8	21
Florence	81.0	16	Union	138.8	1
Georgetown	41.4	40	Williamsburg	43.7	38
Greenville	104.8	8	York	82.7	14

Notes: Drug arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Greenville County reported 649 commercial drug arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina counties.

COMMERCIAL DRUG ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2011

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	58	31	Greenwood	120	20
Aiken	121	18	Hampton	8	41
Allendale	2	45	Horry	204	9
Anderson	179	11	Jasper	23	37
Bamberg	7	42	Kershaw	93	24
Barnwell	30	34	Lancaster	73	27
Beaufort	172	12	Laurens	229	7
Berkeley	204	9	Lee	21	38
Calhoun	5	44	Lexington	228	8
Charleston	496	2	McCormick	0	46
Cherokee	160	14	Marion	10	40
Chester	63	30	Marlboro	121	18
Chesterfield	73	27	Newberry	72	29
Clarendon	99	23	Oconee	266	6
Colleton	79	26	Orangeburg	93	24
Darlington	158	16	Pickens	113	21
Dillon	34	33	Richland	267	5
Dorchester	106	22	Saluda	6	43
Edgefield	27	35	Spartanburg	485	3
Fairfield	54	32	Sumter	162	13
Florence	153	17	Union	159	15
Georgetown	19	39	Williamsburg	26	36
Greenville	649	1	York	326	4

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Union County's commercial drug arrest rate of 56.3 was the highest among South Carolina counties in 2012.

COMMERCIAL DRUG ARREST RATE COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	23.1	9	Greenwood	17.2	13
Aiken	7.4	36	Hampton	3.9	40
Allendale	2.0	45	Horry	7.2	37
Anderson	9.5	29	Jasper	8.9	32
Bamberg	4.4	39	Kershaw	14.9	17
Barnwell	13.5	21	Lancaster	9.2	31
Beaufort	10.2	27	Laurens	34.6	4
Berkeley	10.7	25	Lee	11.3	22
Calhoun	3.4	41	Lexington	8.4	33
Charleston	13.6	20	Marion	3.1	43
Cherokee	28.7	6	Marlboro	43.0	2
Chester	19.4	11	McCormick	0.0	46
Chesterfield	15.8	15	Newberry	19.2	12
Clarendon	28.8	5	Oconee	35.6	3
Colleton	20.7	10	Orangeburg	10.2	28
Darlington	23.2	7	Pickens	9.4	30
Dillon	10.8	24	Richland	6.8	38
Dorchester	7.4	35	Saluda	3.0	44
Edgefield	10.2	26	Spartanburg	16.8	14
Fairfield	23.1	8	Sumter	15.0	16
Florence	11.1	23	Union	56.3	1
Georgetown	3.2	42	Williamsburg	7.7	34
Greenville	13.9	19	York	13.9	18

Note: Commercial drug arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Charleston County reported 4,195 personal use drug arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina's counties.

PERSONAL USE DRUG ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	95	38	Greenwood	512	16
Aiken	711	12	Hampton	39	44
Allendale	30	45	Horry	1,416	4
Anderson	870	10	Jasper	87	39
Bamberg	134	33	Kershaw	439	19
Barnwell	96	36	Lancaster	486	18
Beaufort	874	9	Laurens	411	20
Berkeley	826	11	Lee	75	40
Calhoun	44	43	Lexington	1,096	6
Charleston	4,195	1	McCormick	13	46
Cherokee	336	23	Marion	147	32
Chester	276	26	Marlboro	96	36
Chesterfield	251	27	Newberry	354	21
Clarendon	288	25	Oconee	332	24
Colleton	203	29	Orangeburg	345	22
Darlington	707	13	Pickens	536	14
Dillon	184	31	Richland	1,245	5
Dorchester	499	17	Saluda	111	35
Edgefield	66	41	Spartanburg	1,081	7
Fairfield	63	42	Sumter	515	15
Florence	934	8	Union	218	28
Georgetown	197	30	Williamsburg	112	34
Greenville	3,104	2	York	1,577	3

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Charleston County's personal use drug arrest rate of 114.9 was the highest among South Carolina counties in 2012.

PERSONAL USE DRUG ARREST RATE COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	37.8	32	Greenwood	73.4	8
Aiken	43.7	27	Hampton	18.8	45
Allendale	30.0	41	Horry	50.2	21
Anderson	45.9	23	Jasper	33.7	37
Bamberg	85.0	4	Kershaw	70.4	9
Barnwell	43.2	29	Lancaster	61.4	14
Beaufort	52.0	20	Laurens	62.1	13
Berkeley	43.5	28	Lee	40.2	31
Calhoun	29.5	42	Lexington	40.5	30
Charleston	114.9	1	Marion	45.3	24
Cherokee	60.4	15	Marlboro	34.1	36
Chester	84.8	5	McCormick	13.1	46
Chesterfield	54.4	18	Newberry	94.2	3
Clarendon	83.8	6	Oconee	44.5	26
Colleton	53.2	19	Orangeburg	37.7	33
Darlington	103.8	2	Pickens	44.8	25
Dillon	58.5	16	Richland	31.6	40
Dorchester	35.0	35	Saluda	55.8	17
Edgefield	25.1	44	Spartanburg	37.4	34
Fairfield	27.0	43	Sumter	47.7	22
Florence	67.7	10	Union	77.2	7
Georgetown	32.7	39	Williamsburg	33.3	38
Greenville	66.4	12	York	67.2	11

Note: Personal use drug arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Greenville County reported 1,147 drug equipment arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina counties.

DRUG EQUIPMENT ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	0	44	Greenwood	9	26
Aiken	76	8	Hampton	18	20
Allendale	1	41	Horry	67	11
Anderson	107	3	Jasper	0	44
Bamberg	4	36	Kershaw	16	21
Barnwell	9	26	Lancaster	15	22
Beaufort	15	22	Laurens	95	5
Berkeley	39	14	Lee	3	38
Calhoun	4	36	Lexington	98	4
Charleston	201	2	McCormick	0	44
Cherokee	1	41	Marion	5	31
Chester	9	26	Marlboro	7	30
Chesterfield	34	16	Newberry	68	9
Clarendon	5	31	Oconee	68	9
Colleton	33	17	Orangeburg	5	31
Darlington	10	25	Pickens	63	12
Dillon	5	31	Richland	3	38
Dorchester	93	6	Saluda	5	31
Edgefield	1	41	Spartanburg	84	7
Fairfield	3	38	Sumter	45	13
Florence	30	19	Union	15	22
Georgetown	33	17	Williamsburg	9	26
Greenville	1,147	1	York	37	15

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Greenville County's drug equipment arrest rate of 24.5 was the highest among South Carolina's counties in 2012.

DRUG EQUIPMENT ARREST RATES COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	0.0	44	Greenwood	1.3	36
Aiken	4.7	14	Hampton	8.7	5
Allendale	1.0	38	Horry	2.4	26
Anderson	5.7	9	Jasper	0.0	44
Bamberg	2.5	23	Kershaw	2.6	22
Barnwell	4.1	16	Lancaster	1.9	29
Beaufort	0.9	39	Laurens	14.3	3
Berkeley	2.1	28	Lee	1.6	30
Calhoun	2.7	20	Lexington	3.6	17
Charleston	5.5	10	Marion	1.5	33
Cherokee	0.2	42	Marlboro	2.5	25
Chester	2.8	19	McCormick	0.0	44
Chesterfield	7.4	7	Newberry	18.1	2
Clarendon	1.5	35	Oconee	9.1	4
Colleton	8.6	6	Orangeburg	0.5	40
Darlington	1.5	34	Pickens	5.3	13
Dillon	1.6	31	Richland	0.1	43
Dorchester	6.5	8	Saluda	2.5	24
Edgefield	0.4	41	Spartanburg	2.9	18
Fairfield	1.3	37	Sumter	4.2	15
Florence	2.2	27	Union	5.3	12
Georgetown	5.5	11	Williamsburg	2.7	21
Greenville	24.5	1	York	1.6	32

Note: Drug equipment arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Source: SCIBRS, SLED, population estimates, RFA.

Charleston County reported 3,504 cannabis arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina's counties.

CANNABIS ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	93	35	Greenwood	418	17
Aiken	471	14	Hampton	35	44
Allendale	23	45	Horry	1,154	5
Anderson	574	11	Jasper	80	39
Bamberg	124	34	Kershaw	448	15
Barnwell	88	38	Lancaster	386	18
Beaufort	830	7	Laurens	292	23
Berkeley	788	9	Lee	59	42
Calhoun	38	43	Lexington	817	8
Charleston	3,504	1	McCormick	9	46
Cherokee	222	27	Marion	139	33
Chester	263	25	Marlboro	146	32
Chesterfield	230	26	Newberry	318	21
Clarendon	265	24	Oconee	340	19
Colleton	181	29	Orangeburg	308	22
Darlington	542	12	Pickens	335	20
Dillon	174	30	Richland	1,235	4
Dorchester	448	15	Saluda	92	36
Edgefield	67	40	Spartanburg	857	6
Fairfield	60	41	Sumter	515	13
Florence	724	10	Union	213	28
Georgetown	157	31	Williamsburg	92	36
Greenville	2,230	2	York	1,337	3

Notes: Cannabis includes both marijuana and hashish. Marijuana arrests account for the majority of cannabis arrests.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Charleston County's cannabis arrest rate of 96.0 was the highest among South Carolina counties in 2012.

CANNABIS ARREST RATE COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	37.1	28	Greenwood	59.9	9
Aiken	28.9	37	Hampton	16.9	45
Allendale	23.0	44	Horry	40.9	25
Anderson	30.3	34	Jasper	31.0	33
Bamberg	78.7	5	Kershaw	71.9	8
Barnwell	39.6	27	Lancaster	48.8	16
Beaufort	49.4	15	Laurens	44.1	22
Berkeley	41.5	24	Lee	31.6	30
Calhoun	25.5	42	Lexington	30.2	35
Charleston	96.0	1	Marion	42.8	23
Cherokee	39.9	26	Marlboro	51.9	13
Chester	80.8	3	McCormick	9.1	46
Chesterfield	49.9	14	Newberry	84.6	2
Clarendon	77.1	6	Oconee	45.6	21
Colleton	47.4	19	Orangeburg	33.7	29
Darlington	79.5	4	Pickens	28.0	38
Dillon	55.3	11	Richland	31.4	32
Dorchester	31.4	31	Saluda	46.2	20
Edgefield	25.4	43	Spartanburg	29.7	36
Fairfield	25.7	41	Sumter	47.7	18
Florence	52.5	12	Union	75.4	7
Georgetown	26.1	40	Williamsburg	27.4	39
Greenville	47.7	17	York	57.0	10

Notes: Cannabis includes both marijuana and hashish. Marijuana arrests account for the majority of cannabis arrests. Cannabis arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: SCIBRS, SLED; population estimates, RFA.

Charleston County reported 854 cocaine arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina's counties.

COCAINE ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	22	35	Greenwood	50	25
Aiken	162	10	Hampton	11	42
Allendale	5	45	Horry	223	5
Anderson	168	9	Jasper	22	35
Bamberg	8	43	Kershaw	64	20
Barnwell	19	37	Lancaster	91	16
Beaufort	129	13	Laurens	54	24
Berkeley	114	14	Lee	26	32
Calhoun	6	44	Lexington	172	8
Charleston	854	1	McCormick	1	46
Cherokee	75	17	Marion	13	40
Chester	43	26	Marlboro	25	34
Chesterfield	38	28	Newberry	41	27
Clarendon	57	22	Oconee	60	21
Colleton	55	23	Orangeburg	110	15
Darlington	151	11	Pickens	26	32
Dillon	17	38	Richland	215	6
Dorchester	71	18	Saluda	13	40
Edgefield	14	39	Spartanburg	439	3
Fairfield	34	29	Sumter	135	12
Florence	204	7	Union	65	19
Georgetown	27	31	Williamsburg	34	29
Greenville	556	2	York	240	4

Note: Cocaine includes both crack and powder cocaine.

Source: SCIBRS, SLED.

Charleston County's cocaine arrest rate of 23.4 in 2012 was the highest among South Carolina's counties.

COCAINE ARREST RATE COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	8.8	23	Greenwood	7.2	31
Aiken	10.0	20	Hampton	5.3	38
Allendale	5.0	40	Horry	7.9	29
Anderson	8.9	22	Jasper	8.5	25
Bamberg	5.1	39	Kershaw	10.3	17
Barnwell	8.6	24	Lancaster	11.5	15
Beaufort	7.7	30	Laurens	8.2	27
Berkeley	6.0	34	Lee	13.9	9
Calhoun	4.0	43	Lexington	6.4	33
Charleston	23.4	1	Marion	4.0	44
Cherokee	13.5	10	Marlboro	8.9	21
Chester	13.2	11	McCormick	1.0	46
Chesterfield	8.2	26	Newberry	10.9	16
Clarendon	16.6	4	Oconee	8.0	28
Colleton	14.4	8	Orangeburg	12.0	13
Darlington	22.2	3	Pickens	2.2	45
Dillon	5.4	36	Richland	5.5	35
Dorchester	5.0	41	Saluda	6.5	32
Edgefield	5.3	37	Spartanburg	15.2	5
Fairfield	14.6	7	Sumter	12.5	12
Florence	14.8	6	Union	23.0	2
Georgetown	4.5	42	Williamsburg	10.1	19
Greenville	11.9	14	York	10.2	18

Notes: Cocaine includes both crack and powder cocaine. Cocaine arrest rate is

expressed per 10,000.

Charleston County reported 156 arrests for opiate offenses in 2012, the most among South Carolina's counties.

OPIATE ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	9	32	Greenwood	21	25
Aiken	89	7	Hampton	1	42
Allendale	0	43	Horry	140	2
Anderson	58	11	Jasper	3	39
Bamberg	3	39	Kershaw	6	34
Barnwell	12	31	Lancaster	33	18
Beaufort	74	9	Laurens	47	16
Berkeley	58	11	Lee	5	36
Calhoun	4	37	Lexington	87	8
Charleston	156	1	McCormick	2	41
Cherokee	52	14	Marion	0	43
Chester	20	26	Marlboro	0	43
Chesterfield	28	20	Newberry	14	29
Clarendon	29	19	Oconee	36	17
Colleton	14	29	Orangeburg	7	33
Darlington	95	6	Pickens	104	5
Dillon	15	28	Richland	27	22
Dorchester	28	20	Saluda	4	37
Edgefield	0	43	Spartanburg	50	15
Fairfield	22	24	Sumter	18	27
Florence	65	10	Union	58	11
Georgetown	23	23	Williamsburg	6	34
Greenville	133	4	York	136	3

Union County's opiate arrest rate of 20.5 was the highest among South Carolina's counties in 2012.

OPIATE ARREST RATES COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	3.6	23	Greenwood	3.0	27
Aiken	5.5	11	Hampton	0.5	42
Allendale	0.0	43	Horry	5.0	13
Anderson	3.1	25	Jasper	1.2	38
Bamberg	1.9	34	Kershaw	1.0	39
Barnwell	5.4	12	Lancaster	4.2	19
Beaufort	4.4	17	Laurens	7.1	7
Berkeley	3.1	26	Lee	2.7	30
Calhoun	2.7	29	Lexington	3.2	24
Charleston	4.3	18	Marion	0.0	43
Cherokee	9.3	4	Marlboro	0.0	43
Chester	6.1	8	McCormick	2.0	31
Chesterfield	6.1	9	Newberry	3.7	21
Clarendon	8.4	6	Oconee	4.8	14
Colleton	3.7	22	Orangeburg	0.8	40
Darlington	13.9	2	Pickens	8.7	5
Dillon	4.8	15	Richland	0.7	41
Dorchester	2.0	33	Saluda	2.0	32
Edgefield	0.0	43	Spartanburg	1.7	36
Fairfield	9.4	3	Sumter	1.7	37
Florence	4.7	16	Union	20.5	1
Georgetown	3.8	20	Williamsburg	1.8	35
Greenville	2.8	28	York	5.8	10

Note: Opiate arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Greenville County reported 477 stimulant arrests in 2012, the most among South Carolina's counties.

STIMULANT ARRESTS COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	27	18	Greenwood	113	7
Aiken	80	9	Hampton	0	41
Allendale	0	41	Horry	29	16
Anderson	215	2	Jasper	1	35
Bamberg	2	34	Kershaw	6	28
Barnwell	0	41	Lancaster	3	32
Beaufort	6	28	Laurens	208	3
Berkeley	47	13	Lee	0	41
Calhoun	1	35	Lexington	129	5
Charleston	49	11	McCormick	1	35
Cherokee	136	4	Marion	0	41
Chester	1	35	Marlboro	5	31
Chesterfield	14	22	Newberry	37	15
Clarendon	9	24	Oconee	107	8
Colleton	20	21	Orangeburg	8	26
Darlington	27	18	Pickens	127	6
Dillon	7	27	Richland	9	24
Dorchester	46	14	Saluda	6	28
Edgefield	11	23	Spartanburg	48	12
Fairfield	1	35	Sumter	1	35
Florence	22	20	Union	29	16
Georgetown	0	41	Williamsburg	3	32
Greenville	477	1	York	51	10

Laurens County's stimulant arrest rate of 31.4 was the highest among South Carolina's counties in 2012.

STIMULANT ARREST RATES COUNTY RANKINGS 2012

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	10.8	6	Greenwood	16.2	3
Aiken	4.9	12	Hampton	0.0	41
Allendale	0.0	41	Horry	1.0	28
Anderson	11.4	5	Jasper	0.4	35
Bamberg	1.3	27	Kershaw	1.0	30
Barnwell	0.0	41	Lancaster	0.4	36
Beaufort	0.4	37	Laurens	31.4	1
Berkeley	2.5	20	Lee	0.0	41
Calhoun	0.7	33	Lexington	4.8	13
Charleston	1.3	26	Marion	0.0	41
Cherokee	24.4	2	Marlboro	1.8	23
Chester	0.3	38	McCormick	1.0	29
Chesterfield	3.0	17	Newberry	9.8	10
Clarendon	2.6	19	Oconee	14.3	4
Colleton	5.2	11	Orangeburg	0.9	32
Darlington	4.0	15	Pickens	10.6	7
Dillon	2.2	21	Richland	0.2	39
Dorchester	3.2	16	Saluda	3.0	18
Edgefield	4.2	14	Spartanburg	1.7	24
Fairfield	0.4	34	Sumter	0.1	40
Florence	1.6	25	Union	10.3	8
Georgetown	0.0	41	Williamsburg	0.9	31
Greenville	10.2	9	York	2.2	22

Note: Stimulant arrest rate is expressed per 10,000.

Greenville County had 446 probationers admitted with drug offenses in FY 13, the most among South Carolina's counties.

PROBATION DRUG ADMISSIONS COUNTY RANKINGS FY 13

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	35	28	Greenwood	50	22
Aiken	100	11	Hampton	3	45
Allendale	0	46	Horry	163	7
Anderson	185	6	Jasper	15	36
Bamberg	5	44	Kershaw	30	32
Barnwell	9	41	Lancaster	44	23
Beaufort	41	24	Laurens	70	17
Berkeley	125	10	Lee	10	39
Calhoun	6	42	Lexington	153	8
Charleston	340	3	McCormick	6	42
Cherokee	99	12	Marion	41	24
Chester	31	30	Marlboro	13	38
Chesterfield	10	39	Newberry	37	27
Clarendon	51	21	Oconee	69	18
Colleton	39	26	Orangeburg	87	15
Darlington	54	20	Pickens	90	14
Dillon	16	35	Richland	207	4
Dorchester	73	16	Saluda	14	37
Edgefield	35	28	Spartanburg	384	2
Fairfield	19	34	Sumter	97	13
Florence	137	9	Union	64	19
Georgetown	31	30	Williamsburg	27	33
Greenville	446	1	York	187	5

Note: A total of 62 probation drug admissions were missing county data, these cases are not included in this chart.

Source: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS.

Union County's probation drug admission rate of 22.7 was the highest among South Carolina's counties in FY 13.

PROBATION DRUG ADMISSIONS COUNTY RANKINGS FY 13

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	13.9	4	Greenwood	7.2	24
Aiken	6.1	27	Hampton	1.4	45
Allendale	0.0	46	Horry	5.8	30
Anderson	9.8	12	Jasper	5.8	29
Bamberg	3.2	42	Kershaw	4.8	38
Barnwell	4.1	40	Lancaster	5.6	32
Beaufort	2.4	43	Laurens	10.6	8
Berkeley	6.6	26	Lee	5.4	33
Calhoun	4.0	41	Lexington	5.7	31
Charleston	9.3	16	McCormick	6.0	28
Cherokee	17.8	2	Marion	12.6	7
Chester	9.5	14	Marlboro	4.6	39
Chesterfield	2.2	44	Newberry	9.8	11
Clarendon	14.8	3	Oconee	9.2	17
Colleton	10.2	9	Orangeburg	9.5	15
Darlington	7.9	22	Pickens	7.5	23
Dillon	5.1	37	Richland	5.3	34
Dorchester	5.1	36	Saluda	7.0	25
Edgefield	13.3	6	Spartanburg	13.3	5
Fairfield	8.1	19	Sumter	9.0	18
Florence	9.9	10	Union	22.7	1
Georgetown	5.2	35	Williamsburg	8.0	20
Greenville	9.5	13	York	8.0	21

Notes: A total of 62 probation drug admissions were missing county data, these cases are not included in this chart. Probation drug admission rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: Unpublished report, SCDPPPS; population estimates, RFA.

Spartanburg County had 265 inmates admitted with drug offenses in FY 13, the most among South Carolina's counties.

INMATE DRUG ADMISSIONS COUNTY RANKINGS FY 13

County	Number	Rank	County	Number	Rank
Abbeville	4	41	Greenwood	37	15
Aiken	54	10	Hampton	1	45
Allendale	3	43	Horry	179	3
Anderson	38	14	Jasper	20	24
Bamberg	3	43	Kershaw	17	27
Barnwell	8	39	Lancaster	18	26
Beaufort	23	22	Laurens	36	17
Berkeley	46	13	Lee	9	37
Calhoun	1	45	Lexington	118	6
Charleston	131	4	McCormick	4	41
Cherokee	85	8	Marion	34	18
Chester	12	33	Marlboro	11	34
Chesterfield	13	31	Newberry	21	23
Clarendon	17	27	Oconee	31	19
Colleton	13	31	Orangeburg	28	20
Darlington	27	21	Pickens	37	15
Dillon	9	37	Richland	67	9
Dorchester	19	25	Saluda	6	40
Edgefield	11	34	Spartanburg	265	1
Fairfield	16	29	Sumter	54	10
Florence	123	5	Union	48	12
Georgetown	14	30	Williamsburg	g 10	36
Greenville	227	2	York	107	7

Source: Unpublished report, SCDC.

Union County's inmate drug admission rate of 17.0 was the highest among South Carolina's counties in FY 13.

INMATE DRUG ADMISSION RATES COUNTY RANKINGS FY 13

County	Rate	Rank	County	Rate	Rank
Abbeville	1.6	42	Greenwood	5.3	11
Aiken	3.3	27	Hampton	0.5	46
Allendale	3.0	31	Horry	6.3	8
Anderson	2.0	39	Jasper	7.7	6
Bamberg	1.9	40	Kershaw	2.7	35
Barnwell	3.6	24	Lancaster	2.3	38
Beaufort	1.4	43	Laurens	5.4	10
Berkeley	2.4	36	Lee	4.8	15
Calhoun	0.7	45	Lexington	4.4	17
Charleston	3.6	25	McCormick	4.0	20
Cherokee	15.3	2	Marion	10.5	3
Chester	3.7	23	Marlboro	3.9	22
Chesterfield	2.8	34	Newberry	5.6	9
Clarendon	4.9	13	Oconee	4.2	19
Colleton	3.4	26	Orangeburg	3.1	29
Darlington	4.0	21	Pickens	3.1	28
Dillon	2.9	33	Richland	1.7	41
Dorchester	1.3	44	Saluda	3.0	30
Edgefield	4.2	18	Spartanburg	9.2	4
Fairfield	6.8	7	Sumter	5.0	12
Florence	8.9	5	Union	17.0	1
Georgetown	2.3	37	Williamsburg	3.0	32
Greenville	4.9	14	York	4.6	16

Note: Inmate drug admission rate is expressed per 10,000.

Sources: Unpublished report, SCDC; population estimates, RFA.

COUNTY FIVE YEAR TRENDS AND OFFENDER PROFILES

ABBEVILLE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	187	73.6	
2009	193	76.9	4.5%
2010	136	53.6	-30.2%
2011	124	49.3	-8.1%
2012	153	61.0	23.7%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	39.4	100	2008
4.3%	41.0	103	2009
-29.8%	28.8	73	2010
-6.1%	27.0	68	2011
37.1%	37.1	93	2012

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	37	14.6	
2009	34	13.5	-7.0%
2010	27	10.6	-21.4%
2011	9	3.6	-66.4%
2012	21	8.4	133.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	2.0	
2009	11	4.4	122.7%
2010	3	1.2	-73.0%
2011	1	0.4	-66.4%
2012	1	0.4	0.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	6	2.4	
2009	6	2.4	1.2%
2010	2	0.8	-67.0%
2011	4	1.6	101.5%
2012	9	3.6	125.5%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	23	9.1	
2009	24	9.6	5.6%
2010	18	7.1	-25.8%
2011	27	10.7	51.2%
2012	27	10.8	0.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Arrestee Characteristics 2008 - 2012

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	163	20.6%
Male	630	79.4%
Total	793	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	3	0.4%
Black	426	53.7%
Native American	1	0.1%
Unknown	2	0.3%
White	361	45.5%
Total	793	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	12	1.5%
Non-Hispanic	781	98.5%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	793	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Age

Age	Number	Percent
	_	0.00
9 & younger	2	0.3%
10 - 14	7	0.9%
15 & 16	263	33.2%
17 - 24	272	34.3%
25 - 34	126	15.9%
35 - 44	92	11.6%
45 - 54	24	3.0%
55 - 64	2	0.3%
65 & older	5	0.6%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	793	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	451	56.9%
Out of State	20	2.5%
Reporting Jurisdiction	316	39.8%
Unknown	6	0.8%
Total	793	100.0%

AIKEN COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1094	71.0	
2009	989	63.4	-10.7%
2010	959	59.8	-5.7%
2011	879	54.7	-8.5%
2012	908	55.8	1.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	573	37.2	
2009	551	35.3	-5.0%
2010	522	32.5	-7.8%
2011	469	29.2	-10.3%
2012	471	28.9	-0.9%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	159	10.3	
2009	145	9.3	-9.9%
2010	96	6.0	-35.6%
2011	56	3.5	-41.8%
2012	95	5.8	67.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	77	5.0	
2009	68	4.4	-12.8%
2010	65	4.1	-7.0%
2011	53	3.3	-18.6%
2012	67	4.1	24.8%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	58	3.8	
2009	58	3.7	-1.2%
2010	85	5.3	42.6%
2011	82	5.1	-3.7%
2012	89	5.5	7.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	33	2.1	
2009	36	2.3	7.7%
2010	51	3.2	37.8%
2011	97	6.0	89.8%
2012	80	4.9	-18.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Arrestee Characteristics 2008 - 2012

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	943	19.5%
Male	3,886	80.5%
Total	4,829	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	6	0.1%
Black	2,216	45.9%
Native American	3	0.1%
Unknown	17	0.4%
White	2,587	53.6%
Total	4,829	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	104	2.2%
Non-Hispanic	4,721	97.8%
Unknown	4	0.1%
Total	4,829	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Age

Age	Number	Percent
0.0.	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	72	1.5%
15 & 16	227	4.7%
17 - 24	1,856	38.4%
25 - 34	1,358	28.1%
35 - 44	730	15.1%
45 - 54	461	9.5%
55 - 64	111	2.3%
65 & older	13	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	4,829	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	3,001	62.1%
Out of State	445	9.2%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,368	28.3%
Unknown	15	0.3%
Total	4,829	100.0%

ALLENDALE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	51	48.8	
2009	66	64.7	32.6%
2010	55	53.1	-17.9%
2011	18	17.7	-66.7%
2012	33	33.0	86.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	34	32.5	
2009	37	36.3	11.5%
2010	21	20.3	-44.1%
2011	9	8.8	-56.4%
2012	23	23.0	160.5%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	14	13.4	
2009	7	6.9	-48.8%
2010	20	19.3	181.4%
2011	4	3.9	-79.7%
2012	3	3.0	-23.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	1.0	
2009	7	6.9	617.3%
2010	1	1.0	-85.9%
2011	2	2.0	103.3%
2012	2	2.0	1.9%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	1	1.0	NA
2010	2	1.9	97.0%
2011	0	0.0	-100.0%
2012	0	0.0	NA

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	1.0	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	0	0.0	NA
2011	0	0.0	NA
2012	0	0.0	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Arrestee Characteristics 2008 - 2012

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	22	9.9%
Male	201	90.1%
Total	223	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
	•	0.004
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	183	82.1%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	40	17.9%
Total	223	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	4	1.8%
Non-Hispanic	219	98.2%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	223	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Age

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	1	0.4%
15 & 16	0	0.0%
17 - 24	83	37.2%
25 - 34	54	24.2%
35 - 44	26	11.7%
45 - 54	45	20.2%
55 - 64	11	4.9%
65 & older	1	0.4%
Missing/Age Range	2	0.9%
Total	223	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	134	60.1%
Out of State	15	6.7%
Reporting Jurisdiction	74	33.2%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	223	100.0%

ANDERSON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	895	49.0	
2009	1079	58.4	19.2%
2010	965	51.5	-11.7%
2011	1059	56.2	9.0%
2012	1156	61.0	8.7%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	507	27.7	
2009	559	30.2	9.0%
2010	577	30.8	1.9%
2011	565	30.0	-2.7%
2012	574	30.3	1.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	135	7.4	
2009	186	10.1	36.2%
2010	86	4.6	-54.4%
2011	144	7.6	66.4%
2012	120	6.3	-17.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	42	2.3	
2009	22	1.2	-48.2%
2010	53	2.8	137.8%
2011	46	2.4	-13.8%
2012	48	2.5	3.9%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	33	1.8	
2009	29	1.6	-13.1%
2010	32	1.7	8.9%
2011	41	2.2	27.3%
2012	58	3.1	40.8%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	102	5.6	
2009	176	9.5	70.6%
2010	138	7.4	-22.6%
2011	183	9.7	31.8%
2012	215	11.4	16.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Arrestee Characteristics 2008 - 2012

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	997	19.3%
Male	4,157	80.7%
Total	5,154	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	7	0.1%
Black	2,202	42.7%
Native American	1	< 0.1%
Unknown	17	0.3%
White	2,927	56.8%
Total	5,154	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	81	1.6%
Non-Hispanic	5,061	98.2%
Unknown	12	0.2%
Total	5,154	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Age

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	48	0.9%
15 & 16	146	2.8%
17 - 24	1,852	35.9%
25 - 34	1,472	28.6%
35 - 44	864	16.8%
45 - 54	559	10.8%
55 - 64	117	2.3%
65 & older	14	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	82	1.6%
Total	5,154	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	3,540	68.7%
Out of State	301	5.8%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,303	25.3%
Unknown	10	0.2%
Total	5,154	100.0%

BAMBERG COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	113	73.8	
2009	127	84.6	14.7%
2010	91	56.9	-32.7%
2011	125	78.2	37.4%
2012	145	92.0	17.6%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	75	49.0	
2009	78	52.0	6.1%
2010	70	43.8	-15.7%
2011	89	55.7	27.2%
2012	124	78.7	41.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	12	7.8	
2009	19	12.7	61.5%
2010	4	2.5	-80.2%
2011	18	11.3	350.1%
2012	7	4.4	-60.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	13	8.5	
2009	3	2.0	-76.5%
2010	5	3.1	56.5%
2011	1	0.6	-80.0%
2012	1	0.6	1.3%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	3.3	
2009	10	6.7	104.0%
2010	3	1.9	-71.8%
2011	2	1.3	-33.3%
2012	3	1.9	52.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.7	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	1	0.6	NA
2011	4	2.5	300.1%
2012	2	1.3	-49.3%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Arrestee Characteristics 2008 - 2012

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	73	12.1%
Male	528	87.9%
Total	601	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	447	74.4%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	154	25.6%
Total	601	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	4	0.7%
Non-Hispanic	588	97.8%
Unknown	9	1.5%
Total	601	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Age

Age	Number	Percent
0. % 2.000	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	5	0.8%
15 & 16	5	0.8%
17 - 24	312	51.9%
25 - 34	158	26.3%
35 - 44	55	9.2%
45 - 54	54	9.0%
55 - 64	11	1.8%
65 & older	1	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	601	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	223	37.1%
Out of State	44	7.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	334	55.6%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	601	100.0%

BARNWELL COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	154	67.3	
2009	125	55.1	-18.2%
2010	96	42.5	-22.9%
2011	96	42.9	1.1%
2012	135	60.8	41.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	91	39.8	
2009	72	31.7	-20.2%
2010	62	27.4	-13.6%
2011	66	29.5	7.7%
2012	88	39.6	34.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	27	11.0	
2008	27	11.8	
2009	18	7.9	-32.8%
2010	10	4.4	-44.3%
2011	9	4.0	-9.0%
2012	14	6.3	56.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	16	7.0	
2009	5	2.2	-68.5%
2010	4	1.8	-19.7%
2011	4	1.8	1.1%
2012	5	2.3	25.8%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	8	3.5	
2009	18	7.9	126.8%
2010	11	4.9	-38.7%
2011	5	2.2	-54.0%
2012	12	5.4	141.6%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	1	0.4	NA
2010	3	1.3	201.0%
2011	2	0.9	-32.6%
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Arrestee Characteristics 2008 - 2012

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	78	12.9%
Male	528	87.1%
Total	606	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.2%
Black	409	67.5%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	5	0.8%
White	191	31.5%
Total	606	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	2	0.3%
Non-Hispanic	603	99.5%
Unknown	1	0.2%
Total	606	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Age

Age	Number	Percent	
9 & younger	0	0.0%	
10 - 14	9	1.5%	
15 & 16	29	4.8%	
17 - 24	237	39.1%	
25 - 34	200	33.0%	
35 - 44	67	11.1%	
45 - 54	49	8.1%	
55 - 64	14	2.3%	
65 & older	1	0.2%	
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%	
Total	606	100.0%	

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent	
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	349	57.6%	
Out of State	30	5.0%	
Reporting Jurisdiction	227	37.5%	
Unknown	0	0.0%	
Total	606	100.0%	

BEAUFORT COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1126	74.9	
2009	1065	68.6	-8.3%
2010	1005	61.7	-10.1%
2011	961	58.4	-5.4%
2012	1061	63.1	8.2%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	740	49.2	
2009	725	46.7	-5.1%
2010	753	46.2	-1.1%
2011	735	44.6	-3.4%
2012	830	49.4	10.7%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	106	7.0	
2009	91	5.9	-16.8%
2010	72	4.4	-24.7%
2011	69	4.2	-5.1%
2012	56	3.3	-20.5%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	216	14.4	
2009	176	11.3	-21.0%
2010	109	6.7	-41.0%
2011	54	3.3	-51.0%
2012	73	4.3	32.5%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	28	1.9	
2009	35	2.3	21.1%
2010	44	2.7	19.7%
2011	67	4.1	50.7%
2012	74	4.4	8.2%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	8	0.5	
2009	6	0.4	-27.3%
2010	8	0.5	27.0%
2011	4	0.2	-50.5%
2012	6	0.4	47.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	828	15.9%
Male	4,390	84.1%
Total	5,218	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	11	0.2%
Black	2,434	46.6%
Native American	1	< 0.1%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	2,772	53.1%
Total	5,218	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	452	8.7%
Non-Hispanic	4,759	91.2%
Unknown	7	0.1%
Total	5,218	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	112	2.1%
15 & 16	331	6.3%
17 - 24	2,340	44.8%
25 - 34	1,440	27.6%
35 - 44	572	11.0%
45 - 54	324	6.2%
55 - 64	90	1.7%
65 & older	8	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	5,218	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	3,933	75.4%
Out of State	301	5.8%
Reporting Jurisdiction	977	18.7%
Unknown	7	0.1%
Total	5,218	100.0%

BERKELEY COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1135	67.0	
2009	1163	67.0	0.0%
2010	1005	56.2	-16.1%
2011	911	49.6	-11.7%
2012	1069	56.3	13.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	737	43.5	
2009	834	48.1	10.4%
2010	749	41.9	-12.8%
2011	674	36.7	-12.3%
2012	788	41.5	13.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	96	5.7	
2009	72	4.1	-26.8%
2010	62	3.5	-16.4%
2011	29	1.6	-54.4%
2012	46	2.4	53.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	195	11.5	
2009	138	8.0	-30.9%
2010	98	5.5	-31.1%
2011	100	5.4	-0.6%
2012	68	3.6	-34.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	28	1.7	
2009	29	1.7	1.1%
2010	38	2.1	27.2%
2011	40	2.2	2.5%
2012	58	3.1	40.2%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	19	1.1	
2009	24	1.4	23.3%
2010	13	0.7	-47.4%
2011	19	1.0	42.4%
2012	47	2.5	139.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	855	16.2%
Male	4,428	83.8%
Total	5,283	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	16	0.3%
Black	2,401	45.4%
Native American	3	0.1%
Unknown	3	0.1%
White	2,860	54.1%
Total	5,283	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	130	2.5%
Non-Hispanic	5,125	97.0%
Unknown	28	0.5%
Total	5,283	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	121	2.3%
15 & 16	297	5.6%
17 - 24	2,504	47.4%
25 - 34	1,307	24.7%
35 - 44	574	10.9%
45 - 54	380	7.2%
55 - 64	78	1.5%
65 & older	7	0.1%
Missing/Age Range	15	0.3%
Total	5,283	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	3,616	68.4%
Out of State	82	1.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,578	29.9%
Unknown	7	0.1%
Total	5,283	100.0%

CALHOUN COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	77	52.8	
2009	73	49.9	-5.4%
2010	48	31.7	-36.5%
2011	35	23.1	-27.1%
2012	53	35.5	53.8%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	56	38.4	
2009	46	31.5	-18.1%
2010	33	21.8	-30.7%
2011	20	13.2	-39.4%
2012	38	25.5	93.0%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	14	9.6	
2009	8	5.5	-43.0%
2010	6	4.0	-27.6%
2011	3	2.0	-50.0%
2012	3	2.0	1.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	6	4.1	
2009	9	6.2	49.6%
2010	6	4.0	-35.6%
2011	6	4.0	0.0%
2012	3	2.0	-49.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	2	1.4	NA
2010	1	0.7	-51.7%
2011	1	0.7	0.0%
2012	4	2.7	306.3%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.7	
2009	5	3.4	398.7%
2010	0	0.0	-100.0%
2011	2	1.3	NA
2012	1	0.7	-49.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	35	12.2%
Male	251	87.8%
Total	286	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.3%
Black	168	58.7%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	1	0.3%
White	116	40.6%
Total	286	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	2	0.7%
Non-Hispanic	284	99.3%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	286	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0 %	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	9	3.1%
15 & 16	10	3.5%
17 - 24	107	37.4%
25 - 34	90	31.5%
35 - 44	38	13.3%
45 - 54	23	8.0%
55 - 64	8	2.8%
65 & older	1	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	286	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	185	64.7%
Out of State	11	3.8%
Reporting Jurisdiction	90	31.5%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	286	100.0%

CHARLESTON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5216	149.9	
2009	5219	146.9	-2.0%
2010	5080	144.6	-1.6%
2011	5090	142.3	-1.6%
2012	4892	134.0	-5.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2,490	71.5	
2009	2,996	84.3	17.9%
2010	3,145	89.5	6.2%
2011	3,334	93.2	4.1%
2012	3,504	96.0	3.0%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	837	24.0	
2009	761	21.4	-10.9%
2010	770	21.9	2.3%
2011	678	19.0	-13.5%
2012	508	13.9	-26.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	612	17.6	
2009	499	14.0	-20.1%
2010	423	12.0	-14.3%
2011	397	11.1	-7.8%
2012	346	9.5	-14.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	138	4.0	
2009	131	3.7	-7.0%
2010	180	5.1	38.9%
2011	162	4.5	-11.6%
2012	156	4.3	-5.7%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	30	0.9	
2009	46	1.3	50.2%
2010	53	1.5	16.5%
2011	51	1.4	-5.5%
2012	49	1.3	-5.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	3,789	14.9%
Male	21,708	85.1%
Total	25,497	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
		0.00
Asian	56	0.2%
Black	16,166	63.4%
Native American	14	0.1%
Unknown	41	0.2%
White	9,220	36.2%
Total	25,497	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	482	1.9%
Non-Hispanic	24,860	97.5%
Unknown	155	0.6%
Total	25,497	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	242	0.9%
15 & 16	820	3.2%
17 - 24	10,726	42.1%
25 - 34	7,211	28.3%
35 - 44	3,252	12.8%
45 - 54	2,465	9.7%
55 - 64	698	2.7%
65 & older	60	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	23	0.1%
Total	25,497	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	17,229	67.6%
Out of State	858	3.4%
Reporting Jurisdiction	7,299	28.6%
Unknown	111	0.4%
Total	25,497	100.0%

CHEROKEE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	474	87.1	
2009	443	81.0	-7.1%
2010	434	78.3	-3.3%
2011	341	61.4	-21.6%
2012	497	89.3	45.4%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	313	57.5	
2009	241	44.0	-23.5%
2010	250	45.1	2.4%
2011	189	34.0	-24.6%
2012	222	39.9	17.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	83	15.3	
2009	96	17.5	15.0%
2010	86	15.5	-11.6%
2011	33	5.9	-61.7%
2012	53	9.5	60.3%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	13	2.4	
2009	13	2.4	-0.6%
2010	12	2.2	-8.9%
2011	7	1.3	-41.8%
2012	22	4.0	213.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	35	6.4	
2009	24	4.4	-31.8%
2010	29	5.2	19.3%
2011	24	4.3	-17.4%
2012	52	9.3	116.2%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	15	2.8	
2009	41	7.5	171.7%
2010	38	6.9	-8.5%
2011	58	10.4	52.3%
2012	136	24.4	134.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	515	23.5%
Male	1,674	76.5%
Total	2,189	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	6	0.3%
Black	915	41.8%
Native American	4	0.2%
Unknown	9	0.4%
White	1,255	57.3%
Total	2,189	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	27	1.2%
Non-Hispanic	2,158	98.6%
Unknown	4	0.2%
Total	2,189	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0.0	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	3	0.1%
15 & 16	12	0.5%
17 - 24	783	35.8%
25 - 34	768	35.1%
35 - 44	346	15.8%
45 - 54	196	9.0%
55 - 64	62	2.8%
65 & older	6	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	13	0.6%
Total	2,189	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,457	66.6%
Out of State	220	10.1%
Reporting Jurisdiction	508	23.2%
Unknown	4	0.2%
Total	2,189	100.0%

CHESTER COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	260	79.7	
2009	277	85.5	7.2%
2010	270	81.5	-4.6%
2011	273	82.9	1.7%
2012	348	106.9	28.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	167	51.2	
2009	183	56.5	10.3%
2010	168	50.7	-10.2%
2011	182	55.3	9.0%
2012	263	80.8	46.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	22	0.0	
2008	32	9.8	
2009	40	12.3	25.8%
2010	63	19.0	54.1%
2011	24	7.3	-61.7%
2012	29	8.9	22.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	16	4.9	
2009	10	3.1	-37.1%
2010	14	4.2	37.0%
2011	10	3.0	-28.1%
2012	14	4.3	41.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	3	0.9	
2009	10	3.1	235.5%
2010	4	1.2	-60.9%
2011	23	7.0	478.6%
2012	20	6.1	-12.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2	0.6	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	0	0.0	NA
2011	0	0.0	NA
2012	1	0.3	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	238	16.7%
Male	1,190	83.3%
Total	1,428	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	6	0.4%
Black	888	62.2%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	534	37.4%
Total	1,428	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	18	1.3%
Non-Hispanic	1,344	94.1%
Unknown	66	4.6%
Total	1,428	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	9	0.6%
15 & 16	39	2.7%
17 - 24	578	40.5%
25 - 34	406	28.4%
35 - 44	197	13.8%
45 - 54	149	10.4%
55 - 64	39	2.7%
65 & older	9	0.6%
Missing/Age Range	2	0.1%
Total	1,428	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,052	73.7%
Out of State	71	5.0%
Reporting Jurisdiction	305	21.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	1,428	100.0%

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	556	129.7	
2009	651	151.3	16.7%
2010	526	112.7	-25.5%
2011	354	76.0	-32.5%
2012	358	77.7	2.1%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	321	74.9	
2009	402	93.4	24.8%
2010	314	67.3	-28.0%
2011	233	50.0	-25.6%
2012	230	49.9	-0.3%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	123	28.7	
2009	121	28.1	-2.0%
2010	76	16.3	-42.1%
2011	35	7.5	-53.8%
2012	25	5.4	-27.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	27	6.3	
2009	41	9.5	51.3%
2010	23	4.9	-48.3%
2011	11	2.4	-52.1%
2012	13	2.8	19.3%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	27	6.3	
2009	41	9.5	51.3%
2010	53	11.4	19.2%
2011	32	6.9	-39.5%
2012	28	6.1	-11.6%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	3	0.7	
2009	3	0.7	-0.4%
2010	13	2.8	299.6%
2011	5	1.1	-61.4%
2012	14	3.0	182.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	479	19.6%
Male	1,966	80.4%
Total	2,445	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	5	0.2%
Black	1,323	54.1%
Native American	7	0.3%
Unknown	6	0.2%
White	1,104	45.2%
Total	2,445	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	35	1.4%
Non-Hispanic	2,402	98.2%
Unknown	8	0.3%
Total	2,445	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	8	0.3%
15 & 16	27	1.1%
17 - 24	1,017	41.6%
25 - 34	716	29.3%
35 - 44	402	16.4%
45 - 54	211	8.6%
55 - 64	52	2.1%
65 & older	12	0.5%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	2,445	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,179	48.2%
Out of State	614	25.1%
Reporting Jurisdiction	651	26.6%
Unknown	1	< 0.1%
Total	2,445	100.0%

CLARENDON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	315	95.0	
2009	433	131.3	38.1%
2010	478	136.8	4.2%
2011	415	119.5	-12.6%
2012	392	114.1	-4.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	143	43.1	
2009	237	71.8	66.5%
2010	308	88.2	22.7%
2011	261	75.2	-14.7%
2012	265	77.1	2.6%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	143	43.1	
2009	134	40.6	-5.8%
2010	76	21.8	-46.4%
2011	90	25.9	19.1%
2012	43	12.5	-51.7%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	15	4.5	
2009	28	8.5	87.6%
2010	42	12.0	41.6%
2011	30	8.6	-28.1%
2012	14	4.1	-52.8%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	4	1.2	
2009	16	4.9	302.0%
2010	32	9.2	88.8%
2011	24	6.9	-24.5%
2012	29	8.4	22.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	3	0.9	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	5	1.4	NA
2011	2	0.6	-59.8%
2012	9	2.6	354.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	286	14.1%
Male	1,747	85.9%
Total	2,033	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	<0.1%
Black	1,367	67.2%
Native American	4	0.2%
Unknown	8	0.4%
White	653	32.1%
Total	2,033	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	60	3.0%
Non-Hispanic	1,924	94.6%
Unknown	49	2.4%
Total	2,033	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0.0	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	6	0.3%
15 & 16	13	0.6%
17 - 24	795	39.1%
25 - 34	660	32.5%
35 - 44	296	14.6%
45 - 54	196	9.6%
55 - 64	59	2.9%
65 & older	7	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	1	<0.1%
Total	2,033	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,158	57.0%
Out of State	255	12.5%
Reporting Jurisdiction	620	30.5%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	2,033	100.0%

COLLETON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	384	98.4	
2009	322	82.0	-16.6%
2010	389	100.0	21.8%
2011	268	69.4	-30.6%
2012	315	82.6	18.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	260	66.6	
2009	206	52.5	-21.2%
2010	250	64.2	22.4%
2011	177	45.8	-28.6%
2012	181	47.4	3.5%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	42	10.8	
2009	45	11.5	6.5%
2010	30	7.7	-32.8%
2011	8	2.1	-73.1%
2012	37	9.7	368.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	20	5.1	
2009	20	5.1	-0.6%
2010	8	2.1	-59.7%
2011	6	1.6	-24.4%
2012	18	4.7	203.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	1.3	
2009	5	1.3	-0.6%
2010	9	2.3	81.5%
2011	6	1.6	-32.8%
2012	14	3.7	136.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2	0.5	
2009	6	1.5	198.3%
2010	11	2.8	84.9%
2011	5	1.3	-54.2%
2012	20	5.2	304.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	270	16.1%
Male	1,408	83.9%
Total	1,678	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	4	0.2%
Black	971	57.9%
Native American	1	0.1%
Unknown	9	0.5%
White	693	41.3%
Total	1,678	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	22	1.3%
Non-Hispanic	1,631	97.2%
Unknown	25	1.5%
Total	1,678	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	4	0.2%
15 & 16	27	1.6%
17 - 24	764	45.5%
25 - 34	462	27.5%
35 - 44	212	12.6%
45 - 54	159	9.5%
55 - 64	44	2.6%
65 & older	4	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	2	0.1%
Total	1,678	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	761	45.4%
Out of State	160	9.5%
Reporting Jurisdiction	751	44.8%
Unknown	6	0.4%
Total	1,678	100.0%

DARLINGTON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	660	98.5	
2009	840	126.4	28.4%
2010	1064	155.0	22.6%
2011	928	135.9	-12.3%
2012	875	128.4	-5.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	386	57.6	
2009	430	64.7	12.4%
2010	638	93.0	43.6%
2011	612	89.6	-3.6%
2012	542	79.5	-11.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	122	10.7	
2008	132	19.7	49.20/
2009	194 199	29.2 29.0	48.3%
2010			-0.7%
2011	142	20.8	-28.3%
2012	111	16.3	-21.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	7.9	53	2008
31.3%	10.4	69	2009
-3.2%	10.1	69	2010
-18.4%	8.2	56	2011
-28.4%	5.9	40	2012

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	56	8.4	
2009	104	15.7	87.4%
2010	106	15.4	-1.3%
2011	66	9.7	-37.4%
2012	95	13.9	44.3%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.1	
2009	7	1.1	606.2%
2010	8	1.2	10.6%
2011	18	2.6	126.1%
2012	27	4.0	50.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	837	19.2%
Male	3,530	80.8%
Total	4,367	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	5	0.1%
Black	2,540	58.2%
Native American	4	0.1%
Unknown	4	0.1%
White	1,814	41.5%
Total	4,367	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	31	0.7%
Non-Hispanic	4,324	99.0%
Unknown	12	0.3%
Total	4,367	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	24	0.5%
15 & 16	119	2.7%
17 - 24	1,868	42.8%
25 - 34	1,232	28.2%
35 - 44	602	13.8%
45 - 54	369	8.4%
55 - 64	123	2.8%
65 & older	30	0.7%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	4,367	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	2,410	55.2%
Out of State	418	9.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,539	35.2%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	4,367	100.0%

DILLON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	280	91.2	
2009	384	124.2	36.2%
2010	306	95.2	-23.3%
2011	192	60.5	-36.5%
2012	223	70.9	17.3%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	206	67.1	
2009	244	78.9	17.6%
2010	200	62.2	-21.1%
2011	136	42.8	-31.2%
2012	174	55.3	29.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	46	15.0	
2009	74	23.9	59.8%
2010	43	13.4	-44.1%
2011	23	7.2	-45.9%
2012	9	2.9	-60.5%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	8	2.6	
2009	24	7.8	197.9%
2010	12	3.7	-51.9%
2011	12	3.8	1.2%
2012	8	2.5	-32.7%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	7	2.3	
2009	21	6.8	197.9%
2010	19	5.9	-13.0%
2011	5	1.6	-73.4%
2012	15	4.8	203.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.3	
2009	3	1.0	197.9%
2010	2	0.6	-35.9%
2011	1	0.3	-49.4%
2012	7	2.2	606.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	218	15.7%
Male	1,167	84.3%
Total	1,385	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	4	0.3%
Black	792	57.2%
Native American	130	9.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	459	33.1%
Total	1,385	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	20	1.4%
Non-Hispanic	1,355	97.8%
Unknown	10	0.7%
Total	1,385	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	8	0.6%
15 & 16	36	2.6%
17 - 24	691	49.9%
25 - 34	398	28.7%
35 - 44	147	10.6%
45 - 54	73	5.3%
55 - 64	29	2.1%
65 & older	3	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	1,385	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	631	45.6%
Out of State	375	27.1%
Reporting Jurisdiction	379	27.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	1,385	100.0%

DORCHESTER COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	925	72.8	
2009	865	66.3	-8.8%
2010	888	64.5	-2.7%
2011	756	53.7	-16.8%
2012	698	49.0	-8.7%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	617	48.5	
2009	590	45.2	-6.8%
2010	642	46.7	3.1%
2011	530	37.6	-19.4%
2012	448	31.4	-16.4%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	4.4	2.5	
2008	44	3.5	
2009	61	4.7	35.1%
2010	25	1.8	-61.2%
2011	17	1.2	-33.6%
2012	17	1.2	-1.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	115	0.0	
2008		9.0	
2009	65	5.0	-44.9%
2010	64	4.7	-6.7%
2011	41	2.9	-37.4%
2012	54	3.8	30.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	18	1.4	
2009	30	2.3	62.5%
2010	38	2.8	20.0%
2011	31	2.2	-20.3%
2012	28	2.0	-10.7%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	32	2.5	
2009	25	1.9	-23.8%
2010	24	1.7	-9.0%
2011	33	2.3	34.3%
2012	46	3.2	37.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent	
Female	735	17.8%	
Male	3,397	82.2%	
Total	4,132	100.0%	

Drug Arrests by Race

Number	Percent
15	0.4%
1,702	41.2%
15	0.4%
6	0.1%
2,394	57.9%
4,132	100.0%
	15 1,702 15 6 2,394

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	100	2.4%
Non-Hispanic	4,018	97.2%
Unknown	14	0.3%
Total	4,132	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	1	< 0.1%
10 - 14	64	1.5%
15 & 16	205	5.0%
17 - 24	1,883	45.6%
25 - 34	1,083	26.2%
35 - 44	491	11.9%
45 - 54	327	7.9%
55 - 64	70	1.7%
65 & older	6	0.1%
Missing/Age Range	2	< 0.1%
Total	4,132	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	2,226	53.9%
Out of State	343	8.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,555	37.6%
Unknown	8	0.2%
Total	4,132	100.0%

EDGEFIELD COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	112	43.8	
2009	81	31.5	-28.3%
2010	113	41.9	33.4%
2011	104	39.0	-7.0%
2012	94	35.7	-8.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	74	29.0	
2009	52	20.2	-30.3%
2010	72	26.7	32.4%
2011	62	23.2	-13.0%
2012	67	25.4	9.4%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	20	7.8	
2009	10	3.9	-50.4%
2010	16	5.9	52.9%
2011	7	2.6	-55.8%
2012	10	3.8	44.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	3.9	10	2008
-10.7%	3.5	9	2009
-4.4%	3.3	9	2010
-43.9%	1.9	5	2011
-19.0%	1.5	4	2012

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2	0.8	
2009	3	1.2	48.8%
2010	8	3.0	154.9%
2011	7	2.6	-11.6%
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	4	1.6	
2009	7	2.7	73.6%
2010	7	2.6	-4.4%
2011	20	7.5	188.6%
2012	11	4.2	-44.3%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	97	19.2%
Male	407	80.8%
Total	504	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.2%
Black	261	51.8%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	242	48.0%
Total	504	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	12	2.4%
Non-Hispanic	491	97.4%
Unknown	1	0.2%
Total	504	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0.0	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	0	0.0%
15 & 16	1	0.2%
17 - 24	197	39.1%
25 - 34	139	27.6%
35 - 44	63	12.5%
45 - 54	53	10.5%
55 - 64	16	3.2%
65 & older	7	1.4%
Missing/Age Range	28	5.6%
Total	504	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	313	62.1%
Out of State	39	7.7%
Reporting Jurisdiction	152	30.2%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	504	100.0%

FAIRFIELD COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	215	91.7	
2009	154	66.0	-28.1%
2010	241	100.9	53.0%
2011	149	63.2	-37.4%
2012	120	51.4	-18.7%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	92	39.3	
2009	105	45.0	14.6%
2010	139	58.2	29.4%
2011	75	31.8	-45.3%
2012	60	25.7	-19.3%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	95	40.5	
2009	35	15.0	-63.0%
2010	67	28.1	87.1%
2011	44	18.7	-33.5%
2012	30	12.8	-31.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	9	3.8	
2009	6	2.6	-33.1%
2010	8	3.4	30.3%
2011	9	3.8	14.0%
2012	4	1.7	-55.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	11	4.7	
2009	3	1.3	-72.6%
2010	16	6.7	421.4%
2011	17	7.2	7.6%
2012	22	9.4	30.6%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	2	0.9	NA
2010	0	0.0	-100.0%
2011	0	0.0	NA
2012	1	0.4	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	150	17.1%
Male	729	82.9%
Total	879	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.1%
Black	639	72.7%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	2	0.2%
White	237	27.0%
Total	879	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	16	1.8%
Non-Hispanic	860	97.8%
Unknown	3	0.3%
Total	879	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	7	0.8%
15 & 16	18	2.0%
17 - 24	298	33.9%
25 - 34	306	34.8%
35 - 44	138	15.7%
45 - 54	95	10.8%
55 - 64	17	1.9%
65 & older	0	0.0%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	879	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	734	83.5%
Out of State	17	1.9%
Reporting Jurisdiction	127	14.4%
Unknown	1	0.1%
Total	879	100.0%

FLORENCE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1090	82.1	
2009	1268	94.5	15.1%
2010	1492	108.9	15.2%
2011	1368	99.2	-8.8%
2012	1117	81.0	-18.4%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	646	48.6	
2009	765	57.0	17.2%
2010	1,032	75.3	32.1%
2011	902	65.4	-13.1%
2012	724	52.5	-19.8%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	231	17.4	
2009	240	17.9	2.8%
2010	216	15.8	-11.9%
2011	165	12.0	-24.1%
2012	107	7.8	-35.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	110	8.3	
2009	120	8.9	7.9%
2010	102	7.4	-16.8%
2011	108	7.8	5.3%
2012	97	7.0	-10.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	47	3.5	
2009	72	5.4	51.6%
2010	55	4.0	-25.2%
2011	73	5.3	32.0%
2012	65	4.7	-11.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	0.4	
2009	17	1.3	236.4%
2010	8	0.6	-53.9%
2011	15	1.1	86.4%
2012	22	1.6	46.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	874	13.8%
Male	5,461	86.2%
Total	6,335	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	13	0.2%
Black	4,344	68.6%
Native American	9	0.1%
Unknown	30	0.5%
White	1,939	30.6%
Total	6,335	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	91	1.4%
Non-Hispanic	6,129	96.7%
Unknown	115	1.8%
Total	6,335	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0. %	1	0.00/
9 & younger	1	0.0%
10 - 14	98	1.5%
15 & 16	150	2.4%
17 - 24	2,614	41.3%
25 - 34	2,150	33.9%
35 - 44	765	12.1%
45 - 54	424	6.7%
55 - 64	111	1.8%
65 & older	10	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	12	0.2%
Total	6,335	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	4,133	65.2%
Out of State	560	8.8%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,630	25.7%
Unknown	12	0.2%
Total	6,335	100.0%

GEORGETOWN COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	447	73.6	
2009	446	73.5	-0.2%
2010	567	94.3	28.3%
2011	360	60.0	-36.4%
2012	249	41.4	-31.1%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	208	34.2	
2009	232	38.2	11.6%
2010	355	59.0	54.4%
2011	235	39.2	-33.6%
2012	157	26.1	-33.4%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	109	17.9	
2009	95	15.6	-12.8%
2010	39	6.5	-58.6%
2011	24	4.0	-38.3%
2012	18	3.0	-25.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	4.8	29	2008
6.9%	5.1	31	2009
-64.2%	1.8	11	2010
0.2%	1.8	11	2011
-18.5%	1.5	9	2012

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	39	6.4	
2009	32	5.3	-17.9%
2010	50	8.3	57.7%
2011	30	5.0	-39.9%
2012	23	3.8	-23.6%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.2	
2009	2	0.3	100.1%
2010	5	0.8	152.3%
2011	3	0.5	-39.9%
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	360	17.4%
Male	1,709	82.6%
Total	2,069	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	<0.1%
Black	1,115	53.9%
Native American	4	0.2%
Unknown	3	0.1%
White	946	45.7%
Total	2,069	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	17	0.8%
Non-Hispanic	2,032	98.2%
Unknown	20	1.0%
Total	2,069	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	35	1.7%
15 & 16	91	4.4%
17 - 24	878	42.4%
25 - 34	614	29.7%
35 - 44	227	11.0%
45 - 54	173	8.4%
55 - 64	45	2.2%
65 & older	3	0.1%
Missing/Age Range	3	0.1%
Total	2,069	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,342	64.9%
Out of State	75	3.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	649	31.4%
Unknown	3	0.1%
Total	2,069	100.0%

GREENVILLE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	3618	82.6	
2009	4269	94.6	14.5%
2010	4096	90.4	-4.4%
2011	4481	97.1	7.5%
2012	4900	104.8	7.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1,694	38.7	
2009	2,125	47.1	21.7%
2010	2,021	44.6	-5.3%
2011	2,052	44.5	-0.2%
2012	2,230	47.7	7.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	470	10.0	
2008	479	10.9	
2009	472	10.5	-4.4%
2010	336	7.4	-29.1%
2011	440	9.5	28.7%
2012	413	8.8	-7.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	191	4.4	
2009	221	4.9	12.3%
2010	214	4.7	-3.6%
2011	166	3.6	-23.8%
2012	143	3.1	-15.0%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	49	1.1	
2009	105	2.3	108.0%
2010	85	1.9	-19.4%
2011	85	1.8	-1.7%
2012	133	2.8	54.4%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	155	3.5	
2009	206	4.6	29.0%
2010	278	6.1	34.4%
2011	287	6.2	1.4%
2012	477	10.2	64.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	4,948	23.2%
Male	16,416	76.8%
Total	21,364	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
A ·	50	0.20/
Asian	56	0.3%
Black	9,748	45.6%
Native American	9	< 0.1%
Unknown	16	0.1%
White	11,535	54.0%
Total	21,364	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	666	3.1%
Non-Hispanic	20,062	93.9%
Unknown	636	3.0%
Total	21,364	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0.0	0	0.004
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	179	0.8%
15 & 16	662	3.1%
17 - 24	7,677	35.9%
25 - 34	5,841	27.3%
35 - 44	3,691	17.3%
45 - 54	2,550	11.9%
55 - 64	675	3.2%
65 & older	77	0.4%
Missing/Age Range	12	0.1%
Total	21,364	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent	
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	14,548	68.1%	
Out of State	575	2.7%	
Reporting Jurisdiction	6,105	28.6%	
Unknown	136	0.6%	
Total	21,364	100.0%	

GREENWOOD COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	513	74.8	
2009	414	59.4	-20.6%
2010	541	77.6	30.6%
2011	543	77.8	0.2%
2012	641	91.9	18.2%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	286	41.7	
2009	260	37.3	-10.6%
2010	317	45.5	21.8%
2011	340	48.7	7.1%
2012	418	59.9	23.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	141	20.6	
2009	72	10.3	-49.8%
2010	109	15.6	51.3%
2011	69	9.9	-36.8%
2012	35	5.0	-49.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	34	5.0	
2009	32	4.6	-7.4%
2010	25	3.6	-21.9%
2011	24	3.4	-4.2%
2012	15	2.2	-37.4%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	8	1.2	
2009	15	2.2	84.5%
2010	15	2.2	-0.1%
2011	20	2.9	33.1%
2012	21	3.0	5.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
•000		• •	
2008	14	2.0	
2009	23	3.3	61.6%
2010	51	7.3	121.6%
2011	67	9.6	31.2%
2012	113	16.2	68.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	389	14.7%
Male	2,263	85.3%
Total	2,652	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	3	0.1%
Black	1,466	55.3%
Native American	2	0.1%
Unknown	5	0.2%
White	1,176	44.3%
Total	2,652	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	64	2.4%
Non-Hispanic	2,506	94.5%
Unknown	82	3.1%
Total	2,652	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	20	0.8%
15 & 16	79	3.0%
17 - 24	1,013	38.2%
25 - 34	870	32.8%
35 - 44	387	14.6%
45 - 54	212	8.0%
55 - 64	65	2.5%
65 & older	6	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	2,652	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	2,036	76.8%
Out of State	32	1.2%
Reporting Jurisdiction	581	21.9%
Unknown	3	0.1%
Total	2,652	100.0%

HAMPTON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	117	55.5	
2009	104	49.5	-10.9%
2010	114	54.1	9.3%
2011	102	49.0	-9.5%
2012	65	31.4	-36.0%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	61	28.9	
2009	70	33.3	15.1%
2010	70	33.2	-0.2%
2011	64	30.7	-7.5%
2012	35	16.9	-45.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	30	14.2	
2009	10	4.8	-66.6%
2010	16	7.6	59.6%
2011	14	6.7	-11.5%
2012	8	3.9	-42.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	16	7.6	
2009	9	4.3	-43.6%
2010	8	3.8	-11.3%
2011	3	1.4	-62.1%
2012	3	1.4	0.5%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2	0.9	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	6	2.8	NA
2011	6	2.9	1.2%
2012	1	0.5	-83.3%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	0	0.0	NA
2010	0	0.0	NA
2011	1	0.5	NA
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	56	11.2%
Male	446	88.8%
Total	502	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
		0.004
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	303	60.4%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	199	39.6%
Total	502	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	25	5.0%
Non-Hispanic	450	89.6%
Unknown	27	5.4%
Total	502	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	2	0.4%
15 & 16	5	1.0%
17 - 24	182	36.3%
25 - 34	183	36.5%
35 - 44	69	13.7%
45 - 54	42	8.4%
55 - 64	16	3.2%
65 & older	2	0.4%
Missing/Age Range	1	0.2%
Total	502	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	238	47.4%
Out of State	179	35.7%
Reporting Jurisdiction	85	16.9%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	502	100.0%

HORRY COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2635	102.4	
2009	2337	88.6	-13.5%
2010	2043	75.5	-14.8%
2011	1693	61.3	-18.8%
2012	1687	59.8	-2.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1,649	64.1	
2009	1,515	57.4	-10.4%
2010	1,318	48.7	-15.2%
2011	1,057	38.2	-21.5%
2012	1,154	40.9	6.9%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	352	13.7	
2009	223	8.5	-38.2%
2010	202	7.5	-11.7%
2011	156	5.6	-24.4%
2012	121	4.3	-24.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	165	6.4	
2009	148	5.6	-12.5%
2010	100	3.7	-34.1%
2011	89	3.2	-12.8%
2012	102	3.6	12.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	187	7.3	
2009	209	7.9	9.0%
2010	177	6.5	-17.4%
2011	145	5.2	-19.8%
2012	140	5.0	-5.5%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	16	0.6	
2009	28	1.1	70.7%
2010	22	0.8	-23.4%
2011	16	0.6	-28.8%
2012	29	1.0	77.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	1,984	19.1%
Male	8,411	80.9%
Total	10,395	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	17	0.2%
Black	3,876	37.3%
Native American	41	0.4%
Unknown	10	0.1%
White	6,451	62.1%
Total	10,395	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	289	2.8%
Non-Hispanic	10,060	96.8%
Unknown	46	0.4%
Total	10,395	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	2	< 0.1%
10 - 14	148	1.4%
15 & 16	359	3.5%
17 - 24	4,721	45.4%
25 - 34	2,884	27.7%
35 - 44	1,333	12.8%
45 - 54	751	7.2%
55 - 64	146	1.4%
65 & older	20	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	31	0.3%
Total	10,395	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	5,344	51.4%
Out of State	2,179	21.0%
Reporting Jurisdiction	2,833	27.3%
Unknown	39	0.4%
Total	10,395	100.0%

JASPER COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	262	117.3	
2009	174	74.9	-36.1%
2010	176	70.5	-5.9%
2011	102	40.5	-42.6%
2012	110	42.6	5.2%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	175	78.4	
2009	98	42.2	-46.1%
2010	111	44.5	5.4%
2011	74	29.4	-34.0%
2012	80	31.0	5.4%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	28	12.5	
2009	28	12.1	-3.8%
2010	16	6.4	-46.8%
2011	14	5.6	-13.3%
2012	10	3.9	-30.3%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	33	14.8	
2009	26	11.2	-24.2%
2010	27	10.8	-3.4%
2011	7	2.8	-74.3%
2012	12	4.6	67.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
•	_	2.2	
2008	5	2.2	
2009	7	3.0	34.6%
2010	7	2.8	-7.0%
2011	4	1.6	-43.4%
2012	3	1.2	-26.9%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	3	1.3	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	0	0.0	NA
2011	0	0.0	NA
2012	1	0.4	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	141	17.1%
Male	683	82.9%
Total	824	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	3	0.4%
Black	485	58.9%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	13	1.6%
White	323	39.2%
Total	824	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	54	6.6%
Non-Hispanic	764	92.7%
Unknown	6	0.7%
Total	824	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	10	1.2%
15 & 16	17	2.1%
17 - 24	299	36.3%
25 - 34	294	35.7%
35 - 44	117	14.2%
45 - 54	70	8.5%
55 - 64	14	1.7%
65 & older	2	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	1	0.1%
Total	824	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	350	42.5%
Out of State	223	27.1%
Reporting Jurisdiction	249	30.2%
Unknown	2	0.2%
Total	824	100.0%

KERSHAW COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	328	55.7	
2009	265	44.1	-20.7%
2010	258	41.7	-5.5%
2011	457	73.4	76.0%
2012	548	87.9	19.8%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	180	30.6	
2009	145	24.1	-21.0%
2010	152	24.6	1.7%
2011	348	55.9	127.4%
2012	448	71.9	28.6%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	86	14.6	
2009	59	9.8	-32.7%
2010	52	8.4	-14.5%
2011	52	8.4	-0.7%
2012	51	8.2	-2.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	28	4.8	
2009	22	3.7	-22.9%
2010	9	1.5	-60.3%
2011	14	2.2	54.5%
2012	13	2.1	-7.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	0.8	
2008	10	1.7	96.2%
2010	13	2.1	26.2%
2011	3	0.5	-77.1%
2012	6	1.0	99.8%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	2	0.2	
2008	2	0.3	
2009	8	1.3	292.4%
2010	2	0.3	-75.7%
2011	10	1.6	396.7%
2012	6	1.0	-40.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	347	18.7%
Male	1,509	81.3%
Total	1,856	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	1,052	56.7%
Native American	1	0.1%
Unknown	3	0.2%
White	800	43.1%
Total	1,856	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	13	0.7%
Non-Hispanic	1,809	97.5%
Unknown	34	1.8%
Total	1,856	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
	•	0.00
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	3	0.2%
15 & 16	13	0.7%
17 - 24	744	40.1%
25 - 34	575	31.0%
35 - 44	268	14.4%
45 - 54	188	10.1%
55 - 64	47	2.5%
65 & older	6	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	12	0.6%
Total	1,856	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	993	53.5%
Out of State	199	10.7%
Reporting Jurisdiction	663	35.7%
Unknown	1	0.1%
Total	1,856	100.0%

LANCASTER COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	519	68.4	
2009	650	83.6	22.3%
2010	567	73.7	-11.9%
2011	419	53.8	-27.0%
2012	574	72.6	34.9%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	41.5	315	2008
23.0%	51.0	397	2009
2.3%	52.2	402	2010
-31.7%	35.7	278	2011
36.8%	48.8	386	2012

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	87	11.5	
2009	136	17.5	52.6%
2010	65	8.4	-51.7%
2011	51	6.5	-22.5%
2012	58	7.3	12.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	40	5.3	
2009	29	3.7	-29.2%
2010	26	3.4	-9.4%
2011	30	3.9	14.0%
2012	33	4.2	8.4%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	17	2.2	
2009	32	4.1	83.7%
2010	35	4.5	10.5%
2011	26	3.3	-26.6%
2012	33	4.2	25.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	,	0.5	
2008	4	0.5	
2009	5	0.6	22.0%
2010	2	0.3	-59.6%
2011	4	0.5	97.6%
2012	3	0.4	-26.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	493	18.1%
Male	2,236	81.9%
Total	2,729	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	1,396	51.2%
Native American	2	0.1%
Unknown	8	0.3%
White	1,323	48.5%
Total	2,729	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	37	1.4%
Non-Hispanic	2,683	98.3%
Unknown	9	0.3%
Total	2,729	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	42	1.5%
15 & 16	83	3.0%
17 - 24	1,093	40.1%
25 - 34	749	27.4%
35 - 44	418	15.3%
45 - 54	272	10.0%
55 - 64	59	2.2%
65 & older	12	0.4%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	2,729	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,948	71.4%
Out of State	120	4.4%
Reporting Jurisdiction	659	24.1%
Unknown	2	0.1%
Total	2,729	100.0%

LAURENS COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	392	56.3	
2009	448	64.0	13.7%
2010	630	94.7	48.1%
2011	557	83.7	-11.6%
2012	735	111.0	32.6%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	28.3	197	2008
-6.6%	26.4	185	2009
61.6%	42.7	284	2010
-16.6%	35.6	237	2011
23.8%	44.1	292	2012

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	91	13.1	
2009	75	10.7	-18.0%
2010	55	8.3	-22.8%
2011	41	6.2	-25.5%
2012	41	6.2	0.5%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	12	1.7	
2009	11	1.6	-8.8%
2010	11	1.7	5.3%
2011	7	1.1	-36.4%
2012	13	2.0	86.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	11	1.6	
2009	22	3.1	99.0%
2010	47	7.1	124.9%
2011	22	3.3	-53.2%
2012	47	7.1	114.6%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
	_		
2008	36	5.2	
2009	87	12.4	140.4%
2010	158	23.8	91.2%
2011	156	23.4	-1.3%
2012	208	31.4	33.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	646	23.4%
Male	2,116	76.6%
Total	2,762	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	924	33.5%
Native American	1	< 0.1%
Unknown	1	< 0.1%
White	1,836	66.5%
Total	2,762	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	41	1.5%
Non-Hispanic	2,693	97.5%
Unknown	28	1.0%
Total	2,762	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	30	1.1%
15 & 16	80	2.9%
17 - 24	785	28.4%
25 - 34	862	31.2%
35 - 44	535	19.4%
45 - 54	370	13.4%
55 - 64	82	3.0%
65 & older	17	0.6%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	2,762	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,937	70.1%
Out of State	44	1.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	781	28.3%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	2,762	100.0%

LEE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	70	35.2	
2009	94	47.7	35.4%
2010	61	31.8	-33.3%
2011	128	67.5	112.3%
2012	99	53.1	-21.3%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	37	18.6	
2009	44	22.3	19.9%
2010	36	18.8	-16.0%
2011	56	29.5	57.4%
2012	59	31.6	7.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	24	12.1	
2009	30	15.2	26.1%
2010	19	9.9	-34.9%
2011	52	27.4	176.9%
2012	21	11.3	-58.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	2.5	
2009	13	6.6	162.2%
2010	2	1.0	-84.2%
2011	12	6.3	507.1%
2012	5	2.7	-57.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2	1.0	
2009	1	0.5	-49.6%
2010	2	1.0	105.4%
2011	3	1.6	51.8%
2012	5	2.7	69.5%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	3	1.5	NA
2010	0	0.0	-100.0%
2011	0	0.0	NA
2012	0	0.0	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	78	17.3%
Male	374	82.7%
Total	452	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.2%
Black	353	78.1%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	2	0.4%
White	96	21.2%
Total	452	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	1	0.2%
Non-Hispanic	441	97.6%
Unknown	10	2.2%
Total	452	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent	
0 % , ,,,,,,,	0	0.00/	
9 & younger	0	0.0%	
10 - 14	3	0.7%	
15 & 16	7	1.5%	
17 - 24	130	28.8%	
25 - 34	177	39.2%	
35 - 44	74	16.4%	
45 - 54	37	8.2%	
55 - 64	22	4.9%	
65 & older	2	0.4%	
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%	
Total	452	100.0%	

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	249	55.1%
Out of State	39	8.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	163	36.1%
Unknown	1	0.2%
Total	452	100.0%

LEXINGTON COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1404	56.5	
2009	1519	59.4	5.2%
2010	1571	59.6	0.3%
2011	1454	54.4	-8.7%
2012	1422	52.6	-3.4%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	872	35.1	
2009	944	36.9	5.3%
2010	968	36.7	-0.5%
2011	912	34.1	-7.1%
2012	817	30.2	-11.5%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	173	7.0	
2008	187	7.0	5.1%
2010	152	5.8	-21.1%
2011	125	4.7	-18.9%
2012	115	4.3	-9.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	93	3.7	
2009	67	2.6	-30.0%
2010	63	2.4	-8.8%
2011	41	1.5	-35.8%
2012	57	2.1	37.3%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	21	0.8	
2009	37	1.4	71.3%
2010	59	2.2	54.7%
2011	54	2.0	-9.7%
2012	87	3.2	59.2%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	39	1.6	
2009	60	2.3	49.6%
2010	147	5.6	137.7%
2011	96	3.6	-35.6%
2012	129	4.8	32.7%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	1,622	22.0%
Male	5,748	78.0%
Total	7,370	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent	
Asian	11	0.1%	
Black	2,536	34.4%	
Native American	3	< 0.1%	
Unknown	15	0.2%	
White	4,805	65.2%	
Total	7,370	100.0%	

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	171	2.3%
Non-Hispanic	7,053	95.7%
Unknown	146	2.0%
Total	7,370	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
		0.004
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	63	0.9%
15 & 16	226	3.1%
17 - 24	2,888	39.2%
25 - 34	1,985	26.9%
35 - 44	1,075	14.6%
45 - 54	552	7.5%
55 - 64	113	1.5%
65 & older	25	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	443	6.0%
Total	7,370	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	3,020	41.0%
Out of State	227	3.1%
Reporting Jurisdiction	4,121	55.9%
Unknown	2	< 0.1%
Total	7,370	100.0%

McCORMICK COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	52	51.5	
2009	13	12.8	-75.1%
2010	33	32.2	151.5%
2011	16	15.9	-50.5%
2012	13	13.1	-18.0%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	41	40.6	
2009	12	11.8	-70.9%
2010	25	24.4	106.4%
2011	13	13.0	-47.0%
2012	9	9.1	-30.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	2	2.0	
2008	3	3.0	
2009	1	1.0	-66.8%
2010	4	3.9	296.2%
2011	2	2.0	-49.0%
2012	1	1.0	-49.5%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	7	6.9	
2009	0	0.0	-100.0%
2010	1	1.0	NA
2011	0	0.0	-100.0%
2012	0	0.0	NA

Opiate Arrest Trend

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	0.0	0	2008
NA	0.0	0	2009
NA	2.9	3	2010
-66.0%	1.0	1	2011
101.9%	2.0	2	2012

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	0	0.0	NA
2010	0	0.0	NA
2011	0	0.0	NA
2012	1	1.0	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	49	38.6%
Male	78	61.4%
Total	127	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	82	64.6%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	45	35.4%
Total	127	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	2	1.6%
Non-Hispanic	125	98.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	127	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	0	0.0%
15 & 16	1	0.8%
17 - 24	54	42.5%
25 - 34	37	29.1%
35 - 44	15	11.8%
45 - 54	17	13.4%
55 - 64	3	2.4%
65 & older	0	0.0%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	127	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	39	30.7%
Out of State	22	17.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	66	52.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	127	100.0%

MARION COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	259	76.5	
2009	117	35.0	-54.3%
2010	185	56.1	60.4%
2011	159	48.4	-13.7%
2012	162	49.9	3.1%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	202	59.7	
2009	75	22.4	-62.5%
2010	152	46.1	105.6%
2011	131	39.9	-13.5%
2012	139	42.8	7.4%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	21	0.2	
2008	31	9.2	
2009	16	4.8	-47.8%
2010	6	1.8	-61.9%
2011	12	3.7	100.8%
2012	11	3.4	-7.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	6	1.8	
2009	6	1.8	1.1%
2010	6	1.8	1.5%
2011	1	0.3	-83.3%
2012	2	0.6	102.4%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	1.5	
2009	4	1.2	-19.1%
2010	3	0.9	-23.9%
2011	3	0.9	0.4%
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	3	0.9	
2009	6	1.8	102.2%
2010	5	1.5	-15.4%
2011	5	1.5	0.4%
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	153	17.3%
Male	729	82.7%
Total	882	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	5	0.6%
Black	472	53.5%
Native American	3	0.3%
Unknown	2	0.2%
White	400	45.4%
Total	882	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	10	1.1%
Non-Hispanic	863	97.8%
Unknown	9	1.0%
Total	882	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0. %	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	6	0.7%
15 & 16	24	2.7%
17 - 24	474	53.7%
25 - 34	226	25.6%
35 - 44	70	7.9%
45 - 54	67	7.6%
55 - 64	12	1.4%
65 & older	3	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	882	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	376	42.6%
Out of State	285	32.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	221	25.1%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	882	100.0%

MARLBORO COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	214	74.6	
2009	224	77.8	4.4%
2010	218	75.5	-3.0%
2011	149	52.3	-30.7%
2012	224	79.6	52.3%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	137	47.7	
2009	136	47.3	-1.0%
2010	152	52.6	11.4%
2011	102	35.8	-32.0%
2012	146	51.9	45.0%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	46	16.0	
2009	60	20.8	30.1%
2010	25	8.7	-58.5%
2011	20	7.0	-18.9%
2012	16	5.7	-19.0%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	13	4.5	
2009	11	3.8	-15.6%
2010	9	3.1	-18.5%
2011	4	1.4	-55.0%
2012	9	3.2	127.9%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.3	
2009	3	1.0	199.2%
2010	4	1.4	32.8%
2011	6	2.1	52.0%
2012	0	0.0	-100.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	1.7	
2009	2	0.7	-60.1%
2010	5	1.7	149.1%
2011	2	0.7	-59.5%
2012	5	1.8	153.2%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	144	14.0%
Male	885	86.0%
Total	1,029	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	3	0.3%
Black	632	61.4%
Native American	113	11.0%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	281	27.3%
Total	1,029	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	8	0.8%
Non-Hispanic	1,002	97.4%
Unknown	19	1.8%
Total	1,029	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	1	0.1%
15 & 16	10	1.0%
17 - 24	422	41.0%
25 - 34	322	31.3%
35 - 44	152	14.8%
45 - 54	85	8.3%
55 - 64	28	2.7%
65 & older	9	0.9%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	1,029	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	578	56.2%
Out of State	234	22.7%
Reporting Jurisdiction	217	21.1%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	1,029	100.0%

NEWBERRY COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	399	105.5	
2009	360	92.9	-12.0%
2010	327	87.0	-6.3%
2011	408	108.2	24.3%
2012	494	131.5	21.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	226	59.8	
2009	217	56.0	-6.3%
2010	224	59.6	6.5%
2011	246	65.2	9.4%
2012	318	84.6	29.8%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	70	18.5	
2009	71	18.3	-1.0%
2010	32	8.5	-53.5%
2011	81	21.5	152.2%
2012	29	7.7	-64.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Change	Rate	Number	Year
	5.6	21	2008
2.2%	5.7	22	2009
-43.7%	3.2	12	2010
16.3%	3.7	14	2011
-14.0%	3.2	12	2012

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	4	1.1	
2009	3	0.8	-26.8%
2010	3	0.8	3.1%
2011	9	2.4	198.9%
2012	14	3.7	56.2%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	9	2.4	
2009	5	1.3	-45.8%
2010	12	3.2	147.5%
2011	7	1.9	-41.9%
2012	37	9.8	430.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	387	19.5%
Male	1,601	80.5%
Total	1,988	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
A -:	0	0.00/
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	1,187	59.7%
Native American	1	0.1%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	800	40.2%
Total	1,988	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	84	4.2%
Non-Hispanic	1,901	95.6%
Unknown	3	0.2%
Total	1,988	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	26	1.3%
15 & 16	56	2.8%
17 - 24	847	42.6%
25 - 34	519	26.1%
35 - 44	290	14.6%
45 - 54	175	8.8%
55 - 64	60	3.0%
65 & older	15	0.8%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	1,988	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,191	59.9%
Out of State	66	3.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	731	36.8%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	1,988	100.0%

OCONEE COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	465	65.2	
2009	496	69.4	6.3%
2010	568	76.3	10.1%
2011	618	83.0	8.8%
2012	666	89.2	7.5%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	195	27.4	
2009	222	31.0	13.5%
2010	271	36.4	17.3%
2011	289	38.8	6.6%
2012	340	45.6	17.3%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	101	14.2	
2009	67	9.4	-33.9%
2010	67	9.0	-3.9%
2011	49	6.6	-26.9%
2012	39	5.2	-20.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	20	2.8	
2009	21	2.9	4.6%
2010	18	2.4	-17.6%
2011	14	1.9	-22.2%
2012	21	2.8	49.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	40	5.6	
2009	62	8.7	54.5%
2010	56	7.5	-13.2%
2011	55	7.4	-1.8%
2012	36	4.8	-34.7%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	65	9.1	
2009	64	8.9	-1.9%
2010	87	11.7	30.7%
2011	121	16.3	39.1%
2012	107	14.3	-11.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	630	22.4%
Male	2,183	77.6%
Total	2,813	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	897	31.9%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	4	0.1%
White	1,912	68.0%
Total	2,813	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	64	2.3%
Non-Hispanic	2,731	97.1%
Unknown	18	0.6%
Total	2,813	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0 & younger	0	0.0%
9 & younger	•	
10 - 14	23	0.8%
15 & 16	68	2.4%
17 - 24	995	35.4%
25 - 34	855	30.4%
35 - 44	467	16.6%
45 - 54	304	10.8%
55 - 64	80	2.8%
65 & older	20	0.7%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	2,813	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,661	59.0%
Out of State	121	4.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,029	36.6%
Unknown	2	0.1%
Total	2,813	100.0%

ORANGEBURG COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	431	47.7	
2009	437	48.5	1.6%
2010	391	42.3	-12.7%
2011	371	40.4	-4.7%
2012	443	48.4	20.0%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	300	33.2	
2009	309	34.3	3.3%
2010	287	31.1	-9.4%
2011	270	29.4	-5.5%
2012	308	33.7	14.6%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	68	7.5	
2009	51	5.7	-24.8%
2010	48	5.2	-8.2%
2011	46	5.0	-3.7%
2012	60	6.6	31.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	43	4.8	
2009	43	4.8	0.2%
2010	27	2.9	-38.7%
2011	41	4.5	52.6%
2012	50	5.5	22.5%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	5	0.6	
2009	15	1.7	200.7%
2010	16	1.7	4.1%
2011	5	0.5	-68.6%
2012	7	0.8	40.7%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.1	
2009	5	0.6	401.2%
2010	2	0.2	-61.0%
2011	3	0.3	50.7%
2012	8	0.9	167.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	254	12.3%
Male	1,819	87.7%
Total	2,073	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	5	0.2%
Black	1,646	79.4%
Native American	2	0.1%
Unknown	5	0.2%
White	415	20.0%
Total	2,073	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	21	1.0%
Non-Hispanic	2,040	98.4%
Unknown	12	0.6%
Total	2,073	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	26	1.3%
15 & 16	52	2.5%
17 - 24	908	43.8%
25 - 34	652	31.5%
35 - 44	242	11.7%
45 - 54	147	7.1%
55 - 64	40	1.9%
65 & older	5	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	2,073	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,240	59.8%
Out of State	80	3.9%
Reporting Jurisdiction	750	36.2%
Unknown	3	0.1%
Total	2,073	100.0%

PICKENS COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	505	43.2	
2009	558	47.2	9.3%
2010	582	48.8	3.4%
2011	631	52.8	8.1%
2012	712	59.5	12.7%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	310	26.5	
2009	304	25.7	-3.0%
2010	312	26.2	1.7%
2011	291	24.3	-7.0%
2012	335	28.0	15.0%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	30	2.6	
2009	47	4.0	55.0%
2010	20	1.7	-57.8%
2011	41	3.4	104.3%
2012	18	1.5	-56.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	20	1.7	
2009	16	1.4	-20.8%
2010	6	0.5	-62.8%
2011	17	1.4	182.4%
2012	8	0.7	-53.0%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	24	2.1	
2009	30	2.5	23.7%
2010	54	4.5	78.4%
2011	78	6.5	44.0%
2012	104	8.7	33.2%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	42	3.6	
2009	63	5.3	48.4%
2010	72	6.0	13.3%
2011	91	7.6	26.0%
2012	127	10.6	39.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	653	21.9%
Male	2,335	78.1%
Total	2,988	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	7	0.2%
Black	505	16.9%
Native American	2	0.1%
Unknown	9	0.3%
White	2,465	82.5%
Total	2,988	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	57	1.9%
Non-Hispanic	2,917	97.6%
Unknown	14	0.5%
Total	2,988	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	31	1.0%
15 & 16	97	3.2%
17 - 24	1,322	44.2%
25 - 34	785	26.3%
35 - 44	436	14.6%
45 - 54	243	8.1%
55 - 64	60	2.0%
65 & older	4	0.1%
Missing/Age Range	10	0.3%
Total	2,988	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,270	42.5%
Out of State	159	5.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,555	52.0%
Unknown	4	0.1%
Total	2,988	100.0%

RICHLAND COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2,825	77.6	
2009	2,961	79.6	2.6%
2010	2,858	74.1	-6.9%
2011	2,466	63.4	-14.5%
2012	1,515	38.5	-39.3%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2,080	57.1	
2009	2,161	58.1	1.7%
2010	2,155	55.9	-3.8%
2011	1,870	48.1	-14.0%
2012	1,235	31.4	-34.7%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	472	13.0	
2009	522	14.0	8.2%
2010	432	11.2	-20.2%
2011	371	9.5	-14.9%
2012	147	3.7	-60.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	184	5.1	
2009	163	4.4	-13.3%
2010	134	3.5	-20.7%
2011	96	2.5	-29.0%
2012	68	1.7	-30.0%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	32	0.9	
2009	52	1.4	59.0%
2010	62	1.6	15.0%
2011	62	1.6	-0.9%
2012	27	0.7	-57.0%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	11	0.3	
2009	17	0.5	51.2%
2010	35	0.9	98.6%
2011	21	0.5	-40.5%
2012	9	0.2	-57.7%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	2,148	17.0%
Male	10,477	83.0%
Total	12,625	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	42	0.3%
Black	10,071	79.8%
Native American	3	< 0.1%
Unknown	42	0.3%
White	2,467	19.5%
Total	12,625	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	177	1.4%
Non-Hispanic	12,353	97.8%
Unknown	95	0.8%
Total	12,625	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	75	0.6%
15 & 16	220	1.7%
17 - 24	5,456	43.2%
25 - 34	3,954	31.3%
35 - 44	1,625	12.9%
45 - 54	933	7.4%
55 - 64	275	2.2%
65 & older	37	0.3%
Missing/Age Range	50	0.4%
Total	12,625	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	9,906	78.5%
Out of State	328	2.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	2,187	17.3%
Unknown	204	1.6%
Total	12,625	100.0%

SALUDA COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	148	79.5	
2009	127	66.5	-16.3%
2010	107	53.7	-19.3%
2011	134	67.4	25.5%
2012	122	61.3	-9.0%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	105	56.4	
2009	89	46.6	-17.3%
2010	85	42.7	-8.5%
2011	109	54.8	28.5%
2012	92	46.2	-15.6%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2000	21	11.2	
2008	21	11.3	
2009	16	8.4	-25.7%
2010	6	3.0	-64.1%
2011	8	4.0	33.6%
2012	12	6.0	49.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	10	5.4	
2009	8	4.2	-22.0%
2010	4	2.0	-52.1%
2011	5	2.5	25.3%
2012	1	0.5	-80.0%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2	1.1	
2009	5	2.6	143.9%
2010	2	1.0	-61.7%
2011	4	2.0	100.4%
2012	4	2.0	-0.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	5	2.6	NA
2010	6	3.0	15.0%
2011	3	1.5	-49.9%
2012	6	3.0	99.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	123	19.3%
Male	515	80.7%
Total	638	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	0	0.0%
Black	363	56.9%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	1	0.2%
White	274	42.9%
Total	638	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent	
Hispanic	30	4.7%	
Non-Hispanic	608	95.3%	
Unknown	0	0.0%	
Total	638	100.0%	

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	0	0.0%
15 & 16	6	0.9%
17 - 24	255	40.0%
25 - 34	220	34.5%
35 - 44	85	13.3%
45 - 54	60	9.4%
55 - 64	11	1.7%
65 & older	1	0.2%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	638	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	301	47.2%
Out of State	14	2.2%
Reporting Jurisdiction	323	50.6%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	638	100.0%

SPARTANBURG COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2,076	73.9	
2009	1,961	68.4	-7.5%
2010	2,084	73.2	7.0%
2011	1,850	64.5	-11.9%
2012	1,650	57.1	-11.4%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	869	31.0	
2009	930	32.4	4.7%
2010	943	33.1	2.1%
2011	897	31.3	-5.6%
2012	857	29.7	-5.1%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	175	6.2	
2008	152	5.3	-15.0%
2010	173	6.1	14.6%
2011	199	6.9	14.2%
2012	149	5.2	-25.6%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	328	11.7	
2009	305	10.6	-9.0%
2010	344	12.1	13.6%
2011	274	9.6	-20.9%
2012	290	10.0	5.2%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	39	1.4	
2009	48	1.7	20.5%
2010	37	1.3	-22.4%
2011	34	1.2	-8.8%
2012	50	1.7	46.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	21	0.7	
2009	14	0.5	-34.7%
2010	32	1.1	130.2%
2011	56	2.0	73.7%
2012	48	1.7	-14.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	2,129	22.1%
Male	7,492	77.9%
Total	9,621	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	56	0.6%
Black	4,837	50.3%
Native American	8	0.1%
Unknown	4	< 0.1%
White	4,716	49.0%
Total	9,621	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	227	2.4%
Non-Hispanic	9,375	97.4%
Unknown	19	0.2%
Total	9,621	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	15	0.2%
15 & 16	90	0.9%
17 - 24	3,366	35.0%
25 - 34	2,966	30.8%
35 - 44	1,724	17.9%
45 - 54	1,088	11.3%
55 - 64	311	3.2%
65 & older	49	0.5%
Missing/Age Range	12	0.1%
Total	9,621	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	6,448	67.0%
Out of State	652	6.8%
Reporting Jurisdiction	2,510	26.1%
Unknown	11	0.1%
Total	9,621	100.0%

SUMTER COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	401	38.5	
2009	521	49.9	29.5%
2010	394	36.6	-26.5%
2011	368	34.2	-6.5%
2012	722	66.8	95.1%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	245	23.5	
2009	357	34.2	45.2%
2010	285	26.5	-22.4%
2011	241	22.4	-15.4%
2012	515	47.7	112.5%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	62	6.0	
2009	60	5.7	-3.5%
2010	38	3.5	-38.5%
2011	49	4.6	29.1%
2012	97	9.0	96.9%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	25	2.4	
2009	22	2.1	-12.3%
2010	10	0.9	-55.8%
2011	11	1.0	10.1%
2012	38	3.5	243.6%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.1	
2009	13	1.2	1195.7%
2010	1	0.1	-92.5%
2011	15	1.4	1401.3%
2012	18	1.7	19.3%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	0	0.0	NA
2010	1	0.1	NA
2011	0	0.0	-100.0%
2012	1	0.1	NA

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	319	13.3%
Male	2,087	86.7%
Total	2,406	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	2	0.1%
Black	1,840	76.5%
Native American	1	< 0.1%
Unknown	0	0.0%
White	563	23.4%
Total	2,406	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	30	1.2%
Non-Hispanic	2,374	98.7%
Unknown	2	0.1%
Total	2,406	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	16	0.7%
15 & 16	103	4.3%
17 - 24	1,060	44.1%
25 - 34	662	27.5%
35 - 44	289	12.0%
45 - 54	226	9.4%
55 - 64	47	2.0%
65 & older	1	< 0.1%
Missing/Age Range	2	0.1%
Total	2,406	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,991	82.8%
Out of State	145	6.0%
Reporting Jurisdiction	268	11.1%
Unknown	2	0.1%
Total	2,406	100.0%

UNION COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	267	96.5	
2009	389	142.2	47.3%
2010	337	116.6	-18.0%
2011	359	125.2	7.3%
2012	392	138.8	10.8%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	137	49.5	
2009	173	63.2	27.7%
2010	164	56.8	-10.2%
2011	195	68.0	19.8%
2012	213	75.4	10.9%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	53	19.2	
2009	104	38.0	98.4%
2010	74	25.6	-32.6%
2011	63	22.0	-14.2%
2012	42	14.9	-32.3%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	12	4.3	
2009	25	9.1	110.7%
2010	9	3.1	-65.9%
2011	11	3.8	23.2%
2012	23	8.1	112.3%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	37	13.4	
2009	53	19.4	44.9%
2010	70	24.2	25.1%
2011	48	16.7	-30.9%
2012	58	20.5	22.7%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
	_		
2008	2	0.7	
2009	5	1.8	152.8%
2010	10	3.5	89.4%
2011	25	8.7	151.9%
2012	29	10.3	17.8%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	361	20.7%
Male	1,383	79.3%
Total	1,744	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.1%
Black	874	50.1%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	2	0.1%
White	867	49.7%
Total	1,744	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	6	0.3%
Non-Hispanic	1,674	96.0%
Unknown	64	3.7%
Total	1,744	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
0.0.	0	0.00/
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	12	0.7%
15 & 16	29	1.7%
17 - 24	669	38.4%
25 - 34	518	29.7%
35 - 44	286	16.4%
45 - 54	165	9.5%
55 - 64	57	3.3%
65 & older	8	0.5%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	1,744	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	1,298	74.4%
Out of State	21	1.2%
Reporting Jurisdiction	425	24.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	1,744	100.0%

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	131	37.3	
2009	166	48.2	29.1%
2010	103	30.0	-37.8%
2011	154	45.2	50.7%
2012	147	43.7	-3.2%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	74	21.1	
2009	106	30.8	45.9%
2010	66	19.2	-37.6%
2011	100	29.3	52.7%
2012	92	27.4	-6.7%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
• • • • •		10.0	
2008	35	10.0	
2009	29	8.4	-15.6%
2010	16	4.7	-44.7%
2011	24	7.0	51.2%
2012	21	6.2	-11.3%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	15	4.3	
2009	13	3.8	-11.7%
2010	8	2.3	-38.3%
2011	11	3.2	38.6%
2012	13	3.9	19.8%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1	0.3	
2009	1	0.3	1.9%
2010	0	0.0	-100.0%
2011	4	1.2	NA
2012	6	1.8	52.1%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	0	0.0	
2009	0	0.0	NA
2010	0	0.0	NA
2011	1	0.3	NA
2012	3	0.9	204.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate from one year to the next. A percent change cannot be calculated from a starting point of zero.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	92	13.1%
Male	609	86.9%
Total	701	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
Asian	1	0.1%
Black	554	79.0%
Native American	0	0.0%
Unknown	1	0.1%
White	145	20.7%
Total	701	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	1	0.1%
Non-Hispanic	674	96.1%
Unknown	26	3.7%
Total	701	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	7	1.0%
15 & 16	17	2.4%
17 - 24	242	34.5%
25 - 34	256	36.5%
35 - 44	96	13.7%
45 - 54	54	7.7%
55 - 64	25	3.6%
65 & older	4	0.6%
Missing/Age Range	0	0.0%
Total	701	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	384	54.8%
Out of State	16	2.3%
Reporting Jurisdiction	301	42.9%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Total	701	100.0%

YORK COUNTY

Five Year Trends

Drug Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	2,081	95.7	
2009	1,807	79.6	-16.8%
2010	1,854	81.7	2.6%
2011	1,670	72.4	-11.3%
2012	1,940	82.7	14.1%

Cannabis Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	1,457	67.0	
2009	1,285	56.6	-15.5%
2010	1,317	58.0	2.5%
2011	1,150	49.9	-14.0%
2012	1,337	57.0	14.2%

Cocaine (Crack) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	283	13.0	
2009	243	10.7	-17.7%
2010	191	8.4	-21.4%
2011	171	7.4	-11.9%
2012	183	7.8	5.1%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Cocaine (Powder) Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	115	5.3	
2009	79	3.5	-34.2%
2010	71	3.1	-10.1%
2011	64	2.8	-11.3%
2012	57	2.4	-12.5%

Opiate Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	64	2.9	
2009	74	3.3	10.8%
2010	101	4.5	36.5%
2011	110	4.8	7.2%
2012	136	5.8	21.5%

Stimulant Arrest Trend

Year	Number	Rate	Change
2008	13	0.6	
2009	16	0.7	17.9%
2010	36	1.6	125.0%
2011	37	1.6	1.2%
2012	51	2.2	35.4%

Notes: Arrest rate is expressed per 10,000. Change represents the change in arrest rate

from one year to the next.

Drug Arrests by Sex

Sex	Number	Percent
Female	1,751	18.7%
Male	7,601	81.3%
Total	9,352	100.0%

Drug Arrests by Race

Race	Number	Percent
A ·	40	0.40/
Asian	42	0.4%
Black	3,936	42.1%
Native American	8	0.1%
Unknown	31	0.3%
White	5,335	57.0%
Total	9,352	100.0%

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Hispanic	204	2.2%
Non-Hispanic	9,072	97.0%
Unknown	76	0.8%
Total	9,352	100.0%

Age	Number	Percent
9 & younger	0	0.0%
10 - 14	106	3.5%
15 & 16	413	13.8%
17 - 24	4,264	142.7%
25 - 34	2,433	81.4%
35 - 44	1,227	41.1%
45 - 54	713	23.9%
55 - 64	169	5.7%
65 & older	26	0.9%
Missing/Age Range	1	< 0.1%
Total	9,352	313.0%

Drug Arrests by Arrestee Residence

Residence	Number	Percent
In State, Not in Jurisdiction	6,764	72.3%
Out of State	1,183	12.6%
Reporting Jurisdiction	1,382	14.8%
Unknown	23	0.2%
Total	9,352	100.0%

SUMMARY

The rates for most statewide indicators of the legal system's response to illegal drug activity declined from 2008 to 2012. During that time, the total drug arrest rate decreased 7.9%, the marijuana arrest rate decreased 0.2%, the combined cocaine arrest rate decreased 44.7%, the crack cocaine arrest rate decreased 46.7% and the powder cocaine arrest rate decreased 41.2%. Although the arrest rate for stimulants increased 181.3% and the arrest rate for opiates increased 52.0% during that same time period, together these two drug categories were relatively minor contributors to the overall volume (8.9%) of drug arrests. Following the general pattern of declining indicators of response to illegal drug activity, from FY 09 to FY 13 the number of probation admissions involving drug offenses decreased 17.3% and the number of inmate commitments involving drug offenses decreased 28.1%.

Marijuana appears to be the illicit drug of choice in South Carolina by a large margin, based both on arrest counts and NSDUH estimates. Arrests involving marijuana accounted for 65.9% of drug arrests from 2008 to 2012. NSDUH findings identified marijuana as the most often used illicit substance and indicated that 11.51% of the state's population twelve years of age and older used marijuana in 2012. The choice for the state's second ranking drug of preference is not as clear-cut. Cocaine (including both crack cocaine and the powder form) was the second most frequently reported illicit substance associated with drug arrests, accounting for 20.6% of drug arrests during the five year time period. However, NSDUH estimates indicated that the frequency of the non-medical use of pain relievers was higher than the frequency of cocaine use in South Carolina. According to NSDUH, an estimated 5.04% of the population twelve years of age and older used pain relievers for non-medical purposes in 2012, compared to 1.69% of the over twelve population reporting cocaine use that same year. Other illicit substances accounted for much smaller proportions of drug arrests. Arrests for opiates accounted for 4.7% of total drug arrests, stimulants (primarily amphetamine and methamphetamine) accounted for 4.2% of total drug arrests, while depressants and hallucinogens each accounted for less than 1% of total drug arrests.

As a demographic characteristic, age figured prominently among the findings. Young adults constituted a high risk population for drug arrests and self-reported drug use. They also represented the highest risk group for commitment to community correctional supervision for drug offenses and incarceration for drug offenses. Young adults from seventeen to twenty-four years of age accounted for 40.8% of drug arrests, 25.6% of inmate drug admissions and 27.3% of probation admissions involving drugs. Young adults from eighteen to twenty-five self-reported higher levels of use for marijuana, cocaine, non-medical pain relievers and other illicit drugs than any other age group according to the NSDUH findings. Similarly, the twenty-five to thirty-four year old age group comprised 28.9% of drug arrests, 42.9% of inmate drug admissions and 37.6% of probation drug admissions. Juveniles, by way of contrast, accounted for only 13.9% of drug arrests and twelve to seventeen year olds self-reported much lower levels of illegal drug use than young adults.

Males greatly outnumbered females in every reported category of indicators of illegal drug activity. Males accounted for 81.6% of total drug arrests and had a drug arrest rate

368% higher than females. Males accounted for 84.6% of marijuana arrests, 85.6% of cocaine arrests, 85.6% of crack cocaine arrests and 85.6% of powder cocaine arrests, 69.5% of opiate arrests and 68.5% of stimulant arrests. This same pattern of male overrepresentation was found among both corrections and community corrections admissions. From FY 09 to FY 13, males accounted for 80.2% of probation admissions for drug offenses and 89.1% of prison admissions for drug offenses.

Minority racial groups were overrepresented on several counts. Blacks accounted for 52.8% of total drug arrests and the drug arrest rate among Non-Whites was 140.2% higher than the drug arrest rate for Whites. Similarly Blacks accounted for 55.8% of drug probation admissions and 67.5% of inmate drug admissions. The arrest rates among Non-Whites were higher than the arrest rates among Whites for marijuana, cocaine, crack cocaine, and powder cocaine related offenses. However the findings also included some departures from this overall pattern of racial minority overrepresentation. Whites accounted for 77.1% of opiate arrests and the opiate arrest rate among Whites was 65% higher than the opiate arrest rate among Non-Whites. Whites accounted for 92.5% of those arrested for stimulants and the arrest rate for stimulants among Whites was 466.7% higher than the stimulant arrest rate among Non-Whites.

Hispanics were underrepresented among most indicators of illegal drug use. Hispanics accounted for 2.3% of total drug arrests and the drug arrest rate among Hispanics was 35.4% lower than the total drug arrest rate among Non-Hispanics. This pattern of lower arrest rates held true for drug arrests involving marijuana, cocaine, opiates and stimulants. However, the findings revealed an interesting variation from this pattern of Hispanic under-representation concerning arrests for powder cocaine. Although the cocaine (combining crack and powder) arrest rate for Hispanics was lower than the cocaine arrest rate for Non-Hispanics, the arrest rate among Hispanics for powder cocaine was 77.6% higher than the arrest rate for Non-Hispanics. Another noteworthy finding is that the powder cocaine arrest rate among Hispanics was 443.8% higher than the crack cocaine arrest rate among Hispanics. This finding is even more remarkable in light of the fact that when looking at age, sex, race and ethnicity, the only other demographic sub-population for whom arrests for powder cocaine were more frequent than arrest rates for crack cocaine was Whites. Among Whites, the powder cocaine arrest rate was only 16% higher than the crack cocaine arrest rate. In considering these findings however, it is important to be mindful that the total number of cocaine arrests involving Hispanics from 2008 to 2012 was relatively small (1,166).

It is difficult to characterize the findings related to the geographical distribution of illegal drug indicators in a meaningful way, although there are some county findings worth noting. Commercial drug arrest rates were highest and lowest among the less populous counties. Among the counties with the ten highest commercial drug arrest rates, all had fewer than 75,000 residents and five counties had populations of less than 35,000 residents. Among the counties with the lowest commercial drug arrest rates, the bottom eight counties had less than 75,000 residents with seven of the eight having less than 35,000 residents. Arrests for stimulants were disproportionately concentrated in the northwest corner of the state. Anderson, Greenville, Oconee and Pickens counties

accounted for 43.7% of all stimulant arrests in the state in 2012, while those counties accounted for only 18% of the state's population. However, analysis of overall drug arrests, incarceration and probation sentences provided no other readily discernable geographic patterns. The five year trends and the data tables profiling drug offenders at the county level are likely most useful as a means of better understanding the nature and extent of illegal drug activity within each of the counties. The county level profiles and trends may also be used toward good end as a pointer system, identifying logical starting points for additional, more in-depth analysis towards a better understanding of illegal drug activity in a specific county.

Perhaps the most important finding concerning indicators of illegal drug activity is the sheer volume of the numbers involved at the state level. From FY 09 to FY 13, 11,431 inmates were incarcerated for offenses involving drugs for an annual average of 2,286 admissions to prison. During that same time period, 19,763 offenders were sentenced to probation supervision for offenses involving drugs for an annual average of 3,953 probation admissions. Additionally, a total of 101,914 drug tests were administered to offenders under community correctional supervision, of which 38,719 detected the presence of one or more illegal drugs for an annual average of 7,744 positive drug test results. From 2008 to 2012, 177,827 arrests were made for offenses involving drugs for an annual average of 35,565 arrests. As impressive as the volume of those indicators of response to illegal drug activity may seem, they are dwarfed by the NSDUH estimates of illicit drug use among the population. According to NSDUH estimates, 447,000 South Carolinians twelve years of age or older, or 11.51%, used marijuana at some point during 2012. An estimated total of 345,000 South Carolinians twelve years of age or older, or 8.90%, reported using illicit drugs in the past month during 2012. Self-reported illicit drug use levels were particularly high among young adults, with 30.67% of eighteen to twenty-five year olds in South Carolina reporting marijuana use during 2012. With these self-report estimates pointing to such widespread use, it is difficult to avoid the conclusion that despite extensive use of criminal sanctions (arrest, probation and incarceration) in response to illegal drug activity, the overall risk of apprehension and punishment for illicit drug use is low.

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